Mitsubishi Motors may sign deal

with Hindustan TOKYO, Sept 18: Japan's

Mitsubishi Motors Corp plans to provide Hindustan Motors Ltd of India with technology to produce it stancer model, a local economic daily said yesterday, reports AFP. The two companies are

now in the final stage of the feasibility study for the plan. and expected to sign a deal by the end of this year, the Nihon Keizai Shimbun said.

The plan will involve the production of 5,000 units of the 1500-CC model in 1997, the paper said, adding that output is likely to be boosted to 30,000 units in a few

Mitsubishi's move will follow a recent decision by Honda Motor Co, another Japanese carmaker, to set up a joint venture in India for car production.

Hindustan, the maker of Ambassador cars, has also decided to produce the 2000-CC astra car in a joint venture with Adam Opel AG, the European subsidiary of General Motors Corp of the United States.

US dollar up in Tokyo

TOKYO, Sept 18: The US dollar traded higher against the Japanese yen Monday morning, reports AP.

The dollar's strength followed its surge to a 15month high against the yen in New York on Friday in reaction to remarks by US German and Japanese officials, who expressed support for a strong dollar, traders

By late morning, the dollar was changing hands at 104.20 yen up 1.38 yen from late Thursday and also higher than its level late Friday in New York of 104.07 yen.

Japanese foreign exchange, stock and other financial markets were closed Friday for a national holiday.

The late morning level was lower than the 104.46 it had hit earlier in the morning. Traders attributed the slide to profit-taking, but said the dollar could continue ris-

They noted that US, German and Japanese officials in recent days have all expressed support for taking the dollar higher against the yen. They also noted that Japan's central bank, the Bank of Japan, bought dollars over the weekend.

Move to cement trade ties

EU-Mediterranean nations meet by November end

BRUSSELS, Sept 18: The European Union is casting its eyes towards most points of the compass as it tries to set itself a clear path into the coming century, reports Reuter.

Like a frenzied juggler trying to keep some 40 balls aloft at the same time, the EU is negotiating its future ties with the United States, Latin America and the countries on its eastern frontiers.

It is also about to embark on an ambitious attempt to cement relations with the countries ringing to the Mediterranean and has set its sights on building new links with Asia

In all, the 15-nation EU is in various stages of talks covering trade and cooperation to defence with at least 40 countries at the same time. Negotiations with poten-

tial EU members Poland Hungary, Romani, Bulgaria, The Czech Republic, Slovakia, Lithuania, Latvia and Estonia are advancing at a steady pace.

Russia has won a tariffcutting deal with the EU after months of delay because of the fighting in Chechnya, and a broader partnership and cooperation deal should be ratified in the next few months.

To deal with a range of security and trade issues along its southern flank, the EU has convened a conference with 12 non-member

Mediterranean nations at the

This highly ambitious gambit, viewed with suspicion by some participants who see it as having more to do with serving EU security interests than the economic needs of the region, has the avowed aim of creating a Euro-Mediterranean freetrade area early next century.

Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Malta, Morocco, the Palestinian autonomous territories, Syria, Tunisia and Turkey will all take part.

The EU has offered 4.6 billion European currency units (6 billion dollars) in aid to the region over the next five years, but disgruntled diplomats point out that this is less than the total the countries already receive inbilateral accords.

They also fear that the EU, itself divided between north and south in its attitudes to both economic and security approaches to the Mediterranean, will blunder when it comes to dealing with intricate and nuanced relations in the Middle East - especially at such a crucial time in the peace process.

The bloc is also about to set about deepening its ties with South Africa.

At the same time as trying to branch out to its south, the EU is also taking a fresh look at its relations with Argentina, Brazil, Paraguay and

Both of these series of talks have as their ultimate goal the creation of a freetrade area for the next cen-

The EU is also reviewing its relations with Chile and Cuba. Turning east, the EU is adapting and developing its relations with Japan and has begun to make gentle overtures to China.

Next March, the EU will take part in its first summit with the members of the Association of Southeast Asia

southward gambits, the EU hope to enhance its trade, political and security links with the increasingly powerful Asian states and at the same time cement its own

As if all these compasspoint talks were not enough, they are taking part at the same time as the EU is starting to go through the process of reviewing its own internal relations.

This extended period of navel-gazing during the openended review of the Masstricht Treaty which formally starts next year is likely to make delaying with the EU over the next few vears an even more existential experience than normal.

govt services COLOMBO, Sept 18: A strike by more than 10,000 government employees Monday paralyzed many state services, including railroad trains, ports and telecommunications, officials said, reports AP.

Council (PECC) in Beijing

next week, a trade official

Lin Yi-Fu, Director General

of the Board of Foreign

Trade, said he will attend the

PECC meeting from

was a routine activity re-

quired for a member of an

international organisation

and was not an issue in the

current restrained relations

Employees' strike

in Lanka hits

between China and Taipei.

He said his attendance

September 27 to 29.

said Monday, reports AFP.

"All trains stopped running at noon", said GB Wickrematilleke, a railroad officials.

The three-day strike has been called by the Technical Services Trade Unions Federation to press its demand for wage hike and a special status for technical services in the government. The strike also hit work in

weather forecasting, irrigation, agriculture and local government offices.

Japan welcomes dollar's gain against yen

TOKYO, Sept 18: Japan's Chief Cabinet Secretary Koken Nosaka on Monday welcomed the dollar's recent gains against the ven but said the Japanese government would like to see the US currency appreciate further, reports AFP. "I think 108 yen is a yard

stick," the official government spokesman told a news conference. "The trade minister says 108 yen is the break-even point for small and medium-sized compa-

The dollar has surged to its highest level in 15 months in recent weeks, and briefly touched 104.50 yen in morning trading to Tokyo Monday.

Tomio Tsutsumi, Vice Minister at the International Trade and Industry Ministry, later said the exchange rates will be still in the process of

"We have not set a target, but we can say that the yen is still in a turnaround against the dollar," he told a regular news conference, denying that Trade Minister Ryutaro Hashimoto wanted to see the dollar at 108 yen.

"There have been reports earlier that Chief Cabinet Secretary Nosaka wants the dollar at 108 ven, but 108 yen was simply the breakeven point for small and midsized companies according to our research," Tsutsumi said.

Workers' strike to protest high food prices in Philippines

MANILA, Sept 18: Thou sands of workers went on strike Monday in what was seen as a prelude to massive protests against high food prices and an impending increase in oil prices, says AP. At 6 am (2200 GMT

Sunday), stevedores stopped loading and unloading cargo at the Port of Manila.

Hours later, other workers, along with passenger jeep, truck and taxi drivers gathered in different points of the capital for protest marches despite rain.

At least 11 groups of workers and drivers calling themselves the Task Force National Protest were partic ipating in the mass action. and similar strikes planned in other cities.

The main group of protesters planned to march in Manila's busy financial district, and others were to picket the Supreme Court before converging near the presidential palace in the afternoon.

Angry protesters asked whether the current situation was 'the best,' referring to President Fidel Ramos's oftrepeated promise to Filipinos that "the best is yet to come."

Despite Ramos' order to flood the market with inexpensive imported rice, retail prices have not gone down.

Pak govt withdraws customs duty on newsprint import

ISLAMABAD, Sept 18: The Pakistani government announced concessions on newsprint import on Sunday in what appeared to be Prime Minister, Benazir Bhutto's bid to appease a protesting newspaper industry, reports

"The government had decided to totally withdraw (10 per cent) customs duty on the import of newsprint as well as to reduce sales tax on newsprint to 12 per cent (from 15 per cent)," Information and Broadcasting Minister Khalid Ahmad Kharal said

in a statement.

There was no immediate response from the newspapers, which had called off a planned strike on September 3 after Bhutto promised them tax relief on the imported newsprint.

Kharal said Bhutto had decided to withdraw the customs duty and reduce the sales tax "despite various pressures and economic hardships only out of her commitment to help develop a healthy and vibrant press in the country."

The newspapers had de-

pounds) each set this year.

He said the cotton culti-

vating area shot up after the

government allowed free im-

port and export of cotton.

This "encouraged" farmers to

switch over to cotton from

world's largest cotton pro-

ducers, faced shortages of

cotton for the third consecu-

tive year last year, because of

bales against the target of

11.5 million bales last year,

forcing the country to import

700,000 bales of cotton from

the United States, Turk-

Pakistan one of the

It produced 8.6 million

sugarcane, he added.

pest and virus attacks.

manded a total withdrawal of the customs duty and sales tax to offset high newsprint

prices. Bhutto had first rejected the demand, but she told a deputation of newspaper owners on September 2 that her government would "help the newspaper industry as far as possible within the framework of its taxation reform

package. The call for a strike on September 3 was the latest in a series of developments of unease between Bhutto's government on the one side and the newspaper industry.

A similar one-day newspaper strike was called off in July after the government bowed to protests and lifted a six-day-old ban on six Urdulanguage evening newspapers in the violence plagued port city of Karachi.

The journalists held countrywide demonstrations on Sunday to protest at sackings and forced retirements of several journalists in the state-run news agency.

Last month, police in Karachi raided the office of the outspoken English-language monthly Newsline and the home of its editor, provoking protests from journal-

Kharal said on Sunday he hoped that after being "relived of one major worry," Pakistani newspapers would "now concentrate more fully on promoting a democratic culture in the country through honest and respon-

menistan and Uzbekistan to meet the demand of its big textile industry. sible journalism."

US dollar's rise is easing tion, said Tao, Vice-Director China's foreign-debt burden and increasing the value of its reserves and offers an opportunity to devalue China's currency, a senior Chinese banking official said, reports Reuter.

after plunging below 80 yen in April.

Because the state, companies and individuals in China hold most of their foreign-exchange assets in US dollars, a firmer dollar increases their value. Sunday's China Daily quoted senior Bank of China official Tao Limin as saying.

A higher dollar also eases

of the International Finance Research Institute at China's main trade finance bank. Most of China's foreign-

exchange income is in US dollars, which it must swap to repay foreign debts in other currencies, the staterun newspaper said in its business weekly edition. Tao said the dollar's ap-

preciation provided an opportunity for the devaluation of the renminbi yuan, China's currency.

He gave no details of the magnitude, timing or method for such a devaluation, which could make China's surging exports even more competitive and further swell its trade-surplus.

the yuan at 8.3194 to the dollar on Saturday, up from 8.7 on January 1, 1994, when dual exchange rates for the Chinese unit were unified. Helped in part by the fall

of the dollar, to which the yuan is loosely pegged, China's trade surplus has soared in 1995. In the first eight months

the surplus amounted to 15.28 billion dollars, up from just 100 million dollars in the same 1994 period.

The government and mare for banks have been doing forward and spot trading of foreign exchange and trading currency options as a hedge against abrupt rate fluctuations but many domestic firms are not used to taking The central bank quoted such measures. Tao said.

ADB satisfied with Cambodia's basic economic policies

Board members from the Asian Development Bank (ADB) left Cambodia this weekend impressed with the government's financial rigour after more than two decades of civil war, reports AFP.

"We were quite impressed with (the government) basic economic policies, fiscal polices and attempts at expenditure control," said Julian Payne, the board's Executive Director overseeing the ADB's contributions from five northern. European and Scandinavian countries Payne and the other direc-

tors were in Cambodia on a week-long fact-finding mission on the problems Cambodia faces in redeveloping after decades of war. "Generally, even before we

came.... there was a great deal of sympathy, support and understanding of the difficult situation Cambodia has been through in the last 30 years,' Payne said before the delegation left Saturday. "The needs of this country

are so great that there cer tainly is not going to be

agencies and international donors to do everything," he

and the mobilisation of its domestic resources," he said. The key to attracting and

keeping foreign investors was to increase educational standards and maintain a secure and stable environment, he

He warned that Cambodia needed to make sure rural development kept pace with urban development which was expanding rapidly in the capital, the southern port of Sihanoukville and the northern town of Siem Reap.

largest institutional lender, has loaned Cambodia nearly 100 million dollars since it fore the 1993 elections.

So far this year the ADB has announced a series of loan agreements with Phnom Penh worth more than 150 million dollars over the next two years.



conference in New Delhi on September 12 to announce the company's plan to build a new plant near New Delhi to manufacture its 1.3-1.5 litre engine Civic model. Commercial production is expected to begin by 1997 with an initial capacity of 10,000 cars yearly.

AFP/UNB photo

PHNOM PENH, Sept 18: enough money from aid marked for agriculture and rural development, transport. education, energy and health and is to be repaid over 40 years including a 10-year grace period at a one-per

> cent charge. That amount does not include outright grants for technical assistance expected to reach 55 million dollars.

Should Cambodia's situation continue to improve and it is able to keep up its minimum 20 per cent match required for the bank's low-interest loans, the ADB may increase its commitment to the country beginning in 1996.

IMF praises Cambodian economy

PHNOM PENH, Sept 18: The International Monetary Fund (IMF) expects Cambodia's economy to remain stable for the rest of the year. with low inflation and 'favourable' progress on growth and in implementing financial legislation, reports Reuter.

By the end of the year we expect to see continuing low inflation, continued improvements in macro-economic policies and favourable trends in economic growth." said Joshua Charap, IMF's representative in Cambodia.

On a broad level the economy is stable. Inflation has come down to an annual rate under 10 per cent and the exchange rate is relatively stable. As far as we are concerned, the IMF programme is on track!" Charap told Reuters in a weekend interview. He said the IMF remained

hopeful for Cambodia's future, and that hopes underscored by the fact that the executive board of the IMF last Friday approved the second annual arrangement" of its loan agreement with Cambodia.

The IMF approved a three year loan to Cambodia in May 1994 worth about 120 million US dollar for financial assistance, of which about 40 million US dollar has been disbursed.

Directorate General Defence Purchase Ministry of Defence New Airport Road, Tejgaon, Dhaka-1215 **Tender Notice**

Sealed tenders are invited in local currency from bonafide Manufacturers/Suppliers/Dealers (Enlistment with DGDP is not necessary) for supply of Cover outer 1200x18 (12 PR) for 5 ton Trk dumper Qty-30.

Civil Aviation Authority

of Bangladesh

Corrigendum

dated 31/8/95 for the work "Construction of

residential quarters (SH: Construction of Rickshaw

Road from Askona Road to Housing approach Road

at the East side of Railway line) at ZIA, Kurmitola,

Dhaka. Due to unavoidable circumstance the date of

receiving tender for the above mentioned work has

been extended up to 27/9/95 instead of 17/9/95.

All other terms and conditions will remain

The tender notice published in the Dainik Bangla

Kurmitola, Dhaka

2. Tender schedule with detail specifications will be available on payment of Taka 50.00 (Not refundable) from 23-9-95 to 17-10-95 on any working day between 0800 hours to 1300 hours . The tender will be opened on 18-10-95 at 1000 hours in presence of all tenderers (if any).

ISPR/MIS/95/1521 DFP-22372-14/9 G-1366

D-900

unchanged.

G-1370

DFP-22687-17/9

Lt Col For Director General

Biman BANGLADESH AIRLINES

ঢাকএমপি/০৯৭/৯৫/৭৮৩ ১৬ সেপ্টেম্বর, ১৯৯৫

Executive Engineer

CAAB, Kurmitola, Dhaka

Civil Division-II

সংশোধনী বিজ্ঞপ্তি

গত ১৬ই আগস্ট '৯৫ তে বাংলাদেশের বিভিন্ন স্থানীয় সংবাদপত্তে প্রকাশিত বিমানের একটি ডিসি–১০ উড়োজাহাজের ডি–চেক সংক্রান্ত আন্তর্জাতিক টেন্ডার বিজ্ঞান্তি নং ঢাকডিই/১৫/১০/৯৫ এবং অনুচ্ছেদ (৩) এ টেভার গ্রহণের শেষ ভারিথ এবং টেভার খোলার ভারিথ তরা আষ্টাবর '৯৫ দেখালো হয়েছে। কিন্তু তরা অটোবর দূর্ণাপূজার জন্য সরকারী ছুটি থাকায় টেন্ডার গ্রহণের শেষ তারিখ এবং টেভার খোলার তারিখ ৩ অটোবরের পরিবর্তে ৪ অটোবর হবে। উল্লেখিত সময় অপরিবর্তিত থাকবে।

থক্কার ইফতেখার আহমদ গ্ৰুপ ক্যাপ্টেন পরিচালক প্রকৌশল

Asian stock markets close mixed

HONG KONG, Sept 18: prices slumping in Tokyo because traders were disappointed with planned government measures to boost the Japanese economy, re-

ports AP. Tokyo's key 225-issue Nikkei Stock Average closed down 439.39 points, or 2.34 per cent, at 18,319.16. On Thursday, the average had gained 144.29 points, or 0.78

per cent Financial markets were closed in Japan on Friday for a national holiday.

The Tokyo Stock Price Index of all issues listed on the first section, which had gained 12.16 points Thursday, slipped 20.52 points, or

1.4 per cent, to 1,460.55. Traders said the economic package, under which the government will reportedly authorize about 10 trillion yen (96 billion dollars) of spending, already had been taken into account in buying

last week. In Hong Kong, share prices closed mixed after three straight days of gains.

The Hang Seng Index, the Hong Kong market's key indicator of blue chips, fell 27.35 points, or 0.3 per cent. closing at 9,770.05. On Friday, the index had climbed

117 points. Brokers said there was selective profit-taking in blue chips after recent sharp

Japan's Daiwa Bank to open office in Manila

MANILA, Sept 18: Japan's Daiwa Bank will open a representative office here following the approval of its application by the Philippine Monetary Board, the central bank said Monday, reports

Daiwa Bank, based in Osaka, Japan, has commercial relations with major Philippine companies, central bank governor Gabriel Sing-Daiwa is among eight

set up branches, affiliates and

representative offices in the

They said Sunday's legisla-Asian stock markets closed tive elections, the last to be mixed Monday, with share held in Hong Kong before China takes over the territory in 1997, had no impact on the market.

China has said it will dissolve the legislature in 1997 because the elections were held despite Chinese objections over the pace of expanding democracy in Hong Kong.

WELLINGTON: New NZSE-40 Capital Index rose

6.18 points to 2,130.48. 5,040.15 after Saturday's 32-

MANILA: Share prices closed mixed as buying was focused on second-line iscomposite index of 41 selected issues fell 1.69 points to 2.775.74.

SEOUL: Share prices closed higher in brisk trading. The Korea Composite points to 1,000.21.

prices closed almost flat positive leads. The All Ordinaries Index rose 0.3 point to 2,166.0.

closed lower in thin, lackluster trading. The 30-share Straits Times Industrials Index fell 23.75 points to 2,115.92. LUMPUR: KUALA Malaysian share prices closed

mixed in thin trading. The

KLSE Composite Index rose

1.98 points to 995.51. BANGKOK: Share prices closed generally lower, but a flurry of bargain hunting in blue chips helped the key index finish slightly higher. The Stock Exchange of Thailand Index rose 0.59 point to 1.338.21.

JAKARTA: The stock ex-

change's Composite Index fell 1.114 points, closing at 494.209.

difficult to find.

Taiwan will send trade official to PECC meet TAIPEI, Sept 18: Taiwan will send its top trade official to a meeting of the Pacific Economic Cooperation

Pakistan may produce 9.6 m bales of cotton this year of 170 kilograms (374

KARACHI, Sept 18: Pakistan, after three successive crop losses, expects to produce more than 9.6 million bales of cotton this year, Agriculture Minister Yousuf Talpur said here yesterday, reports AFP.

Talpur told AFP that the crop area increased this year by 21 per cent and cotton was cultivated on a total of 6.5 million acres. The increase will neu-

tralise the "slight damage" caused by torrential rains and monsoon floods in the cotton growing regions of southern Sindh and central Punjab provinces this year, he added.

Talpur was confident that the government would produce 9.6 million bales against the target of 9.5 million bales

China gains from stronger dollar BEIJING. Sept 18: The rose with the yen's apprecia-

On Friday, the dollar reached a 15-month high of 104 yen in European markets

China's debt burden, which

"Cambodia must also rely on direct foreign investment

The ADB. Cambodia's

arrived in Phnom Penh be-

The money has been ear-

Munekuni addresses journalists during a press

son said in a statement. Japanese banks which have

Philippines, he said.

end of November.

Uruguay which form the fledgling Mercosur trade bloc, and is about to embark on negotiations with Mexico.

Nations. As with its westward and

status in the world.

The chairmen of Germany's biggest car manufacturers, Helmut Werner (Mercedes Beng), Bernd Pischetrieder (BMW) and Ferdinand Piech (Volkswagen AG) (L to R), join a press conference on September 13 at the IAA, one day before its official opening. - AFP/UNB photo

Zealand share prices closed higher in quiet trading, with brokers expecting the market to remain subdued as it has over recent days. The

TAIPEI: Share prices closed higher in light trading, boosted by buying in electronic issues. The market's Weighted Price Index rose 77.61 points to

point loss. sues. The Philippines' unified

Stock Price Index rose 4.64 SYDNEY: Australian share with investors seen cautious after a selloff in the Japanese market and a lack of fresh

SINGAPORE: Share prices

Inexpensive sugar is also