

**Pakistan to import urea**

ISLAMABAD, Sept 12: Pakistan would import 10,000 tons of urea to meet urea shortage in the country, said State Minister for Parliamentary Affairs Makhdoom Qureshi yesterday, reports AFP.

Speaking at a meeting of Pakistan Farmers Association in Lahore, capital of Punjab province, he said the shortage of urea is due to the gap between the production and demand.

The main reasons for the shortfall are the decrease in urea production due to short supply of gas to the local urea manufacturing factories in January and February, and increased demand of urea during the present agricultural season, he explained.

Meanwhile, the government instructed the Federal Investigation Agency to check the hoarding of urea in the country, he said.

**He said they would be**

**India to remove child labour from hazardous industries**

NEW DELHI, Sept 12: The Indian government plans to eliminate child labour in hazardous industries by the turn of the century and put underage workers in schools, a senior minister said here today, reports AFP.

Minister for Labour P A Sangma told reporters that 265 million dollars had been earmarked for the national child labour project in a follow-up to a call by Prime Minister P V Narasimha Rao last month for the elimination of child labour in hazardous industries.

"Two million children have been identified under the project and the scheme will involve their families," he said.

**He said they would be**

given a stipend of 100 rupees (three dollars) a month and sent to school.

In 1995-96, the government proposes to cover about

**Indonesia raises forestry levy**

JAKARTA, Sept 12: The Indonesian government has increased forestry levies by between 9.3 and 27.3 per cent, a press report said Tuesday, reports AFP.

A forestry ministry ordered the tax increased on most forestry products, including logs and other wood products, from August, the Bisnis Indonesia Daily reported.

The increase is valid through March 1996, according to a ministry decree.

200,000 children by providing them with primary education through non-governmental organisations, Sangma said.

Seventy such concrete projects in 13 of the 25 Indian states have been identified, he said.

Indian law does not permit employment of children under 14 years of age but the number of working children in India is estimated to be more than 17 million.

The southern state of Andhra Pradesh has the highest number of child labourers, nearly two million.

Industries classified as hazardous by the Indian government include Abattoirs, Cashers, Soldiering and Electronics.

**Butros-Ghali warns of UN financial crisis**

UNITED NATIONS, Sept 12: The United Nations is so short of cash that it may soon own some one billion dollars to nations that have contributed soldiers or equipment to peacekeeping, the secretary-general said in a report released Monday, says AP.

Secretary-General Boutros Boutros-Ghali said calls for a greater UN role without sufficient funds "make no sense."

"It is as though the town fire department were being dispatched to put out fires raging in several places at once while a collection was being taken to raise money for the fire-fighting equipment," Boutros-Ghali said in his annual report to the General Assembly.

Peacekeeping missions continue only because payments to troop-contributing nations are being delayed. Boutros-Ghali said. By the end of 1995, the money owed to such nations is expected to reach one billion dollars.

"This situation cannot continue," Boutros-Ghali said. "Troop contributors have expressed their difficulty with continuing participation in peacekeeping operations if they are not paid on time."

The United Nations has some 70,000 peacekeepers in 16 different missions.

Member states owed the United Nations a total of 2.6 billion as dollars of July 31. That included 865 million dollars for the regular budget

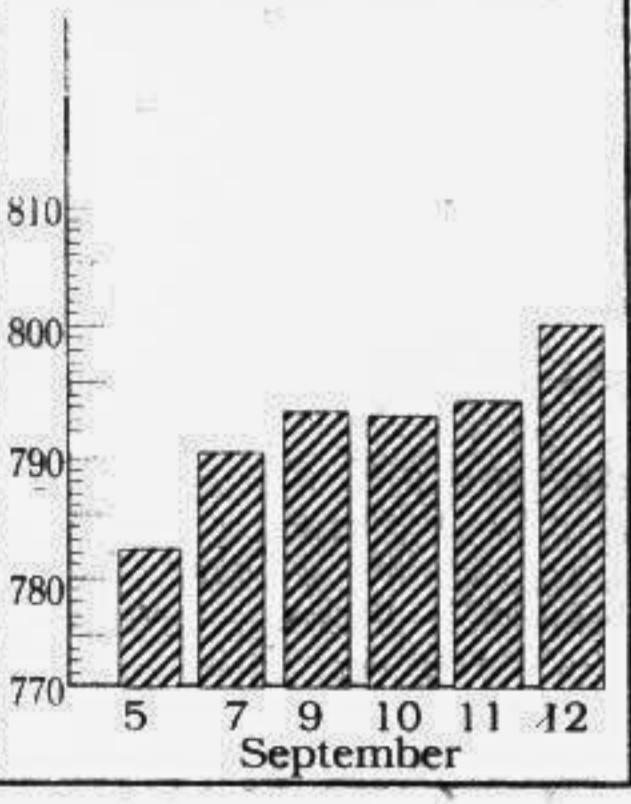
**Dhaka Stock Prices**

At the close of trading on September 12, 1995

**Index up by six points****Star Report**

The Dhaka Stock Exchange All Share Price Index jumped to 800.10 from Monday's 794.61 indicating a

DSE All Share Price Index



sharp rise of 6.38 points.

The transactions in volume fell by eight per cent to 180,890 from 197,442.75 and the value decreased by thirty-eight per cent to Tk 27.99 million from Tk 44.94 million.

Monno Jute led the gainers numbering 71 with a rise of Tk 150 per share while Singer Bangladesh suffered a loss of Tk 50.14 per share, leading 30 losers. Traded issues totalled 108, of which seven changed hands at previous rates.

The volume leaders were Beximco Pharma (32,250), Apex Weaving (8,932), BOC Bangladesh (8,900) and Meghna Cement (8,794).

300 1000

Ashraf Textile .61 (G) 6600

Quasim Silk .49 (G) 2700

Saiham Textile 1.00 (I) 20

Modern Dyeing 1.00 (G) 15

Eagle Star .41 (G) 7200

Desh Garments 1.00 (G) 100

Dulamia Cotton 1.29 (G) 450

Taluk Spinning 3.46 (L) 3350

Tanjiuddin Textile .00 100

Padma Textile 8.70 (L) 70

Apep Spinning 2.38 (G) 320

Beximco Knitting .17 (L) 960

Dynamic Textile 1.27 (G) 1560

Mithun Corporation 1.00 (G) 760

B.Dwing .55 (L) 1120

Delta Millers .85 (G) 1360

Apex Leaving .57 (G) 8932

Dandy Dyeing .97 (L) 150

Sonargaon Textiles .54 (G) 1727

Beximco Textiles 2.5 (G) 150

Karimia Ceramic .25 (G) 10

Bangladesh Chemical 4.02 (G) 2670

Wata Chemical 8.00 (G) 120

National Polymer 23.85 (L) 240

Beximco Synthetic 3.29 (G) 620

Libra Pharma .75 (G) 780

Orion Infusion 1.94 (G) 620

Square Pharma 14.95 (L) 60

Paper Processing 1.37 (G) 20

Maq Paper 2.40 (G) 720

Apex Tannery 2.55 (L) 970

Bata Shoe .57 (G) 5400

GQ Ball Pen 1.92 (G) 600

Momo Ceramic 2.74 (G) 775

Usmania Glass 40.38 (G) 705

Millon Tanneries 4.02 (G) 35

Beximco Ltd 2.64 (G) 7200

Chittagong Cement 32.67 (L) 1935

Apex Footwear 10.71 (G) 1560

Uttara Housing .65 (G) 6420

Confidence Cement 18.12 (G) 4700

Meghna Cement 7.37 (G) 8794

Lexco Limited .43 48 (G) 2100

B. General Insurance .44 (L) 90

United Insurance 4.00 (L) 20

Prople's Insurance 1.00 (G) 10

Eastern Insurance 9.40 (G) 100

Janata Insurance 1.44 (G) 580

Phonex Insurance 1.07 (G) 140

Eastland Insurance .01 (L) 860

Central Insurance .00 860

Karnaphuli Insurance .07 (L) 1740

Rupali Insurance 1.00 (G) 460

National Life 2.26 (G) 3852

Federal Insurance .33 (L) 600

Purbani General 1.69 (G) 4673

Fisheries 6.60 (G) 118

Knitting 10.00 (L) 100

**Exchange Rates**

Following are the Sonali Bank's dealing rates to public for some selected foreign currencies effective on 12th Sept 95.

(Figures in Taka)

Currency	Selling		Buying	
	TT & OD	BC	TT Clean	OD Sight Transfer
US Dollar	1=Tk 40.4120	40.4645	40.1120	39.9590 39.8640
GBP	1=Tk 62.7142	62.7958	61.7629	61.5274 61.3811
DM	1=Tk 27.5182	27.5539	27.0293	26.9262 26.8622
F Franc	1=Tk 7.9925	8.0029	7.8496	7.8192 7.8111
C. Doll	1=Tk 30.1851	30.2243	29.6409	29.5278 29.4576
CHF	1=Tk 33.5598	33.6068	32.5463	32.4963 32.4742
Jap Yen	1=Tk 0.4063	0.4069	0.3949	0.3934 0.3925
IRS	1=Tk 1.2524	1.2618	1.2314	1.2129 1.2129
Pak Rupee	1=Tk 1.2928	1.3025	1.2710	1.2519 —
Iranian Rial	1=Tk 0.0234	0.0236	0.0229	0.0226 —

AI T. (DOC) US Dollar Spot Buying Tk 40.0355

**US Dollar Rate:**

30 Days 60 Days 90 Days 120 Days 180 Days

39.7616 39.1775 39.1933 38.9092 38.3409

C) US Dollar sight export bill 3 months forward purchase: To be deducted Tk.0.15 from O. D. sight export Bill buying rate.

D) US Dollar 3 months forward sale: Add cushion of Tk: 0.20 with BC selling.

**Indicative Rates (B. Tk. For one unit of foreign currency)**

Currency	Selling		Buying	
	T.T. & O.D.	O. D.	T.T. & O.D.	O. D. Transfer
S Riyal	Tk 10.7352	Tk	Tk 10.5879</td	