Tk 58cr DU budget for 1995-96 proposed

By DU Correspondent

terday announced a Tk 57.97 crore budget for 1995-96 with a deficit of Tk 12.82 crore. The budget was presented on the second day of the sen-

- The Dhaka University yes-

ate session. Presenting the budget, Prof Shamsul Hug, the treasurer of the varsity said, expenditure has increased by 11.13 per cent while the income by 2.77 per cent only.

As a result, the university is faced with deficit every year which is now Tk 12.82 crore, he added.

Of the total expenditure Tk 47.50 crore will come from the University Grants Commission while Tk 2.85 crore from the university's

own resources. In the meeting, Prof Huq also announced the revised budget of the passing 1994-95 fiscal. The total revenue expenditures in the year stood at Tk 53.05 crore while total revenue income was Tk 48.35

In the proposed budget 59.76 per cent of the total expenditure has been allocated for the salaries and pensions of the teachers, officials and employees while the rest 40.26 per cent for other academic activities.

Besides, funds have been allocated for air conditioning. computerisation and modernisation of the library, scholarships, maintenance of the research equipment and purchase of chemicals for difterent science departments.

Meanwhile, a group of senators walked out of the first session on the second day of the annual meeting protesting a ruling of the senate chair-

A senator demanded a ruling from the chairman on the nomination by the Chancellor of a senator, namely Tazmary

The senator alleged that she had been nominated in place of Prof Mumtaz Uddin Ahmed who had not resigned.

The chairman in reply said he was not supposed to know whether there was any vacancy. He had the list of five members nominated by the Chancellor and that was final the chairman added.

At this, some senators walked out of the session for two minutes.

The session resumes at 4 this afternoon.

Tk 45.35cr RU budget for '95-96

From RU Correspondent

RAJSHAHI, June 29: A Tk 45.35 crore budget of the Raishahi University for the fiscal 1995-96 was announced today showing a deficit of Tk 16.06 crore.

The treasurer of the university, Prof Makbul Hossain, placed the budget at the senate session held with the Vice Chancellor Prof Mohammad Yusuf Ali in the chair.

Of the total amount, Tk 27 crore will be available from the University Grants Commission, while Tk 2.28 crore will come from the university's own resources.

The senate session also elected Prof Shah Habibur Rahman as a senate nominated member to the university syndicate, the highest decision-making body of the university.

Seminar on empowering women

From Page

The President said the national media could play its diversified role in highlighting the realistic picture of moral values, the rights of women and their success stories which would create awareness among the people in general and the women in particular.

The information minister called for wide publicity of different activitis of advancement of women, specially their success stories, to create public awareness.

He said, media programmes on women would be improved more and more while men and women should work jointly.

He also said that more talented and efficient women would be appointed in the media to highlight the

women's programmes. UNDP Representative watanabe said, In Bangladesh we have a mass media which is very sensitive to gender concerns. We would like to see the mass media in Bangladesh to play a more proactive role in the empowerment of women because they have the power to mould public opinion. We also request them to continuously disseminate information on the UN Fourth World Conference on Women and also the parallel NGO Forum, in a way that people all over the country have access to this information. The Donor Working Group on Beijing stands ready to support initiatives which will enhance

this information flow." Watanabe said information is power and women should have equal access to that source of power.

She said dignity and fundamental equality of man and women are accepted by the world nations for world peace and sustainable development.

每-205月

State Minister Sarwari Rahman said the women of Bangladesh were making gradual advancement in different fields where both the government and the non-government organisations were making their due contribu-

had formed a 42-member national council for women headed by the Prime Minister and focal point for women affairs were set up in 31 different ministries and divi-

How many people

the requirements at home and abroad, he added. Besides, the minister said

Referring to different government programmes for women development she said the issue of empowering women should be highlighted to the rural women through

the media. She said the government

From Page 1 introduced three courses at the training centres in the outgoing fiscal on industrial sewing machine operation and maintenance, radio and television and refrigerator and air condition. Under this new project, 1260 jobless educated youths were being trained annually as skilled manpower capable of meeting

the manpower bureau had taken up a new project to set up 11 technical training centres in 11 former districts in fiscal 1995-96. At the proposed centres, nine more trade courses on computer, telecommunications, building architecture, electronics, diesel and secretarial science would be conducted. Some 6000 educated youths are expected to become skilled manpower every year when the project is implemented,



Budgets political instruments

From Page 1 the budgets bluffed the peo-

Citing an example, he said that in his last budget after the assassination of President Ziaur Rahman in 1981 he had shown a revenue surplus to the tune of Taka 827 crore

stood at Taka 861 crore. But during the Ershad regime, he said, revenue surplus in 1982-83 was shown at Taka 1193 crore although in the revised budget it came down to only Taka 700 crore.

but in the revised budget it

He further said that again, in 1986-87, an amount of Taka 761 crore was the actual revenue surplus although it was shown in the budget as Taka 1100 crore. Similarly, in 1987-88, the revenue surplus was Taka 416 crore as against Taka 838 crore projected in the budget, he added.

Saifur Rahman said in 1989-90 Taka 1004 crore was shown in the budget as revenue surplus but the actual figure was only Taka 33 crore.

On the other hand, he told the House, in the revised budget for fiscal 1991-92 the revenue surplus stood at Taka 1970 crore although in the original budget it was shown at Taka 1014 crore.

Giving details, he said in the 1992-93 budget an amount of Taka 2454 crore was projected as revenue surplus but in the revised budget it stood at Taka 2550 crore.

In 1993-94 the revenue surplus was shown at Taka 3035 crore although it rose to Taka 3130 crore in the re-

vised budget, he said He further said that in the outgoing fiscal 1994-95, the revenue surplus rose to Taka 3910 crore as against Taka 3689 crore projected in the

original budget. Saifur Rahman said that during the next fiscal 1995-96, a sum of Taka 4380 crore was shown as expected revenue surplus but this might go

up to Taka 4500 crore. The minister observed that the budget was the only document for establishing social harmony and therefore its political implications could not be ignored.

He said that during the Awami League rule, the highest income tax rate was fixed at 70 per cent while the BNP government had reduced it to 25 per cent.

The rate of inflation during the Awami League regime was 66 per cent while the BNP

government had brought it down to only 3.5 per cent.

The opposition parties had termed every past budget 'anti-people'. Now they were criticising this as a 'pro-polls' one, the Finance Minister said, adding: "I cannot under stand what kind of budget

He said this government was still carrying the legacy of a shattered economy left by the autocratic ruler.

During late president Ziaur Rahman's period, 66 per cent of the budget was allocated for the development sector while the revenue expenditure was 33 per cent. During the Ershad regime the situation reverted and turned

During the last four years the government of Begum Zia had mended the shattered economy and tried to put it in order.

'Again, this time the development budget is higher than the revenue budget, Rahman said.

Between 1985 and 1990 the revenue earnings rose by 16 per cent on an average annually while the expenditure soared to 20 per cent. But in the 1991-95 period, the revenue earnings rose at a rate of 20 per cent while the expenditure dropped to 10 per

"This is an indicator of steady economic progress.

Rahman added He said expenditure has been reduced in unproductive sectors and the earnings were increased by economic liberal-

isation. BSS adds: The Finance Minister asserted that the tax-GDP ratio in the next fiscal year would increase by at

Fresh duty relief

on 3 items

Finance Minister M Saifur Rahman last night proposed new duty relief, ranging from eight per cent to 15 per cent on three items, reports UNB.

Winding up the discussion on the budget proposals in Parliament, he proposed to reduce duty on synthetic fibre, raw materials for tyres, and tubes of bicycles and rickshaws and BP sheets.

Rahman also informed the House that duties on most medical instruments and appliances have been made zero in next year's (1995-96) bud-

least 0.5 per cent.

He said that the BNP government had successfully elevated the investment climate by pursuing a transparent and accountable financial atmosphere coupled with healthy fiscal measures and a stable monetary policy.

Dismissing the criticism of section of economists who alleged that capital investment had reduced during the year, the Finance Minister said that textile machinery worth Tk 800 crore were imported during the current fiscal which proved that these economists who had little understanding of the real muscle of the economy were either wrong or motivated.

Rahman said that in reality investments, both from home and abroad in productive sectors, were on the increase. In the export-import field, the country's exports grew by 38 per cent as against an 18 per cent increase in imports.

He said that imports of consumer goods had shrinked while imports of raw materials and capital machinery enhanced, which was testimony to the growing activities of the country's industrial sec-

He informed the House that in the budget for 1995-96, a sum of Tk 8,600 crore was given for physical infrastructure development and Tk 1,500 crore for poverty alleviation.

Budget passed From Page 1

12 midnight till 5 pm on July

Earlier the Jatiya Sangsad unanimously passed the Finance Bill, 1995 in amended form giving effect to the fiscal proposals of the government and amending certain laws for the next financial year.

Before moving the Bill for passage the Finance Minister announced certain concessions reducing proposed tax duty further.

Piloted by the Finance Minister the Bill will come into force from the beginning of the new financial year (1995-96) tomorrow.

The seven laws amended by the Finance Bill, 1995 are: The Court Fees Act, 1870, The Stamp Act, 1899, The Excises and Salt Act 1944, The Customs Act, 1969, The Income Tax Ordinance, 1984, The Gift Tax Act 1990, and The Value Added Tax (VAT)

Unemployment will reach 30 pc

From Page 1 The regional perspective

report on "Jobs, poverty, and working conditions in South Asia" paints a grim picture of the region consisting of Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka, which together have 430 million workers or about a fifth (17.5 per cent) of the world's labour force.

In terms of per capita consumption, South Asia is the poorest region in the world. The report notes that in 1990, almost 59 per cent of the region's population consumed less than 30 US dollars a month in terms of purchasing power parity, while this share was 53 per cent in Sub-Saharan Africa, 28 per cent in Latin America and 15 per cent in East Asia.

Growth, at 4.1 per cent, in South Asia between 1560-90 has been slower than in any other developing region ex-

cept Africa, it said. In the early 1990s, investments ranged from about 12 per cent in Bangladesh to 23 per cent in Sri Lanka and India, compared to 34 per cent in Malaysia and 40 per cent in Thailand. The average South Asian worker uses only 2,513 dollars of capital, compared with a developing country average of 13,000 dollars and an industrial country average of 150,000 dollars, the report

points out. Most workers in South Asia will benefit from globalization of the world economy

following the Uruguay Round through increased international migration, foreign trade and capital flows, but a few, . operating in inefficient pro-

costs and raise productivity through skill upgrading, more investment, improved technology, and backward link-



World Bank Resident Mission chief Pierre Landel-Mills speaking at a press conference on the occasion of releasing the World Bank report in the city yesterday. Hafiz Ghanem, on economist of the Bank, is seen on his left. — Star photo

tected sectors, will lose out, it

The report, however, cautions that the workers in South Asia's booming garments industry, who have benefited in the past from OECD quotas on imports, will have to deal with tougher competition.

For example, as China and Vietnam become more effective exporters of garments, Bangladesh and Sri Lanka could lose market share, and jobs in those sectors would shrink, it says. "To remain competitive, South Asian exporters will have to lower

The report also points out some 'serious' misgivings about labour unions in South Asia. They represent the interests of a very small proportion of relatively better-off workers and they are also over-politicised and fragmented, it says.

"Industrial relations in South Asia's public enterprises need to be restructured and depoliticised," the report says. It also suggests that the region's governments need to improve their performance as employers of civil servants who provide public goods, such as health and education.

Majidul Huq From Page 1

Prime Minister's office, said that Begum Zia was shocked by the whole thing and immediately made up her mind to move Huq from the Agri-

culture Ministry

Not a single member of the cabinet knew about the change," the source said. "Only Food Minister Ab-

dul Mannan Bhuiyan was informed by the PM that he would have to take the additional responsibility.

Majid til Huq himself learnt of the decision Tuesday evening when he was attend ing Parliament. A treasury bench member had heard the news on TV and told a minister who in turn asked Hug if it was true. Hug reportedly expressed total ignorance.

Senior officials at the PM's office came to know about the major development just before noon, the source

Even BNP Secretary General and Hug's cabinet colleague Abdus Salam Talukder heard the news first from a reporter at around 11:30 pm. Other ministers also admitted they had no inkling about the change.

In the past the Prime Minister usually consulted some of her senior ministers who are believed to comprise the kitchen cabinet.

The source, speaking on condition of anonymity, also said that Majid ul-Huq's performance as head of two vital ministries — Agriculture and Water Resources — was questioned time and again by his cabinet colleagues. Especially, speculation was rife that Huq may be relieved of the Agriculture portfolio in the wake of the recent fertiliser crisis Many quarters openly blamed him for actions leading to the crisis which really hurt the ruling party's image among the farmers and general public. Many also wanted him to own responsibility by resigning from the cabinet. Eventually, it was Industries Minister A M Zahiruddin Khan who shouldered the blame for the fertiliser bungling and re-

signed. **Education Minister Jamir** uddin Sircar was also conspicuous by his absence at the Gazipur convocation.

JCD-Shibir clash in Sylhet: 30 injured

From Staff Correspondent SYLHET, June 29: At least 30 persons were injured in sporadic clashes between the activists of the Jatiyatabadi Chhatra Dal and the Islami Chhatra Shibir here today. Of them, eight were admitted to the Sylhet MAG Osmany Medical College Hospital while others to private clinics.

Police arrested Sultan Ahmed, president of the MC College unit Islami Chhatra Shibir and 3 other workers of the parts and seized two motor eveles from the college campus.

The clash began on the MC College campus at about 12.30 pm when some activists attacked their rivals in retaliation for yesterday's clash. Police used batons to disperse the rival groups. Later, the clash spread to the other parts of the town.

Nirmul stages anti-communal rally in city

The Ghatak Dalal Nirmul committee at an anticommunal rally yesterday at the Central Shaheed Minar demanded to formulate necessary laws to exclude the 'war criminals' from the voter list, reports UNB.

The Midnight Eile

Pro-Dostam jet bombs Kabul

KABUL. July 29: The Uzbek militia of General Abdul Rashid Dostam launched a jet attack against Kabul today, but no casualties were reported in the pre-dawn bombing The arrack was the second on Kabul in less than two weeks I wo bombs were dropped but thank God nobody was initired a resident said reports APP.

Court told during hearing of writ

11th Amendment covers Rouf's return to bench

Justice Mohammad Abdur Rouf had all requisite qualification to become a judge of the Supreme Court and thus there was no illegality in elevating him to the Appellate Division, the High Court was told yesterday, reports UNB.

Additional Attorney Gen-eral Abdul Wadud Khandaker, appearing for the State, said Justice Rouf had all requisite qualification, as required under Article 95 of the Constitution, and he was appointed by the proper authority with his oath being administered by the Chief Justice.

Placing his arguments in the writ petition challenging the validity of Justice Rouf's appointment as a judge of the Appellate Division, he said it was speculative whether there was any consultation or not with the Supreme Court prior to Justice Rouf's appointment to the Appellate Division

The writ was filed by convenor of the "Coordination Council for lawyers" Advocate Shamsul Huq Chowdhury on June 11 before the division bench comprising Justice Habibur Rahman Khan and Justice M M Ruhul Amin.

Seminar From Page 1

transparent.

The BIDS economist urged the government to devise a mechanism which can ensure the participation of the poor in the planning process including the budget-making.

He also stressed the need for effective monitoring to see whether their (poor) suggestions are being implemented or not.

M Syeduzzaman said "Macro-stability is not enough, unless we have long term plan which will help flow of resources for the poor"

Dr Mahbub Hossain said.

Over the time the indirect taxes (currently 85 per cent) have gone up, which indicates that the government is taxing the poor while giving concession to the rich. Syed Ali Kabir called for

formulation of a legal frame work for setting up of banks for the poor, which could ensure smooth banking for the Terming poverty — a state

of mind, Mahfuz Anam asked "Will it not be self-defeating, if we term them poor only for being economically disadvantaged, although they have skills, patriotism and hon-

The Editor of The Daily Star also suggested that the media should change its attitude towards the poor. A number of the urban

poor actively participated in the seminar and raised some questions. "The finance minister has

said that he had given so many things. What has he allocated for our slum where 40 thousand people live?, asked Kulsum, a slum dweller.

Rupban, taking part in the discussion, said that in future no plan including the budget, meant for them, should be undertaken without consultation with our representa-

Refuting the contention of the petitioner's lawyer Barrister Amirul Islam challenging a portion of the Fourth amendment of the Constitution, Khandker said the Constitution provides for amendments.

Unless it can be shown that Justice Rouf's appointment had been done in violation of the Constitution, an amendment to the Constitution cannot be struck down, he submitted.

The government lawyer further submitted that the return of former CEC Justice Rouf to the bench is covered by the 11th Amendment which, he said, is a part of the Constitution. He said the terms and con-

ditions of service and the mode of appointment and removal of judges have been provided in the Constitution. As he concluded his submission, another Additional

Attorney General, Abdul Wadud Bhuiyan, started making his submission before the same court on another writ challenging the holding of two constitutional posts - of the Chief Election Commissioner and a judge of the High Court Division — simultaneously by Justice Rouf. The second writ was filed

by Advocate Saleem Ullah on June 11, 1994. Earlier, Advocate M I Farooqi, lawyer for the petitioner, completed his submission and the twomember bench issued a rule upon the respondent.

Deptt store From Page 1

a combing delicately through gaps of concrete debris in a race against time to save the lives of shoppers trapped deep below and still screaming for attention.

Remote cameras tracking through the debris showed people caught by beams and enders.

Asst Judge

From Page article in The Daily Star on February 6, 1995 under the caption "The Parliament and the Judiciary at Loggerheads" which the court felt contained some objectionable and con-

temptuous matters The court observed that in the article the writer quoted some objectionable matters which were offending. Being a judicial officer of the lowest rank Karmakar criticised the highest court of justice in the country, the High Court ob-

Ershad

From Page sued production and custody warrants against Ershad and Kamal Uddin Ahmed, asking the Dhaka Central Jail authorities to escort them to Chittagong for appearance in the

court Saturday. Earlier, Ershad could not be produced in the court on June 15 for the hearing of the

The CID investigators yesterday submitted chargesheets in the Manzur murder case to the CMM, Chittagong implicating Ershad and the four others.

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলীর কার্যালয় (সওজ)

ঢাকা সড়ক বিভাগ, বনানী, ঢাকা।

বিজ্ঞপ্তি

এতদারা সর্বসাধারণের অবগতির জন্য জানানো যাইতেছে যে, জিঞ্জিরা-কেরানীগঞ্জ-দোহার সড়কের ১ম কিলোমিটারে অবস্থিত বুড়িগঙ্গা নদীতে চলাচলরত ফেরী আগামী ৪ঠা ও ৫ই জুলাই ১৯৯৫ইং রোজ মঙ্গলবার ও বুধবার বাদামতলী হইতে সোয়ারীঘাটে স্থানান্তরজনিত কারণে ফেরী চলাচল বন্ধ থাকিবে।

ফখরুল আলম তালুকদার নিৰ্বাহী প্ৰকৌশলী (সওজ) डियमनि-३७८३१-२४/७ ঢাকা সড়ক বিভাগ, বনানী, ঢাকা।

এই সাময়িক অসুবিধার জন্য আমরা দুঃখিত।

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