Importance of Language Learning German

by Lavina Ambreen Ahmed

courses planned and ready for

him/her. The 'etudiants' can

borrow language cassettes and

browse through the exclusive

French books and magazines at

the well-stocked library. A F is

not only about serious, non-

stop studying, actually the

place is quite exciting. There

are exhibitions held all year

round, people can watch

movies and live French TV

broadcasts. Sessions start in

September, December, March

Cultural Centre or Goethe

Institut. Though German

somehow is not quite as

popular as French is with the

Bangladeshi folks, the institute

also follows an excellent

teaching system in a pleasant

atmosphere. They provide

several courses and the

number of seats reserved for

the beginners are limited. The

6 months long four days a

week course costs Tk 1450

while the twice a week classes

Japanese, there are schools

such as Irin and Japanese

Language Institute catering to

them. As in the recent years

career opportunities have been

luring the 'deshis' to the land

of the rising sun, the student

turnover at the language

schools is simultaneously

Modern Languages (IML)

affiliated with the Dhaka

University offers training

courses in diverse tongues. As

the brochure reads out: it

promotes and provides for the

study of modern languages.

such as Arabic, Burmese,

Chinese, Japanese, French,

German, Persian (modern).

Russian, Spanish and Turkish.

In future IML also has plans for

starting Hindi and Urdu

language classes. The institute

has provision for providing

four courses. The duration of

each course is one year and in

the end of the year Junior.

Senior, Diploma and Higher

Diploma certificates are

handed out to the successful

trainees. Special English and

Bangla language courses are

part of their teaching

programme. The DU students

might be the main target of

the IML but the centre with its

multiple language courses has

attracted many an outsider

through the years. It also offers

short intensive courses of a

few weeks duration certain

languages. The course fee at

the IML is comparatively

cheap, within Tk 260-Tk 500

for a year. Special discount for

people from school kids to

office goers are enrolling in

language classes. Some take it

as a hobby to pass time while

others take an interest in

mastering new languages to

Whatever the reasons, knowing

foreign languages not only

opens doors but also expands

one's horizon of knowledge.

give their career a boost

Nowadays more and more

the University students.

But only the Institute of the

increasing.

For those keen on learning

are Tk 700 (for 6 months).

Then, there is the German

and June.

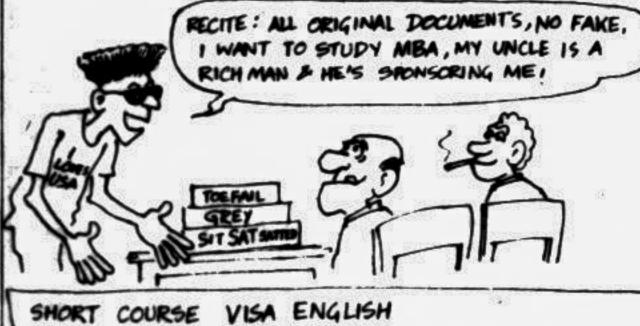
OR those who are conteimplating on job prospects abroad, one of the major points that must he considered is the language factor. Language here does not merely apply to the international language English but to other important languages like Spanish, French, Russian, German, Chinese, Japanese etc.

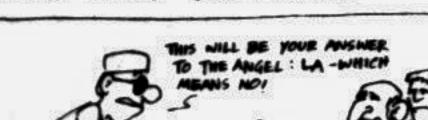
At home a person can easily get a furrative job by being proficient in Bangla and

have introduced French in their regular curriculum. But as students confess, they just simply swallow some common phrases. verbs and conjugations and spit it out in their exam scripts - only to oublier' Francaise once the school episode was over!

However, thanks to the foreign embassies there are some centres providing the necessary guidance and coaching to eager learners. Among them one of the most

language courses we'd like to see WHAT DOES IT MEAN BY KOMINEY, MOQUABELA, OLÉ - OLÉ ? ALSO, WHAT IS ROOP SUHANA, OVE & COMPREHENSIVE HINDI COURSE FOR Z 2 ATN FANS





ARABIC COURSE FOR SINNERS

English or in some cases only in one of the two. On the other and, if you are seeking employment overseas and if the US. UK. Australia or other English-speaking nations are not exactly what you have in mind, your knowledge of English might not always be trained in French. sufficient.

In any case, in many you're interested in, it's mandatory to know their language before applying for a certain post.

This is one of the reasons why during the last few years or so Dhaka dwellers are devoting time any money in learning foreign languages in the local language schools. Unlike many countries, there are hardly that many facilities for the language enthusiasts in Dhaka. Most of the English medium schools in the capital

popular and institutions as definitely the Alliance Francaise in Dhanmondi giving French lessons to anyone who is interested. As the brochure informs, all the teachers there, both French and locals are

One has to pay Tk 750 for each session at 'Alliance,' that European and Asian countries, is minus the text book 'San available at Tk 400. Besides the text books, dictionaries, grammar books and other French reading materials can be purchased there. The school offers 4 certificates. After the completion of four sessions, from class 1-4, one will obtain the elementary degree. Then another three sessions from class 5-7 enables one to get the intermediate degree. If the French buff wants to pursue further, there are advanced and superior

by Sonia Hossain

always wanted to learn German, funny thing is that L till now I really don't know why. Maybe it's destiny, or maybe, it's not but who could tell? Many people asked why German? And why not?, they ask me why don't you learn French instead? It will do you good. But really I couldn't find out what good it could do to me! Then again they tell learning German what is it going to do for me? Hell let them think what they want in the fat skull of theirs. I don't care anymore. Anyway, as it happens it was like a dog I always wanted, a yearning someone has for many years to get something badly, I really wanted to learn German.

Situation: July, 1990, Bucharest, Romania.

I came across an advertisement in The International Herald Tribune from the Goethe Institute saying "Before learning German speak to us", I had to fill up my name and address and send it to the address given, which I did. After a few weeks they send me a brouche, with different cities to choose in Germany and the variety of courses it has to offer. Imagine going all the way to Germany, just to learn German! But the price they asked for was too much for my father's ordinary government salary, so the very idea had to be rescinded.

One of my sister's friend knew German very well and offered to teach me, so maybe my ever wanting lust was going to be fulfilled after all. And so we started. She spoke Romanian and German while I spoke a little Romanian. English and, of course, Bangla. She got me an old edition German book and I started my first course in German. We also needed a Romanian-English dictionary, because sometimes it was difficult to understand what she wanted to say. Boy! I. was having both Romanian and German course at the same time. Anyway, things were go-

ing okay, just about till a month. Codrina (my sister's friend's) boyfriend went to Germany a long time back and she missed him deeply, she had the opportunity to go there, and so she too left. Just like that, saving Auf Wiedersehen. Back to square one again. Maybe that was Auf Wiedersehen to German too! Romanian television would show some language courses amongst them was German, Alles Gute, groped at it and learned whatever I could.

Situation: July, 1994, Dhaka Bangladesh

I just recovered from a flu, I was over with my exames and l was stiff bored. I came across an advertisement "Learn German", from the Goethe Institute in Dhaka, I called them up got down the schedule and everything and then hesitated. What if this time something happens to jeopardise my learning German? I couldn't make up my mind. At the end scummbed. My parents gave their permission, and I went there and registered thinking what will be. We had our first class, introductions and sort. Many people think German is very easy, and very close to English. But that is not so. had some rough time, sometimes I would hate it, especially when I couldn't comprehend it. With some people disappearing one by one, I was thinking to myself what the hell am I learning German for?, I too wanted to disappear. But I hung on to it. Whatever it takes I'll see it through! 31st December, 1994, we were given our attendance certificate. Like an Amazon I felt I had gained victory over my fears and a long yearning. Anyway, after a lot of persuation, piquing to my parents I'm taking the next course in German. Maybe one day I'll be reading Faust by J W Goethe. in German, but for now they're going to show Dracula, in their auditorium which I don't want

Information on Anthropology

by Siraj-us-Saleheen Lovell

partment of Political Science

of Dhaka University was the

founder (part-time) teacher

while Professor K Mustahidur

NCE upon a time, getting admitted to any University (in any department) was a very easy-going task (well, once upon a time everything was like a fairytale so what!). Nowadays, to be a student of any. University (whether it's in your liking or not), you have to fight a tough competition and show your best performance among so many competitors. But the main problem is, there aren't sufficient varsities (as well as seats) for so many students of our country passing the intermediate level. It's even tougher to get a chance to read the more recent subjects such as Anthropology, Archaeology, BBA. Pharmacy etc. Some of these subjects are even prototype. An informative feature on the subject Anthropology follows: Anthropology Mankind has always had a fascination over themselves —

about their origin, gender, development, health issues and above all their own history. A most prominent and relatively new subject in the Social Science faculty of Jahangirnagar University. Anthropology tries to spot-light on these issues and covers up many other relative subjects. For the last few years, this department has become very much outstanding and renowned to the younger generation wanting to get admitted in the varsity level as a most fascinating subject. This small but efficient department started its journey on the auspices of the then Vice-Chancellor of Jahangirnagar University Professor Kamaluddin in the year 1986. With only three leachers — one of who was part-time.

At that time Professor Baharuddin Jahangir of the De-

Rahman of the Economics Department of Jahangirnagar varsity looked after the job of the chairperson. That was a long time ago. Now, at present there are ten full time and two part-time leachers. Among them, one is a professor, four are assistant professors and five of them are lecturers. All of them are engaged in doing research jobs. Prominent are -Dr Nurul Alam (Environment and Natural Calamities), Dr Shahjalal (Health and Medical Anthropology), Mrs Rasheda Akter, present Chairperson (Environment, Development and Women). Mrs Ainunnahar. Israt Ahmed and Mr Akbar Hossain are also conducting important research jobs. Besides them. Mrs Rehnuma Ahmed, Mrs Farzana Islam, Jahir Ahmed and Mr Prashanta Tripura also are conducting project and various researches. From the first year to the last year, every student is being well groomed in the subject. They get in-depth knowledge about the subject as they are always performing constant field work and special indepth analysis and also practical studies. Moreover, in the third year of the Honours degree level, field work assignments are compulsory for each student. Matters such as gender, development, environment, human history and health issues are given specific emphasis as chapters. In the

The Department of Anthropology of Jahangirnagar has a link programme activated jointly done with the Sussex

Master degree level (MSS) a

new subject known as "Urban

Anthropology' is included as a

course subject.

University of the United Kingdom from 1988. It is conducted by the British Council (in accordance with ODA's monetary grant). Four teachers of this Department are completing their PhD degree in various foreign countries under this programme. The departmental library has a most outstanding collection of highly qualified books useful to both the students and teachers in grooming themselves about the subject and its related matters. Other than these, a magazine named "Nree-Biggan Pathraka" (Magazine for Anthropology) comes out from the department. The third volume of this magazine will be published soon.

The prospect of Anthropol-

ogy is excellent and highly promising. Uptil now, about 60 students have passed with a Masters degree and are occupied with various fruitful jobs as well as professions. Some are engaged in NGOs, some are teachers, some included in international research organizations. They keep constant contact with the department and give their time and energy towards the welfare of the department. It is really crystal clear about the outstanding performance of this subject 'Anthropology', topping the list as the most successful of newest departments. The Jahangirnagar University is proud in having such a department at its possession. So, you young chaps out there, why miss the chance of being able to read in such an enchanting subject/department? Give it your best shot. For your information, you only require to have 45 per cent or more of your intermediate marks to get admitted. It's not so much to ask for, isn't it? Well, what d'ya say? See you at the department premises! Bye.



to miss!

What's written there nobody can tell, Hidden in the question paper.

I sweat, I strain, in vain I try. To escape from this, I want to die -But I've gotta pull off this final caper, And read the question paper.

But there's no escape & I can't hide -Sadistic facts are bona fide. As I blindly reach for the answer sheet, My brain boils with internal heat! I'm frightened; in my head thrash drums beat!

And that's just passing in one more test.

A suicidal choice is made of free will! As the invincible hunter makes the kill -



HE Book of Evil, the Gates of Hell —

"Steven Speilberg at his best!"

In the speed of the moment life stands still! And I accept the question paper.

A Man of his Own Talent

by Tasin Ahmed

INDING the house of Shahiduzzaman Selim and his lovely wife Rozy Arefin was a real search for a needle in the bush. Because the description I had was beyond my capapility to comprehend the exact location. But to my relief I eventually did and reached the beautiful house of this talented

was very nervous and I could hear my heart beat every second. But the hospitability and the friendly reception I got was really great. I was taken to Selim's drawing room on the second floor and after waiting for some time came the man in a white tea-shirt and blue jeans, a cigarette in his hands. He was very friendly and greeted me with all respect. After having some 'How are you. I am fine kind of talk. I finally started my interview over a cup of tea and some delicious snacks made by his

Shahiduzzaman Selim was born on the 5th of January. 1963 in Dhaka. From his very childhood, he had a strong love about art and culture and longed for being a singer or an actor. Eventually he grew up and one of his dream came true when he was selected as an actor in a TV drama serial Jonaki Jole'. That was his first television programme and he remembers it very often. Then gradually his acting began to impress the producers and dramatists of our country and he started to make frequent

appearance in both TV and theatres. And today he has made his mark. very deeply and is popularly known by the people who are engaged in the cultural sector.

Shahiduzzaman Selim is a brilliant actor. Though he is very young in the limelight and doesn't agree that he has earned the glory of that statement, but he is very eager to express his views and mottos of his life. A person very straight forward like Shahiduzzaman Selim likes to be involved in work and doesn't want to pass his time sitting idle. Though he feels much happier when he is alone with his family - but the enthusiasm of working also enchants him. When I asked him about his outlook towards life, he strongly said that he thinks life is full of ups and downs, which is realistic. He believes that this hanging mood of life can often disturb the normal going of a beautiful life, and on the contrary fulfill it with extreme charm. So he thinks that one should be very much realistic about his or her life to succeed. When asked who in his choice was the most impressive person, he wholeheartedly named the name of Nasiruddin Yusuf and then after thinking for few seconds, the name of

mostly known in the area as Bijli Bati'. Shahiduzzaman Selim loves acting and when asked about his favourite artist he named a few of them from home and

his wife, Rozy Arefin who is

abroad. At home his favourite artists are Golam Mustafa and Afzal Hussain and at abroad Nana Patekar and Dustin Hoffman. He likes to watch the Hindi films starred by Nana, as they are very informative and resembles and reflects the human life very deeply. When I asked him about his regrets he said that hypocracy is a thing which he regrets the most. (And as head automatically comes if you pull the ear.) he also hates liars. He thinks that liars and hypocrats are ruining this beautiful world and disturbing the ongoing peaceful human life.

Shahiduzzaman Selim loves to act or perform in the theatres. He thinks that theatre is a place where the best dramas relating to human life are staged. He also admires the atmosphere of the theatre and always hopes to acting there. But that doesn't mean that he dislikes the TV, but he thinks that theatres are much more useful in spreading social consciousness through dramas. In stages his favourite dramas are Hath Hadoy and Kirtankhola But in television he has a number of likings such as 'Chayya Shikari or Shadow Hunter Taar Rohoshyomoi Haashi' or His suspicious laugh Bittobashana 'Aami Ki Herilum' etc. He has a personal favourite dramatist too and he is Selim-al-din. He likes his counterpart Selim because he

is very talented and writes

dramas about different mat-

ters, different types and of

Going from the hard questions to the more easier ones I

different superlative quality.

came to know the weakness of Shahiduzzaman Selim and that is that he is very ill-tempered and straight forward. He doesn't like to support things that are not right and cares a little to give objections. His illtemper of ten puts him into odd situations and he blatantly agrees that he has never won against his wife in this sector. "Tandori' and 'Xiang' is his favourite eating out places and he is very fond of Beef and Hilsha fish.

As started earlier, he has a keen interest and deep likings in music and he even stated that he would have been a singer, if not an actor which he is now. Even when he is alone with his family, passing a holiday, he likes to keep his stereo set open and listen to the music of mostly Lata Mangeshkar. His other favourite singer are S P Bala Subramanium and Shumon of India. When asked about his future plans he stated about picturisation of music.

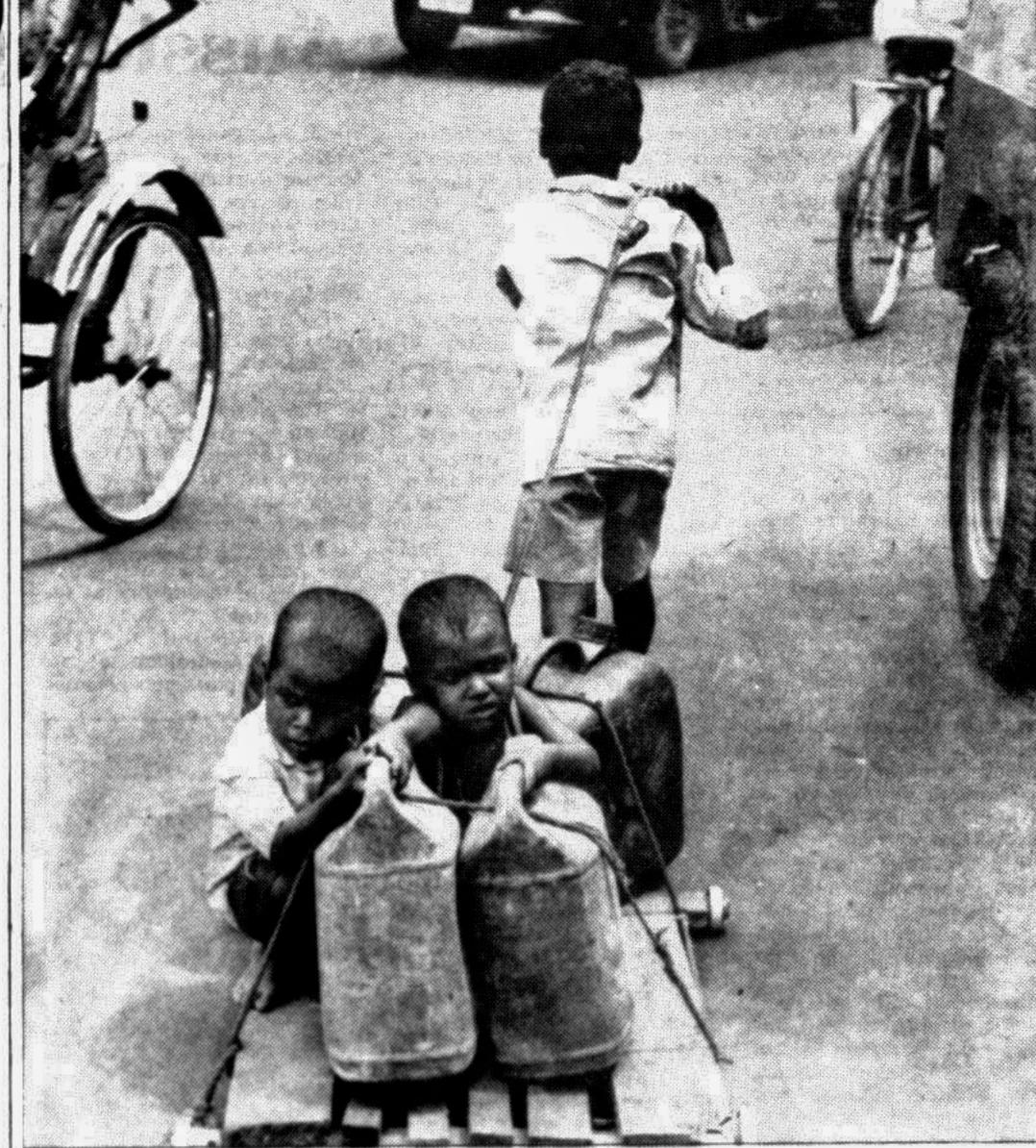
He also has another future plan and that is to direct a film, all by himself. He dreams about directing a movie or a stage show and watching his name on the silver screen as a director. When asked what he thinks about the spectator's habits and about their wants and wishes, he very respectfully obliged their support and their whole -hearted contribu-

tion of making drama a succesful art. But he also has a rage on some of the spectators or critics who believes to know everything but knows actually very little. He gets confused and embarassed when one criticises something, for an example a drama without understanding the moral significance or the teaching of

He also becomes embarrassed when someone overlightens his talent or this achievements and rates him more that he actually is. While having this exclusive interview with Shahiduzzaman Selim his wife Rozy Arefin accompanyed us and helped Selim in different matters. She also blamed Selim whom she calls 'Babui' for smoking like a chimney. because cigarette is one of the favourites of Selim. Rosy Arefin herself is a very strong actress and has earned enormous fame by doing at lot of wonderful dramas

When I eventually returned to my ear, having finishing the exclusive interview with Shahiduzzaman Selim, the actor himself came and saw me off until my car disappeared. His hospitable gestures and his wonderful behaviour really enchanted me and from the core of my heart I wished "I hope you become an outstanding actor".

And even if my blessing don't count, I am sure he would achieve it all by himself.



This picture, published on 26-05-95 issue of The Daily Star's Weekend Magazine, is an award winning picture of the 18th photo contest in Asia and the Pacific. An error was committed in the previous issue in identifying the picture correctly.

How to be a BBAGraduate?

by Fyyaz Shahnoor

HE IBA institute was cre ated in 1966 as a separa-Le entity within the broad framework of the University of Dhaka. The institute received assistance from the Indiana University, USA in mounting the academic programmes. At present the institute has two programmes catering to the needs of both the graduate and undergra-

duate students. In the Master of Business Administration Programmes students are selected on the basis of their past academic records, performance in the admission test and interview.

REQUIREMENTS A bachelor degree or it's equivalent in any field including engineering, agriculture or medicine is the minimum re-

quirement. Minimum qualify ing points for being eligible to apply is '6' calculated on the following basis (no more than one third division is allowed).

Usually applications are available to prospective students during the first week of December. The admission test is held sometime during the last week. Both these dates are announced in the major dailies of Bangladesh.

The MBA programme prepares men and women for management careers in any sort of organisation. The primary emphasis is however given to management of business organisations in the private sector. It tries to help individuals develop specific skills and judgement required

of an effective manager. The programme emphasizes students ability to evaluate business and organisational situations and to make informed and creative judgement about policy and operation.

The IBA alumni are all holding prestigious positions in both the private and public sector holdings. As the MBA programme is a professional course in business management it's students are usually given preference in the management oriented job market.

Bangladesh is a growing economy with large business houses sprouting up everywhere, so it is safe to assume that the demand for MBA degree holders will not diminish in the near future.