

Where Our People are the Real Heroes

While zeroing in on the need for writing down the cultural history of the subaltern classes

- a history which remains largely unwritten, the author here maintains that one of the

aptest ways of celebrating the Pahela Baishakh would be to rediscover the creative, heroic

and revolutionary potentials of our common, ordinary people. The author argues that even when savaged by the scourge of disease, death and disaster, our people do not fail to

exhibit strength and stamina, will and wisdom, verve and vigour, energy and elan, which,

however, have not yet been fully galvanized into launching a large-scale cultural



T is in the face of damage and destruction and death that one rises to human authenticity. This is not a mere , its intensity and overwhelming philosophy that a humanist or an existentialist would somewhat characteristically try to espouse and establish; this is real. And particularly real it appears, when one looks at Bangladesh, a land which is now variously imaged and evoked, described and dubbed in development and cultural discourses ceaselessly spun and woven not only by our

also by outsiders interested in the country. "Bangladesh is a land of poverty" - it is no doubt true: but this trath is sometimes over-orchestrated to the extent of subverting and submerging other areas of realities which do not go well along with the typical image of a poor country that Bangladesh is. Such areas are, in fact, mostly lost sight of: because those involved in shaping and moulding the image of Bangladesh, and also in pro-

jecting it to the international

middle-class intellectuals, but

revolution community, have long made a fetish of poverty.

True, poverty is one of the most pervasive realities our people are now condemned to live. Poverty is thus real. Given magnitude, it may also appear surreal. Yes, one cannot suppress or bypass this phenomenon, and one should not. But, then, poverty at the same time may appear rhetorical. particularly when it is pushed to the extent that everything in our life, or every aspect of our common people's living, turns out to be an object of pity. "Oh, Bangladesh?". exclaimed a foreigner the other day, showing a few curves of frowns on his forehead, and alternately inching his eyebrow heavenward : "Oh, Bangladesh? That poor old thing!" Notice the style of his sharp reference to Bangladesh in terms of that definitive, monosyllabic word - that. Epithets internationally sanctioned to Bangladesh are also reflexively appropriated here in words like poor and old. And, last of all, Bangladesh is no more than a thing! Yes.

'poverty' variously imaged and

focused, particularly in the

middle-class discourses, has led to such a reflexive, typical characterization of Bangladesh

if the international level. Poverty - while it is real as indicated - not only appears rhetorical, but it is also used as capital appropriate for investment. Over the last twenty-five years, if anything that has tellingly scaled up. it is what may be called poverty-business which one can see in areas

twenty-five years, most of our political, social and developmental efforts have increasingly made use of poverty and the poor in a way that Bangladesh has perpetuated its image as a land of poverty - or even as a thing that seems to lack its tradition and history. its spiritual elan and its linguistic heritage. I should mention it clearly that I am not at all trying to undermine the is-

by Azfar Hussain

ranging from politics through foreign policy down to development. In the name of poverty, almost everything is programmes are launched, models are evolved. consultants are brought in. funds are sought, strategies are revamped, seminars and symposia are held, researches undertaken, and in most cases. what happens is that the middle-class dealing in poverty certainly gains and also benefits their outside partners; while the poor, tragically

enough, remain poor as usual.

It would be no exaggeration to maintain that over the last

sue of poverty, nor am I trying to romanticise or glorify tradition and history so as to diminish the intensity and importance of this issue of poverty. But, I am interested in looking at those strengths and possibilities our common people instinctually and characteristically exhibit. while such qualities are often lost sight of, and are part of what may be called an unwritten cultural history of the Ben-

Before I move onto that unfocused, neglected area of our cultural history largely constituted by our common people -

peasants and workers, let me talk about two extremist middle-class positions which have hitherto negatively told on the image of Bangladesh, both locally and globally. To put it simply, one of these positions so far entrenched in the sociocultural climate of the country is something like this : everything in Bangladesh is bad and old and poor. The idea is this: Oh Bangladesh? It's incurably a wasteland! One of our poets has meanwhile spelt a finish to things Bangladeshi by singing : "waste is the air, waste is the

moon, waste is the sun!" But, then, there are still others who never run short of nationalist sentiments, and who never grow tired of saying that anything Bengali is rich and good and great; that anything going contrary to the Bengali way is a threat to the essential Bengaliness as it

Both these positions, understandably enough, leave a little space for dialectically looking into the depths of our realities and life. The first position, stated above, submerges everything that is positive beneath the stock-rhetoric of poverty, and creates a kind of

somewhat redolent of a kind of hubris, an overweening confidence potentially leading to a sort of cultural superiority complex as it were, and precludes the possibilities of further growth and development. Whatever varying consequences such positions may yield, the fact still remains that our common people in this part of the world have managed to live on their own. exhibiting their own resources and skills, strengths and stamina, insights and wisdom, courage and quality. In a land of death and damage and destruction, it is the poor who struggle most, but also celebrate life most gloriously, in the sense that they are the ones who have learnt how to live in the face of overwhelming adversities and untranimeled vicissitudes. Of course, the quality of life they lead is not to be glorified under any circumstances whatsoever; but the quality of efforts they make just to live - barely live, is something which needs to be noticed to have a feel of what massive or epic-strengths they possess and exert habitually and effortlessly. What we call celebration of life is not simply a ritualistic display of one's one-off festive mood and movement, aspiration and action; celebrating life, howsoever sub-human such a life might be, means leading a life in times of extreme dangers and difficulties, and withstanding them on one's own. Our people, poor and exploited as

cultural inferiority complex;

while the second position is

they are, still manage to live. Continued on page 10

A New Year Wish

by Razia Khan The burning delta pants Like some primeval beast; Its history lost in lies Memory usurped by confusion. To its dimmed vision A joyless new year brings Shadows of shattered dreams. Spring has also been elusive; Its cuckoos did not sing; Blossoms were scarce; here the spirit Of festival makes itself felt Only in brittle festoons and feasts Where the hungry are never seen. The much-awaited spring moon Descends on tiptoes like an exotic elfin, With the infant year hidden Under its gossamer wings; measuring delicate Footsteps used to dew-drops, rain-wet Daffodils; among vulgar weeds. New year fun seems Ironical in a parched And starving land. If each redundant morsel, instead Could be saved, each extra expense Spared to feed famished Infants; if the peasant was returned His broken dream; then all these Songs and dances, impassioned Renditions of seasonal poems, Saffron apparel, marigold garlands

Would find justification

Of spring and the oleander red

And new meaning, the sweet intoxication

New season, would to us, soon return.