

# Tour Bangladesh: Starting in Dhaka

NSTEAD of speaking vainly of the numerous tourist attractions of Bangladesh, we decided to take an actual tour of the country. We will follow (more or less) the package tour options provided by Bangladesh Parjatan Corporation. We will present the actual itineraries and price lists provided by Parjatan.

Day-2

Day-

Tour operators say that the most popular tourist attractions are Sundarban, Rangamati, and Sylhet. Cox's Bazaar is more of a domestic tourist spot and does not hold as

much charm for the foreign visitor. The busiest tourist season in Bangladesh lasts from October through March.

		Itinerary	
	ŧ	Programme	Remarks
1		Arrival Dhaka Airport and	By Parjatan
		Transfer to Hotel	Transport
		Lunch & Rest at Hotel	
	True A	Afternoon - Dhaka City Sight	
		Seeing Tour	
		Dinner & Overnight, Dhaka	9
2	-	Breakfast	
700	. 1	Leave Dhaka for Sonargaon	By Parjatan
		Visit Ancient Capital of Bengl	Transport
		Dep. For Mary Anderson	
		(Floating Restaurant of Parjatan	č.
*		Corporation)	
		River Cruise in Buriganga	By Motor Launch
		Lunch at Mary Anderson	
		Afternoon - Return to Dhaka	By Parjatan
		Hotel	Transport
	- 2	Dinner & Overnight. Dhaka	
3	- 3	Breakfast	
		Leave Dhaka for Savar (32 km.	By Parjatan
(4)		from Dhaka) to Visit the	Transport
	119	National Martyr's Memorial	
		THE DEPOSIT OF THE PROPERTY OF	

Journey.					
With Stay in Dhaka at	Tour price per person in US Dollar Sharing twins for group of				
Sonargaon Hotel	3 Pax 560	10+1 Pax 500	20+1 Pax 450		
Dhaka Sheraton Hotel	500	450	400		
NTO Hotel Abakash	250	200	170		
White House Hotel	250	180	150		

### Dhaka: Archeological Monuments

: Return Hotel

: Dinner at Hotel

: Afternoon-Free for Shopping

: Transfer to Airport for Onward

: Lunch

For a hundred years. Dhaka city was ruled by Mughal governors and viceroys. These noble architects decorated the city with many palaces. mosques and shrines.

The Lalbagh or Aurangabad fort, for example, was built by Emperor Aurangzeb's son Mohammad Azam. The prince never finished building the fort. The Nawab Shaista Khan

N attractive bird and fish

exhibition was held at

the Rent-a-car complex

of Parjatan on the 4th. 5th and

6th December. Parjatan cor-

poration arranged the exhibi-

tion in honour of Tourism

month which lasts from 15th

tended by many people from

all walks of life and was most

crowded in the afternoons and

evenings. There was a five taka

entrance fee which I thought

was unnecessary especially

since the last exhibition was

free. Of course they didn't

charge me (mainly due to the

presence of my editor ) but I

still think the exhibition

Most of the birds and fish

were supplied by pet-shops in

the Kataban area near Dhaka

University. The bird enclosure

was shrill with the shrieks of

many birds talking at the same

time. At first my eyes fell on

the glorious plummage of the

birds and question the atten-

dant about their habits and

nature, I drew closer.

Obviously, the admiration

wasn't mutual because one of

the birds suddenly launched

itself at my head. No amount of

shaking would dismount it and

I retreated in ignominy. My

editor had fled already and

though she swears she was at-

tacked too, I don't believe a

By common consent, we

In order to admire the

fan-tailed pigeons.

word of it.

should have been free to all.

The exhibition was at-

Nov. to 10th dec.

then took over the prince's unfinished work, but he too abandoned the project when his daughter Pari Bibi died.

The Lalbagh now overlooks the Buriganga in Old Dhaka. It is a perfect rectangle enclosed by high walls and two impressive gateways on the northeast and southeast corners. Inside is a beautiful garden, a pond, a small mosque, the governor's house and Pari Bibi's tomb. The building of Pari Bib's

tomb is closed to the public.

turned our attention to the

caged birds. There were hill

Mynahs in abundance. One of

them could say "Mynah"; an-

other "I love you" and yet an-

other "Khaleda Zia, good

morning". Many of the birds

such as fisher love birds,

golden pheasant, finch,

parakeet, budrerigar, and

Australian football were

foreign, mostly Australian.

There were also Bangladeshi

birds such as mynahs, bulbuls,

doves, kites and peacocks.

There were even caged crows

and sparrows. The most

beautiful birds were the kalin

birds with grey, blue, and

purple plummage. The most

colourful birds were the

rainbow lories. The stall of the

green lover's cornet was the

most imaginative. The birds

wandered amongst an enclo-

sure of plants which was wired

The fish selection also pre-

sented a dazzling array of fish.

The various types of aquariums

were noteworthy. The most

varied display belonged to a

fish collector, Zafar Ahmad. He

exhibited fish like piranha,

gourami, angel, turtle, oscar,

red prawns, marine fish,

shark, and fancy carp. One

tank was devoted to

Bangladeshi fish like katla.

However, many of the stalls

were empty which gave the

section an unfinished look.

The fish section was definitely

less inspiring than the birds

to prevent their escape.

An Afternoon with the T

Birds and the Fish

by Saifa Rashid

### by Gemini Wahhaj

So are the secret underground rooms that were building for hiding in case of attack. Rumor has it that the rooms were closed after several visitors lost their way underground. The secret staircase that leads to the secret rooms is still

The governor's house boasts an audience hall, the Hammam or bathroom, and some interesting historical objects. The ancient swords, guns and war outfit give the visitor a sense of the danger that once surrounded the now peaceful fort. The Hammam consists of a huge bathing platform, boiler rooms for heating the water, a dressing room, and other chambers of dubious purpose. A lack of signs leaves the curious visitor unsatisfied. The audience hall upstairs displays Mughal coins and family por-

The Ahsan Manzil Museum also overlooks the Buriganga. The pink majestic building consists of thrity-one rooms and a dome that can be seen for miles around. Once the house of Dhaka's Nawab, it has recently been turned into a museum boasting twenty-three galleries to display the Nawab's family portraits, furniture and household items.

The Bara Katra and Chota Katra, located 200 yards from each other, are two important remains of the Dhaka's Mughal rule. The enclosed quadrangles were built in 1644 and 1663, respectively, and served the purpose of caravan serais.

Before the coming of the Mughals, Sonargaon was the capital of Bengal. Before the 13th century, it was the seat of the Deva Dynasty. After that it served as the Sultanate of Bengal's subsidiary capital until the advent of the Mughals. Located 29 km from Dhaka, it also holds several shrines and a beautiful mosque in Goaldi village. But most of all, Sonargaon is worth visiting for the combined history of its period architecture and its regal past.

The best known and most well-preserved national monuments are of course the Central Shahid Minar in Dhaka

created by two Hong Kong Artists, calligrapher and

painter Tsze Wei Chan and

illustrator Annie Lee. To

ensure consistency, all the

brushstrokes will be produced

Cathay Pacific

Changes Logo

in Hong Kong.

HE new brush wing lo-

go has an Asian touch. The brushstrokes were

and the National Memorial in Dhaka. Both premises are the site of many cultural functions and gatherings, which bring back vivid memories of the fight for independence.

### Lunch Break at the Water Front

The Water Front Restaurant at Zia International Airport is owned by Parjatan. Although marked a tourist spot, it is more popular with the younger local population. The restaurant sits on an island. To get to the premises, we had to cross a small bridge. The food selection ranged from teenage favourites like burgers and

enough in the winter, but if you are looking for somewhere bearable in the summer, try the restaurant on the island. And have some Kabab on the

### Pleasure Cruise on the Shalook

The M. L. Shalook pleasure craft started operations on November 18. The 72-seater boat boasts double-bed cabins. a central sound system, its own kitchen, and a cultural program

The Shalook offers two regular rides. On Friday and Satuday, a five hour ride starts at 10 a.m. The charge is Taka



Cultural function on the Shalook - Parjatan

chicken sandwiches to traditional Bangladeshi snacks like Samosa.

We could sit inside the restaurant or outside, by the water. The third option was having kabab on the boat. We chose to sit inside and watch the people around us. One giggling group of college students had brought a camera along. After lunch, we sat under one of the umbrella shades near the water. There was a nice breeze over the water, and we talked happily for hours. Other people had gone for walks in the tree-lined strip around the lake. But the most popular sport at the Water Front is a boat ride over the water. The ride is Taka 20 per person, and an extra Taka 20 for a hired rower.

The Water Front is popular

500 per person and Taka 300 for children under 12 years: Services include coffee and snacks in the morning, a buffet lunch, and a live cultural show. Guest are picked up from Hotel Abakash at 9 am. Sonargaon at 9:10 am, and Sheraton Hotel at 9:15 am.

On weekdays, the morning cruise starts at 10 am and the afternoon cruise starts at 3 pm Both cruises are two hours long. The price is Taka 250 per person, for a minimum of 12 people. Services include a round trip to Pagla V.I.P. jetty, light snacks, and a guide.

For further information about the cruise, call the Tour Division head office at 327842 and 817855-9, or Dhaka Sheraton Hotel at 509479 or 863391.

# A Cultural and Culinary tour of Calcutta

300 years ago on the villages of Kalicut and Sotanuti. It was a major trading centre of the world in those days. Greeks. Armenians Chinese, Turks and Persians travelled to this city in search of trade and commerce, a lot of whom even settled and became Indian citizens. The British Raj carbon copied London's plans for Calcutta.

If you stroll along the sidewalk of the maidan and gorar marth (field) you will notice buildings along the Chowringhee road resembling those, in London such as Harrods in Knightsbridge.

Although Calcutta is a dirty and overcrowded city, the potential of this city in terms of art, antique treasures and culsine is beyond imagination. The many art galleries are

an old phenomenon in Calcutta, compared to Dhaka where they are a relatively new trend. Gallery 88 is currently the most popular. Others worth visiting include Birla art gallery. Fine Arts gallery and Chitrakoot. Regular exhibitions are held involving the likes of Paritosh Sen, Sunil Das, Vikash Bhattacharjee, Prokash Kamarkar and Jogen Choudhury.

The Bangladesh Deputy High Commission in Calcutta in consonance with the city's artistic character opened a modern gallery at its premises last year. Many of the West Bengali artists mentioned

### by Ruksana Hossain

above as well as Mohammed Kibria. Hashem Khan. Mahmudul Haq and Samaritt Ray from Bangladesh, had the unique opportunity to participate in an art camp held at the Deputy High Commission in February 1993. The Calcutta antiques scene

is not to be missed either. The Streets of Mullick Bazar and Wellesley are full of old furniture and antiques next to the collection of antiques like Victoria, Chowringee and Russell exchange on park Street. Most of the pieces are bought by the Bombay based merchants to be shipped abroad for higher prices. The Chinese vases that reach from the floor to the ceiling of the old building are flabbergasting. A price tag reads Rs 50 lakhs.

There is a Persian merchant located behind an art gallery on Park Street. Apart from vases the collector has prices of jade and ivory given as gifts from Burma, China and Indonesia, fabulous pieces of teak furniture that belonged to the Tagore family and some rare paintings.

If you travel to Calcutta, one mandatory stop should be the collections of Raja Mullick at the marble palace located in the old parts of Calcutta. A few generations of collections now form a museum. Rana Mukherjee, who belongs to an old merchant, family, has a

collection worth seeing as well. It is located next to the US embassy on Middleton Street.

After a busy day of art gazing and antique hunting, nothing can be better than a delicious dinner. Calcutta lags behind Dhaka where Thai food is concerned, but the quality of Chinese restaurants there is far better than anything in Dhaka The popular and affordable People's Chinese Restaurant, Tangra, is well worth trying out for their authentic dishes. The foul smell from the tannery next to the eatery doesn't detract from the experience.

If these olfactory thrills appeal to you, the major hotels in Calcutta like the Taj Bengal and the Grand also have excellent restaurants. China Bowl on Southern avenue is recommended, although the low ceiling and small space may be claustrophóbic.

"Moghal food restaurants are very popular. Smaller places ike Rohimania and Amenia are fabulous for chap bhaja, biryani. Otherwise, Amber and Siraji also serve authentic Moghul food.

The Indian government should spend more money on this city to restore some of the old buildings and maintain Calcutta às an historic place. It is disheartening to see older houses being replaced by bland modern structures.



High Commission in Calcutta (1993).

# Ticket to the US

HE following is a list of airline fares for students flying to the United States from Dhaka. Since most students enter the US through New York or Los Angeles, fares were compiled for only these two cities. We also listed only the six most frequently used airlines. All ticket prices are

valid through December only Add a tax charge of Taka 864 for one-way fares and Taka 1,266 for roundtrip fares. Our information was supplied by Far East Aviations. Travel agents may charge different commision rates, but the basic fare will remain the same across agents.

## Dhaka/New York

Carrier	Stops	OY(Taka)	RT(Taka)
Biman	None	30,388	50,071
Gulf	Gulf	24150	40,250
Emirates	Dubai	26,162	52,325
British	London	30,188	50,828

# Dhaka/Los Angeles

Carrier	Stops	OY(Taka)	RT(Tak
Singapore	Singapore	27,934	55,868
Cathay	Hong Kong	27,129	54,257
Thai	Bangkok	27,088	53,372

Air several times between London and Air several times

Dhaka, I just realized how

many wonderful stops the

airline makes in the middle

east. The Gulf stops in Abu

Dhabi, Bahrain, Doha, and

Muscat(Oman). But I have

never made the effort to get a

visa and step outside to ex-

plore these places. Here is a

description of Oman, so that

another traveller may feel in-

spired to sieze the opportu-

Arabian Gulf and the Indian

Ocean. The country is bor-

dered by the United Arab Emi-

rates on the west, Saudi Ara-

bia, and Yemen. It's landscape

ranges from lush green low-

lands to spectacular moun-

The country's capital Mus-

cat is also an age-old port con-

veniently located at the en-

trance to the Arabian Gulf. In

fact, Muscut means anchorage.

If you are in Muscat, visit

Oman lies between the

nity.

FTER travelling by Gulf

To see an ancient Arab

market, visit the Muttrah souk, The souk consists of narrow streets selling such traditional Arab wares as perfumes, incense and medicinal herbs. Muscat is also rich in parks Oman consists of Muscat,

Interior, Eastern, Batina, Dhahira, Central, Dhofar, and Musandam. The interior extends into the desert and is made up of oasis cities. Many of the towns boast ancient forts and other historical buildings. The Eastern Region has sandy beaches and rocky areas. The port of Sur, known for fishing and shipbuilding, belongs to the Eastern Region. The town of Kalhat boasts the Bibi Mariam mosque. Al Mudairib is noted for architecture that has remained unchanged

the Mirami Fort which sits atop a mountain. The Omanis for centuries. built the fort, but the Portugese made additions to it during their rule from 1507 to

scenic rocks and many springs. The Central Region is next to the desert and home to nomadic tribes. Cattle breeding and fishing are their main livelihood. You may visit Al Dugm for its scenic coastlines and lagoons, gazelle, oryx, and

Arabian sea in the south. It houses the garden city of Salalah, which houses the ruins of the palace of Queen Sheba, an ancient temple believed to be dedicated to the moon god, and a whole town.

the north is separated from the rest of the nation by the UAE. The town of Khasab boasts a 17th-century fort and date plantations.

year. Between June and October, it is watered by the Mon-Oman attracts visitors throughout the year because climate and temperatures vary

national committees in India. In recognition of his outstanding work in various fields. Mr Mody has received many honours and awards, including the "Padma Bhushan" Award presented by the Government of India in 1989 for his

# Dubai signs Memorandum of Understanding with the Comoros the route.

Sheikh Ahmed commented: This memorandum of understanding is significant because it will pave the way for business and tourism links between Dubai and the Indian Ocean territories. The agreement means that Emirates has a viable option to operate in the Comoros in the near fu-

Maurice Flanagan, Group Managing Director of Emirates said: "We are very pleased to see this memorandum of understanding signed and we shall now be actively reviewing the potential for operating services between Dubai and the Comoros".

Coutesy : Emirates

#### T UNMING is the capital of Yunnan province, which borders Vietnam,

HE president of the

Aviation H H Sheikh Ahm-

ed recently signed a memora-

ndum of understanding bet-

ween the government of Dubai

and the government of the

Federal Islamic Republic of the

Comoros for air services between

the Emirates and the Republic.

derstanding aloows the na-

tional carriers of Dubai,

Emirates, and the Comoros to

operate commercial flights on

The memorandum of un-

Dubai Department of Civil

Laos, Burma, and Tibet. The city is known as Spring City because of its temperate climate. The city was built in 1832. It grew in economic and strategic importance after the opening of the French Indochina Railway in 1910.

Just south of the city. Dianchi Lake is the sixth largest lake in China.

Surrounded by parkland and overlooked by hills, it is a beautiful setting. Yuantong Park lies at the foot of Yuantong Hill and surrounds a 13th Century Buddhist temple.

A little west of the city, a rhinoceros is said to have turned into a bamboo tree. The Bamboo temple is built on that mystical spot. It contains many pieces of historic Buddhist statuary. To the northeast of the city lies the Green Lake, a

Kunming: Lakes, Temples, and a Forest willow-lined body of water. Surrounding the lake is a parkland with walkways, a temple, flower gardens and meadows where 'tai chi' exercises take place at sunrise.

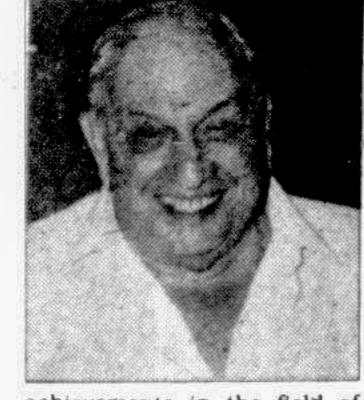
> The Golden Temple lies northeast of Kunming, on top of a hill, and is actually made of copper. The Stone forest is a breathtakingly# scenic area. It contains curiously-shaped limestone peaks and many gorges.
>
> Courtesy -DragonAir

# Air India Appoints New Chairman

R Russi Mody has assumed charge as Chairman of Air-India Limited effective November 9,

Born in Bombay on January 17, 1918, Mr Mody is an Arts (Honours) graduate from Harrow & Christ Church, Oxford. He has had a distinguished career in leading industrial houses in the private sector in India and abroad. Till recently he was Chairman of the Tata Iron and Steel Co Ltd and other companies of Tata Group of Industries. Mr Mody is a well-known corporate personality in India. Managing

people is his forte. He is a member of many



achievements in the field of Private Sector Management. He was declared India's Best Chief Executive in an opinion poll conducted by Business World and has featured amongst the six top Industrial Personalities of the world chosen by the BBC for their TV serials titled "Money Makers". He was awarded the Fellowships of the Duke of Edinb-

urgh's Award Scheme and World Academy of Productivity Science (WAPS). Norway. He was conferred "Manav Ratna" by Bharat Sevashram Sangh for contribution to community development, national integration and protection of the environment in January 1991; and the "Pride of India" Gold Medal for distinguished services and outstanding achievements by the NRI Institute (USA) at New York in July 1991. Mr Mody has a keen inter-

est in cricket, golf, skiing, amateur flying, reading, bridge, tennis, music and cooking. Courtesy - Air India

Any suggestions about the

page should be directed to Gemini Wahhaj, c/o The Daily Star. Contributions about experiences in Chittagong, Rangamatt, or Cox's Bazar will be specially welcomed:



section.

- Hotel Sonargaon

create an impact in the Asian ing marketing dollars in Asia Asian, personal, and impossi-

by staff correspondent The airline's new logo is part of a larger campaign to

market. The airline is spendon innovative advertisements specially geared toward the Asian customer. The new brushstroke, used in all print advertisements, is deliberately ble to mass-produce. It is said to represent the special human touch of Cathay Pacific.

by our correspondent

1649. The Jalali Fort, which was also rebuilt by the Portugese, was used as the country's main prison for many

The Al Batina region is green and fertile. It is known for weaving, bullfighting,

water birds. The Dhofar lies next to the

The Musandam region in

Mild weather prevails in the Dhofar region throughout the

from one region to another. In the coastal areas the summers are hot and long, but the mountains and Dhofar region enjoy a temperate climate.