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ROTARY GSE TEAM NOMINATION

THROUGH
ROTARY CLUB OF DHAKA SOUTH

The Rotary Foundation is going to send 2 Group Study Exchange Team from Bangladesh: One to Rotary District 9800, Victoria, Australia and another to District 7730, North Carolina, USA in the early part of 1995. The Rotary Club of Dhaka South invites Applications for Team Membership along with CV, Copy of Academic Certificates, employer's/Vocational Certificate along with a recent Passport Size Photograph to G.P.O. Box 969, Dhaka-1000 latest by 30th September, 1994. Eligibility: Both men & women with good health, Proficiency in English, Academically well Qualified, Currently employed in any recognised business or Profession for at least 2 years at the time of application. Qualified Rotaractors are also encouraged to apply.

ঠিকাদারের পূর্বযোগ্যতা
নির্ধারণ বিভিন্ন

ঠিকাদারের পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণ সার্কেরের অধীন ১৯৯৪-৯৫ সনে (ক) বড়ল বিসিন ডেভেলপমেন্ট প্রকল্পের আওতার নাটোরে জেলের বড়দীয়াম থানাধীন আঞ্চলিক নামক হানে বড়ল নদীর উপর একটি ৫ (পাঁচ) ফুকার প্রতি ফুকারে ২.৫৫ মিঃ x ৩.০৫ মিঃ বিশিষ্ট রেঙ্গুলের নির্মাণ এবং (খ) আপোর তুলনাগত নদীর উভ তীব্র বন্যা নিয়ন্ত্রণ ও নিরাপদ প্রকল্পের আওতায় তুলনাগত নদীর বামতীরে জয়পুরহাট ক্ষেত্রের ফেতলাল ধানাধীন হানে হানে পুরু মুকার (প্রতি ফুকার ১.৬৫মিঃ x ১.৫২ মিঃ) বিশিষ্ট একটি রেঙ্গুলের নির্মাণ কাজের ঠিকাদার পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণের জন্য বাংলাদেশ পানি উন্নয়ন বোর্ডের ১৯৯৪-৯৫ সালের তালিকাতুল এ প্রেরণ ঠিকাদার ঠিকাদার প্রতিষ্ঠানের নিকট হাতীত দরবারে আহবান করা যাইতেছে। উভ রেঙ্গুলের আনুমতিক প্রকল্প মূল যথাক্রমে (ক) এপোর জানুয়ারী ১৯৯৫ এর মধ্যে কাজ আরম্ভ করিতে হইবে এবং এপোর মে ১৯৯৬ এর মধ্যে বাস্তবায়ন সম্পত্তি করিতে হইবে।

(১) উভ রেঙ্গুলের নির্মাণ কাজে ইতিপূর্বে যে সমস্ত ঠিকাদার/ফার্ম উপরে বর্তিত এক কাজের জন্য ১০০.০০ লক্ষ টাকা এবং (খ) এর কাজের জন্য ৮০.০০ লক্ষ টাকা মূলের অনুমতি কাজ স্বীকৃত কর্তব্যান্বিত আহবান করা যাইতেছে।

(২) পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণ দলিলে উল্লিখিত আঞ্চলিক ঠিকাদার/ঠিকাদারী প্রতিষ্ঠানের কর্মসূচি কর্মচারী/নির্মাণ সর্বজ্ঞানাদি ও আর্থিক ব্যক্তিতা ও পূর্ব অভিজ্ঞতার প্রতিষ্ঠিতে পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণ করা হইবে।

(৩) পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণ সংক্রান্ত দলিলাদি ম্যানেজার সোনালী ব্যাংক, রায়পুর শাখা, মতিবিল বাণিজ্যিক এলাকা, ঢাকা/সোনালী ব্যাংক, সাতেহ রাজা শাখা, রাজশাহী/ অগ্রণী ব্যাংক, নওগাঁ শাখা, নওগাঁ/পূর্বালী ব্যাংক লিঃ চলন বিল, পেরুন নাটোর/অগ্রণী ব্যাংক, নবাবগঞ্জ শাখা, নবাবগঞ্জ হাইতে প্রতি সেট তিনি ফর্মে ২০০০/- (দুই হাজার) টাকা নগদ মূল্য (ফেরতযোগ্য নহে), ব্যাংক চলাকালীন সময়ে সকল কার্যদিবসে আগামী ২৫-৯-৯৪ ইং তারিখ পর্যন্ত সংগ্রহ করা যাইবে।

(৪) পূর্বযোগ্যতা নির্ধারণ সংক্রান্ত প্রথম পত্রের জ্বাবে সীলন্মোহরকৃত খামে নিষ্পত্তিকারীর দলিলে এবং তত্ত্বাবধায়ক প্রকৌশলী, পরিচালন ও রক্ষণাবেক্ষণ সার্কেল, পানি উন্নয়ন বোর্ড, মতিবিল, বাণিজ্যিক এলাকা, ঢাকা আগামী ০১-১০-১৯৯৪ ইং তারিখে অফিস চলাকালীন সময়ে একযোগে গ্রহণ করা হইবে।

(৫) মোগ্যতসম্পন্ন ঠিকাদারদের একটি তালিকা প্রণয়ন করিয়া যথাসময়ে আহরণক্ষেত্রে জানানো হইবে।

তালুকব্ধিক প্রকৌশলী
রাজশাহী পানি উন্নয়ন সার্কেল,
পাটনা, সমুদ্র, রাজশাহী।

DFF-446-15/9
G-1439

Dr Bindeshwa Pathak: an action sociologist, has devoted his life to liberating the scavengers from carrying headload of human excreta in India.

His way of action is unique in its own way — by innovating and popularising a special type of latrine, he eliminated the need for scavengers to clean excreta.

Through his social service organisation — Sulabh Shauchalya Sangathan later named Sulabh International, Dr Pathak started his work at Patna, Bihar back in 1970.

His sulabh shauchalya is much cheaper than latrines with septic tanks. The excreta does not need to be cleaned, but turns into manure which can be used in croplands in two years time. These latrines are even being used to produce bio-gas. Dr Pathak said:

Today, the organisation has grown to such an extent that it has branches in 20 states and two union territories of India. So far, Dr Pathak has relieved about 35,000 scavengers from suffering the humiliation of

carrying excreta as headload.

Recently, Dr Pathak came to Bangladesh to attend a seminar. He talked to a group of journalists in the city yesterday.

The freeing of the scavengers has been possible by constructing seven lakh pour-flush toilets in 18 states and by constructing and maintaining more than 2000 public toilet-cum-bath complexes in 600 cities in India," Dr Pathak told journalists.

This programme has been highly successful," Dr Pathak said. "This has also reduced the risk of diseases like diarrhoea."

As a recognition of his work, Dr Pathak has been awarded the Padma Bhushan by the government of India and also the International Saint Francis Prize for Environment instituted by the Vatican.

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