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SHABAN 7, 1411 HIJRI

Let us devote our efforts to ensure free and fair polls on February 27. Cast your vote judiciously and allow others to exercise their rights.

10 PAGES: PRICE TAKA. 3.00

Inside today

International

No surrender: Saddam



Saddam vows no surrender and says in an unyielding speech the Gulf war is heading for the mother of battles. Page 5

Margot Fonteyn dead



Dame Margot Fonteyn, the prima ballerina whose infectious smile and timeless grace thrilled dance lovers for 45 years, died of can-

> cer Thursday. Page 5

Feature

Education

The Indian state of

Kerala is heading towards achieving the target of full literacy by the end of 1991. Page 6

Article

New Idea in South Africa



"Majoritarian rule"—as Constitutional Minister Gerrit Vilojoen has named it-is not the only route to a non-racial democracy.

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NEWS BRIEFS

Ozal sacks **Defence Minister**

ANKARA, Feb 22: Turkish President Turgut Ozal today sacked Defence Minister Husnu Dogan, the Anatolia news agency reported. The President had accused Dogan of treachery for publicly opposing the candidacy of his wife Semra Ozal as head of the ruling conservative Motherland Party in Istanbul last week, reports AFP.

Five Tamil rebels shot dead

COLOMBO, Feb 22: At least five Tamil guerillas were shot dead by security forces in Sri Lanka's embattled northeastern region as fighting continued, a military spokesman here said today, reports AFP.

Population in China 1.143b

BEIJING, Feb 22: China. the world's most populous country, added 16.29 million people in 1990, bringing the population to 1.143 billion, the state statistical bureau said. reports Reuter.

Cong (I) leader killed

NEW DELHI, Feb 22: Suspected separatist militants today killed a leader of former Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's Congress Party in the northeastern state of Assam. the United News of India (UNI) news agency reported, says Reuter.

FALGUN 10, 1397 BS,

DHAKA SATURDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1991

Soviet peace proposal termed conditional, rejected

Bush's ultimatum to Saddam

8-point peace plan

Following is the 8-point Soviet peace proposal: FIRST, Iraq states about its full and unconditional

withdrawal of its forces from Kuwait. SECOND, the withdrawal of forces begins on the day after

the cessation of hostilities. THIRD, the withdrawal of forces will take place in a fixed

time frame. FOURTH, after they withdraw two thirds of all the forces, Iraqi forces, from Kuwait, the economic sanctions envisaged

by the UN will cease to apply to Iraq. FIFTH, after the end of the withdrawal of Iraqi forces from Kuwait, the causes would cease to exist, the causes for the corresponding resolutions of the Security Council, so thus those resolutions would cease to be in effect.

SIXTH, right after the ceasefire, all the POWs will be immediately released.

SEVENTH, the withdrawal of forces would be monitored by the countries not directly involved in the conflict, being so entrusted by the Security Council of the United Nations.

AND, last point, the work on determining the details and specifications continues. The final outcome of this work will be made public today, on the 22nd of February, to the members of the Security Council of the United Nations.

- UN Security Council goes into a session to discuss Soviet plan
- Moscow's plan is really taking shape: Primakov Responsibility will lie with those who start the
- war: Moscow
- Britain rejects Soviet peace plan.
- It's a unique opportunity for peace: Perez
- Iraq's acceptance of Soviet plan is a step to right direction: France
- Soviet plan a positive step: China, Cuba, Yemen, Ecuador
- Too many conditions along with plan: Saudi Arabia
- Saddam will have to leave war materials behind:
- ★ Iraq is bidding for time: US soldier

WASHINGTON, Feb 22: President George Bush today gave Iraqi President Saddam Hussein until noon Saturday to begin a massive and unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait, reports AFP.

He also accused Iraq of carrying out a scorched earth policy in Kuwait, including trying to destroy that country's oil products capability, prior to a possible withdrawal.

After examining the Moscow statement Thursday on a Soviet-brokered 8-point peace proposal and extensive consultations with allies, he said, I had decided that the time has come to make public with specificity just exactly what is required of Iraq if a

ground war is to be avoided.

The coalition will give Saddam Hussein until noon Saturday to do what he must do: begin his immediate and unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait. We must hear publicly and authoritatively his accep-

tance of these terms, he said. He did not say if he meant noon Washington time or noon Baghdad time.

Earlier, a US senior administration official said, the Soviet-Iraqi proposal to end the Gulf war calls for a conditional withdrawal from Kuwait, which is unacceptable to the United States.

"The main conclusion is that the Soviet proposal represents a conditional withdrawal

which is clearly beyond the scope of the UN resolutions." said the official, who spoke on condition of anonymity following a meeting of President George Bush with his senior national security advisers.

"The Soviet call for lifting of economic sanctions and lifting the UN resolutions amounts to a conditional withdrawal that would be unacceptable to the United States." the official said.

whether the plan could serve as the base for future negotia-

Administration officials were communicating the results of the nearly two-hour meeting, which ended at

midnight, to coalition partners, the official said.

The Soviet Union says Iraq has responded positively to its peace plan, which includes an Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, but public reaction by the United States has been cool.

The White House said Bush had 'serious concerns' about Soviets' eight proposals Cable News Network (CNN) said the senior administration official had listed two of the unaccept-The official did not indicate able items as the demand for the lifting of economic sanctions and the dropping of most of the resolutions adopted by the United Nations after Irag's takeover of Kuwait.

> Tass reports from Moscow: Bush told Soviet President

Mikhail Gorbachev today he had doubts over Moscow's Gulf peace plan.

"The US President voiced doubts about the possibility of using the opportunity made available by the reply from Baghdad, * Tass said.

Gorbachev telephoned Bush at 4.00 am Moscow times (0100 GMT) after 2-1/2 hours of talks with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz.

In Moscow Soviet envoy Yevegeny Primakov said today that Moscow's plan to end the Gulf war was 'really taking shape' and US-led forces would bear responsibility if they dashed it by launching a ground war."

See Page 10 Col 3

Allies have launched ground war: Iraq

BAGHDAD, Feb 22: An Iraqi military communique said today that Allied forces had launched "the ground battle" across the Saudi-Kuwait border at 9.15 am (0615 GMT), reports Reuter.

The Army's 58th communique of the Gulf war said. "yes, it has indeed begun." Baghdad radio interrupted

its programmes to read the

communique. The communique added: "We announce to the world...the American administration, its allies and agents are responsible for this grave development which will finish off the chances of peace which

were welcomed by Iraq." "Iraq from its side will continue... defending its land and sovereignty and will deal the

biggest blow", the communique said. The announcement came on the 37th day of the Gulf war amid reports from Moscow that Iraq had given a positive response to an eightpoint peace plan brokered by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev.

Baghdad radio said Iraq had beaten back an attack Thursday led by a British armoured division. It said its front-line troops

destroyed most of the British equipment and forced its soldiers to flee. But it did not say where the fighting took place.

It also said three Allied planes and two helicopters were shot down. Allied planes had carried out 23 raids on Iraqi civilian targets including "residential areas, herdsman's

tents, bridges, culverts.. flocks of sheep grazing in the countryside.

British and US gunners said Thursday they had fired the biggest artillery barrage of the war. All the artillery in Britain's 1st armoured division opened up along a 16 km (010 mile) front along the Saudi border, firing 1,300 shells and 144 rockets.

The Iraqi communique said: "They opened up... with all weapons.

Iraqi forces "repulsed the aggressors inflicting substantial casualties, destroying most of the weapons of the attacking force, and compelling the remaining force to flee."

According to AP: In Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, the US Central Command's Chief Information

their hectic electioneering on

Monday midnight. The 48 hour-long ban on election

meetings and processions will

be effective within 42 hours

Nationalist Party (BNP) Begum

Khaleda Zia is expected to

close her hustings by

addressing a meeting at Manik

Mia Avenue tomorrow. Awami

League chief Sheikh Hasina

will end her electioneering by

addressing a meeting at

Panthapath, west of Sonargaon

Zia began election campaign

from the third week of

January. During this period

both the leaders addressed on

an average over a dozen meet-

ings everyday to draw support

for their candidates.

Shetkh Hasina and Khaleda

Hotel, on Monday afternoon.

Chief of Bangladesh

from this morning.

Officer said there was no basis for a news report that the Allted side had launched the ground war.

In Washington, Capt. Sam Pentagon Grizzele, a spokesman, said: "We have absolutely no indications that a ground war has begun." Another report from Riyadh

said Allied and Iraqi troops fought on Saudi Arabia's northern border early today. US planes attacked Scud missile launchers in eastern Iraq.

US military sources said two American marines were wounded and 70 Iraqi soldiers captured in the fighting.

Artillery fire was exchanged when marines engaged an Iraqi patrol shortly after midnight. At least one Iraqi tank and four other vehicles were

Electioneering ends Monday

destroyed. A US patrol vehicle was damaged

Allied planes carried out daylight bombing raids on the Baghdad area for the first time Correspondents in the lragi capital said first explosions

across the city shortly after sirens watled at 10.30 am (0730 GMT) The targets appeared to be

from a 45-minute raid echoed

on the outskirts of Baghdad. Allted planes also bombed

the outskirts of Iraq's second city Basra, starting fires visible 20 km (12 miles) away in Iran, Tehran Radio said today.

The radio said in a report monitored by the British Broadcasting Corporation that two raids took place near the village of Shalamcheh on the Iran-Iraq border.



Sheikh Hasina (left) and Begum Khaleda Zia, accompanied by party leaders and workers, placing wreaths at the Central Shaheed Minar. - Star photo

Hasina firm to root out politics of killings

NARAYANGANJ, Feb 22: Awami League chief Sheikh Hasina yesterday reiterated her firm determination to root out the politics of killings and conspiracy for establishing people's rule if her party was voted to power, reports BSS.

"We believe in the philosophy of the father of the nation that the people, not bullet, are the source of all power in a democratic system of government," she told a massive public meeting here during her electioneering tour of four

districts, including Dhaka. addressed big public meetings respective constituencies. at Demra, Chanpara, Kanchan,

Paiksha, Kaligani, Ghorashal, Araihazar, Madhabdi, Fatulla, Adamjee and Narayanganj during her day-long electioneering tour of Dhaka, Gazipur, Narshingdi and Narayanganj districts.

Nominees of Awami League and eight parties were introduced in the meetings by Sheikh Hasina who called upon the people to elect her candidates to ensure the basic rights which she said were snatched away during the rules of 1975-90 governments.

The candidates also ad-The Awami League chief dressed the meetings in their See Page 10 Col 8

People do not want famine: Khaleda

CHHAGALNAIYA, Feb 22: Bangladesh Nationalist Party chief Begum Khaleda Zia Friday called upon the people to exercise their right to franchise prudently to safeguard the independence and sovereignty.

reports BSS. Begum Zia expressed her belief that people would resist the betrayers and corrupt persons in the coming polls by electing BNP.

She was addressing a big public meeting at Chhagalnaiya Pilot High School ground.

She said people did not

want a repetition of the 1974

famine. They also did not want

to see the country sold away. She said people would not vote for those who could not even ensure food for the children during their tenure. She said people wanted

Bismillahir Rahmanir Rahim enshrined in the Constitution and to protect independence. Begum Zia said BNP was determined to protect the

Constitution and establish real

democracy. She said the people were now united under the flag of BNP as they have seen BNP government had saved the dying millions through its pragmatic development pro-

See Page 10 Col 2

Mizan's statement downright false, says Press Note

reports BSS. The Press Note: "Attention of the Government has been drawn to a public statement of Mizanur Rahman Chowdhury,

During the hustings the leaders of two major parties

In a Press Note Friday night the Government denied and rejected all the allegations made by Mizanur Rahman Chowdhury, Acting Chairman of Jatiya Party in a public statement on February 20 at Rangpur as downright falsehood and politically motivated,

See Page 10 Col 1

Ekushey vow to realise dreams of martyrs

The nation paid homage to the martyrs of the Language Movement and took a fresh vow to materialise their dream of an exploitation-free democratic society as it observed Shaheed Day (Ekushey February) on Thursday.

The day was observed in a changed potitical situation marked by election enthusi-

The programmes of the day started with the placing of wreaths at the central Shaheed Minar by Acting President Justice Shahabuddin Ahmed immediately after midnight on .Wednesday.

Streams of barefoot processionists converged at the Shaheed Minar. The processionists also visited the mazars of the shaheeds at Azimpur graveyard and placed wreaths. The day's programmes also included discussion meetings.

seminars. symposia, poetry recitation sessions, children's painting competitions, musical soirees and cultural functions. A three-Ekushey week-long Granthamela' (book fair) organised by Bangla Academy in collaboration with Bangladesh

Book Publishers and Sellers

Association has been on since

By Staff Correspondent

The day was a closed public holiday. National newspapers brought out special issues while Radio and Television put up special programmes.

Most political parties placed wreaths at the Shaheed Minar Thursday morning. Begum Khaleda Zia, BNP chief, placed wreaths at the Shaheed Minar at 1-30 a. m. amidst slogans by her supporters. She was accompanied by party leaders and workers.

Later BNP chief and other leaders went to the Azimpur graveyard and offered fateha

Awami League chief Sheikh Hasina, accompanied by party leaders and workers, came to the Shaheed Miner at 11.35 am. and placed wreaths as her supporters filled the air with slogans.

Leaders of the Dhaka University Central Students Union (DUCSU) and the All-Party Students Union (APSU). other student organisations and different socio-cultural organisations also laid wreaths at the Shaheed Minar and visited the graveyard.

Different groups were seen presenting musical programmes and reciting poems on the streets. Mobile musical groups also held their programmes at street corners. The election enthusiasm

added a new dimension to the observance of the day this year. Volunteers from political parties were seen working unitedly to maintain discipline at the Shaheed Minar.

Bangla Academy organised a seminar on "mass upsurge-'90" on the occasion Journalist Ataus Samad read out the keynote paper at the seminar which was presided by noted educationist Prof. Ahmed Sharif. Barrister Ishtiaq See Page 10 Col 2

amidst hopes and despair By Reazuddin Ahmed Political parties will end made election pledges which code of conduct with the

include poverty alleviation. agricultural development, industrialisation, exemption of agricultural loans and land tax. Besides, both the parties promised changes in future to give democracy an institutional

Awami League and BNP ruled the country in the past. The leaders of both the parties accused each other of misrule during their periods. The accusations at times turned into mud slinging. The political parties however showed utmost tolerance. Even then there were some incidents which claimed at least nine lives. According to administration, the number of violent incidents was less than those in

The administration has taken precaution to check violence on the election day. The political parties agreed to a

Election Commission. But many parties violated it which led to commotions in different

The administration has taken up steps to ensure free and fair polls. Army started moving to upaztla headquarters from Friday. They will help the civil administration maintain law and order but will not go to any polling centre, according to official sources. Paramilitary forces, police and Ansars will be on guard at polling centres. In the metropolitan cities, special arrangements have been made to deploy additional contingents of paramilitary forces.

Election Commission earlier amended the Representation of People Order. 1972 limiting the election spending of each candidate to Taka three lakh and making it See Page 10 Col 1

ELECTIONS 1991

The Baily Star will bring tomorrow a bi-colour 12-page tabloid-size supplement on Parliamentary Elections 1991.

This special number will contain interviews of AL, BNP, Jamaat, 5-party Alliance and CPB leaders, highlights of manifestoes, major election issues, post-election scenario by legal experts, basic facts about elections and many other informative and interesting features.

Please ask your hawker today for your copy tomorrow.