Human rights being violated in Asia

and October (1990)," Amnesty

had taken no steps to investi-

gate the thousands of

"disappearances" reported in

recent years and it had not re-

sponded to repeated requests

from Amnesty International to

send a delegation to the coun-

try, the Human Rights group

reported in the Philippines,

where over 50 people

"disappeared" after being de-

tained by government-backed

"Disappearances" were also

The Sri Lankan government

International said.

LONDON, July 8: In its annual survey of human rights around the world, Amnesty International reported "disturbing human rights violations" in Asia, including torture, arbitrary arrests and increased executions, reports

The London-based human rights group catalogued "disappearances" and extrajudicial executions in Sri Lanka, increased executions in China, torture or ill-treatment in many countries and arrests without cause throughout much of Asia.

"Asia..... was the stage for disturbing human rights violations," Amnesty International

cially executed or had "disappeared" in Sri Lanka, ' pose of bodies secretly."

of people had been extrajudi-

and their mothers, children, and elderly men and women. In Batticaloa Town alone over 1,200 people reported said in its 1990 report on 141 'disappeared' between June

One more alleged killer of Rajiv held in Nepal

NEW DELHI, July 8: Police in Nepal have arrested a suspected Sri Lankan Tamil guerilla in connection with the murder of former Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported on Sunday, reports

Reuter. PTI said two people arrested on Friday in New Delhi had contacted the man in the

countries released this week. It said torture, ill-treatment. or poor detention conditions were reported in China, India, Pakistan, Burma, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Papua New Guinea, the Philippines, South Korea and Thailand. The report said thousands

where security forces continued to have the power to dis-"Victims included babies

forces, it said.

Nepal capital Kathmandu to plan the escape of a wanted suspect known as Sivarasan. He is suspected of having

mastermind the May 21 assassination in the southern state of Tamil Nadu. PTI did not give the man's name or when he was arrested. Sivarasan and Subha, a woman believed to have been a

not been given. The LTTE, fighting for a separate homeland in Sri Lanka is the prime suspect

standby assassin for the bomb

attack on Gandhi have eluded

police their full names have

18 Pak troops killed

Israel rules out pullout from Lebanon:

Israeli leaders have rejected the possibility of withdrawing

troops from South Lebanon despite moves there by the Syrian

backed government to cripple guerilla activity along the

north Israel. As long as there are terrorist groups and terror-

ist activities, we will keep this line," Prime Minister Yitzhak

"security zone" in South Lebanon after Palestinian guerillas

were disarmed, Shamir replied: "It is too early to think about

such a possibility.... we have our security measures and we

Transit to Indians not suspended:

Pakistan denied on Sunday it had suspended transit facilities

to Indians and violated a bilateral visa agreement, Reuter

news agency said Islamabad had not taken any steps in viola-

Pakistan's decision to suspend transit facilities to Indians and

threatened to review its own policy towards travel between

visas would not be allowed to go out of airports and this ap-

Mozambican children work as slaves:

Destitute Mozambican children, some as young as five-years-

old are being forced to work as slaves and subjected to an

assortment of degrading abuses in slums surrounding

loiter on the streets day and night, begging for food and shel-

Some even seek shelter in the gutters and in bushes.

them do household chores for nothing more than food.

With nowhere to sleep and no food to eat. The children

Some residents, taking advantage of their plight, make

Many of these children are believed to have come into

Swaziland on their own, having left their parents in war-torn

Mozambique. Some are said to be children of Mozambicans

who were recently rounded up in raids conducted by the

Swaziland police and are currently in detention. Awaiting

deportation for staying in the Kingdom of Swaziland illegally.

11 killed in US plane crashes

Three small planes flying in a formation collided shortly after

takeoff Sunday, causing one to crash on a farm, killing all

four people aboard, an official said, reports AP from Qnincy.

plane crashed shortly after takeoff from an airstrip at Roche

Harbor, Wash, about 80 miles (128 kilometers) northwest of

formation that had just taken off from Quincy Municipal

small plane crashed and burst into flames near a home out-

Roche Harbor Air Strip and was turning when it struck trees

Japan, US navies join to pursue mines:

The Japanese and US navies have joined forces for the

dangerous task of locating mines the Iraqis planted in the

waters off Kuwait, about 200 more than the Iraqis had told

coalition forces it had placed on the coast of the occupied

fleet is due to disband on July 20, leaving the Japanese and

American sailors to hunt the mines Iraq planted off its own

coast to prevent an amphibious assault by Allied troops dur-

with Iraq on where its mines can be found. They also have not

Nine navies have cleared 1,239 tethered mines from the

With that task complete, the multinational mine hunting

Officials would not specify whether they have had contact

Airport, said Adams County Sheriff Robert Nall.

Gulf waters during the war, AP from Manama says.

side the San Juan Island town.

Elsewhere, three people were killed late Saturday when a

The planes in the Illinois collision were part of a five-plane

At Roche Harbor, Wash, three people died when their

The single Beechcraft Bonanza had just taken off from

plied equally to all foreigners, including Indians.

tion of the visa agreement relating to transit passengers.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman quoted by the official APP

India on Saturday strongly criticised what it called

The Pakistan spokesman said passengers without valid

"We are busy defending the security of our population in

Asked whether Israel considered leaving its self-declared

border, Reuter reports from Jerusalem.

Shamir told reporters on Sunday.

the two traditionally rival countries.

Swaziland, PTI from Ababane says.

ter in Swaziland's Manzini town.

Seattle.

and crashed.

emirate.

ing the war.

will keep them.'

reports from Islamabad.

ISLAMABAD, July 8 Eighteen Pakistani army personnel including a Captain were killed at noon on Sunday when a lively shell exploded at demolition side near Nowshera, some 30 km northwest of Peshwar, capital of Pakistan's . Northwest Frontier Province, reports Xinhua.

According to official reports reaching here this morning, several others including an army Major were injured on the spot and three military trucks loaded with ammunition were totally damaged.

Detailing the incident the reports said that at the time of blast as many as 26 personnel of the army corps of engineers were engaged in defusing the ordnance collected after last month's devastation of the army's ordnance depot in Nowshera.

The Nowshera arms depot blast, which took place in the afternoon of May 31 this year, had reportedly claimed more than 40 lives and left 200 others injured.

Investigations are under



ALGIERS: Islamic Salvation Front FIS leader Mohamed Said addresses reporters here July 7 after the FIS leaders Abasi Madani and Ali Belhadj were arrested several days ago. Said threatened holy war in a sermon July 5 if Algerian authorities continued to arrest members of the fundamentalist group. -AFP photo

The rights group reported an "unprecedented rise in violence and killings by separatist groups in several regions of India.... accompanied by a similar rise in politically motivated killings by government

forces in which many hun-

dreds of people died." The Human Rights organization said "torture remained widespread," in India with scores of people killed in police and military custody "apparently as a result of torture," Amnesty International said there were well-documented reports of women being raped by security forces during house-to-house scarches in Jammu and Kashmir.

There were at least 10,000 political prisoners held in India, Amnesty International

Boutros-Ghali candidate for UN Secy-Gen

CARIO, July 8: Egypt on Sunday presented the candidacy of career diplomat Boutros Boutros-Ghali for the post of UN Secretary General, the Foreign Ministry announced, reports AFP.

Boutros-Ghali is Deputy Prime Minister for External Affairs in the current Egyptian administration.

He was previously Minister of State at the Foreign Ministry since 1977, when he accompanied former President Anwar Sadat on his controversial visit to Jerusalem which paved the way to the signing in 1979 of an Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty.

Last of opposition leaders arrested in Algeria

found dead after he was ab-

ducted by government forces.

The report said an autopsy

showed Medina had been shot

28 times, his skull destroyed

by bullet and his genitals sev-

pregnant woman and six chil-

dren, were also reportedly

killed by government forces,

Philippines Defense Secretary

reportedly ordered the tempo-

rary suspension of those al-

legedly responsible for the

family's killing but no one had

been brought to justice by the

the report said. The

A family of 18, including a

ALGIERS, July 8: A senior member of the Islamic opposition was arrested Sunday when police raided a press conference he was holding in a town hall outside the Algerian capital, reports AFP.

Mohammed Said, the new spokesman for the fundamen talist Islamic Salvation Front (FIS) was the latest of the movement's leader to be hauled away by riot police since authorities began their crackdown against the FIS a week ago.

Last Sunday the front's leader Abassi Madani and his deputy, Ali Belhadi were arrested, and since then six other members of the movement's executive body have been detained.

Police first hustled Said, an Imam, into an inner room at

the Kouba Town Hall where he had been giving a news conference, amidst shouts by hundreds of FIS supporters. It was not immediately

known where Said was taken. Before police broke up the gathering, Said told journalists that his home had been searched twice and that he had not returned there for

7 killed, 26 hurt in S African violence

JOHANNESBURG, July 8: Seven people died and at least 26 were injured in new outbreaks of political violence in South Africa, police and staterun radio said today, reports

several days. After he was led away, supporters began chanting "Allahu Akbar" and "Chadli, murderer," in a reference to Algerian President Chadli Benjedid.

Said, who was named to replace Madani as spokesman for the front, delivered Friday prayers at the mosque in Bab el-Qued, an Islamic stronghold.

The FIS President, Madani, was arrested after he had threatened to call for a jihad or holy war if the state of siege declared on June 5 was not lifted.

At his press conference Sunday, before the latest police action, Said took a conciliatory tone, saying his party was not seeking to destabilise



MOSCOW: Twenty year-old US student Nicole Kent from Los Angeles feeds July 6 threemonth old Andrei she was adopted at Moscow's Hospital No-12, which takes care of abandoned children. The adoption is organised by the International Families Fund, of which Nicole is a member. The IFF provides medical and educational assistance to sick and abandoned children and hopes to send several Soviet children to the US for adoption. -AFP photo

Israel to settle 1m Jews in Jerusalem

CAIRO, July 8: Israel's Housing Minister Ariel Sharon has pledged to settle one million Jews in and around Jerusalem on lands captured from the Arabs in the 1967 Middle East war, reports

According to Israel Radio monitored here - Sharon also said Sunday that 2,500 new apartments will be built in the West Bank settlement Maaleh Adumim over the next three years to double its population.

He was speaking at a ceremony marking the 15th anniversary of the settlement "all this is part of the government plan to settle in greater Jerusalem" and "it will take a few years a million Jews" he told the gathering.

Arafat prepares for direct talks with Israel

JERUSALEM, July 8: Palestine Liberation Organisation leader Yasser Arafat has said that he was prepared for direct negotiations with Israel on the principles of 'territory for peace' and recognition of the Palestinians' right to a state, which would be guaranteed by the US, USSR, and the international community, reports

In a statement sent out to several Israeli newspapers yesterday, Arafat said 'before signing peace agreement, both sides must express readiness to delete or amend all articles in their constitutions which in any way threaten the security of Israel or the Palestinian

Arafat also proposed that Israel and the PLO would guarantee that there should be no violence during the talks.

Czechs won't stop Slovaks from seceding: Havel

NEW YORK, July 8: Czechoslovakian President Vaclav Havel has said in an interview with Newsweek International that the Czechs would not hinder the Slovaks if they wanted to secede, reports

Havel was quoted as saying in Prague last week that, if a referendum were held, it looked as if a majority of Slovaks would opt to remain in the common federal state.

"Even if the improbable happens and they decide for an independent state, the separation must take place in a constitutional manner," Havel said. "It is not the case that Czechs would prevent Slovaks from becoming independent if they want that."

The interview is published in the Newsweek edition available today.

Serbs, Croats battle: 5 killed

TENJE (Yugoslavia), July 8: Five people were killed and 24 wounded on Sunday in a sevenhour gunbattle between and Serbs and Croats in this east Croatian village, witnesses said, reports Reuter.

Federal army tanks stopped the shooting by rolling onto the main street to separate the combatants after one of Yugoslavia's worst ethnic clashes in months. Two Soviet-built T-55 tanks

and an armoured personnel carrier blocked the street, cutting the field of fire for the Serb and Croat fighters who stood with their rifles ready only 200 metres (yards) apart at opposite ends. Serbian fighters said they

lost two dead and an army officer was also killed.

Off the Record

Tito's ideals thrown to the winds

KUMROVEC (Yugoslavia): Yugoslavia's disintegration has made a sleepy backwater out of Tito's birthplace, once a shrine to the late communist leader who held the Balkan federation together, reports Reuter.

Chickens have a free run of the cobbled street where visitors used to queue for hours to pay homage at the restored cottage where Marshal Josip Broz Tito, a Croat, was born 99

Parties of school children and factory workers have vanished along with the ideals he stood for his own brand of communism and a strong, united Yugoslavia.

But locals in Kumrovec, a Croatian village near Slovenia in the foothills of the Alps, still think nostalgically of their

famous son. "He will always be a big historical figure," said Mladen Nakic, 29. "No matter what political situation, we will always

see him as a local. "He is not guilty for everything," said Barkeeper Marija Broz. 44, whose husband Bozo is a distant relation to Tito.

Tito, who combined a commitment to communism with a penchant for luxury, led Yugoslavia after his partisan guerrillas helped oust the World War II Nazi occupiers.

He steered the country down a communist but non-aligned path after breaking ideologically with Moscow in 1948. When he died in 1980, age-old nationalist tensions gradually resurfaced among ethnic groups, culminating in Croatia and Slovenia declaring unilateral independence on

Schwarzkopf's farewell

MANAMA (Bahrain): Gen. H. Norman Schwarzkopf is duc to make a farewell call later this month on Gulf heads of state and on US soldiers in the region, diplomatic sources disclosed Sunday, reports AP.

The sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity, expected the American general to arrive before July

Some 540,000 US troops were under Schwarzkopf's command during the conflict; now about 48,000 remain in Saudi Araba and Kuwait and aboard some 30 ships in the

The four-star general, who operated out of makeshift headquarters in the Saudi capi-August after 35 years.



No more T-shirts that tell of boredom

BEIJING: Chinese authorities have banned the sale of Tshirts with messages expressing boredom and discontent that were the fashion hit of the summer in Beijing, vendors said Friday, reports AP.

"Don't bother me, I'm fed up," read the most popular of the T-shirts, which were mainly printed by small, private businessmen and sold at street stalls. Vendors said officials threatened to fine anyone caught

selling or making the shirts, although it was not clear if action would be taken against people wearing them. "They think it doesn't look good to foreigners," one vendor

explained. The T-shirts appeared in Beijing in early June, around the anniversary of the June 3-4, 1989 army attack on prodemocracy demonstrators that ushered in a new, conservative

None carried overtly political messages, but all expressed boredom or discontent, conflicting with the official image of China's happy masses working together to build socialism. The ban on their sale reflected the leadership's sensitivity to the slightest challenge.

Rao faces scrutiny in parliament today

NEW DELHI, July 8: India's new Prime Minister faces scrutiny tomorrow in Parliament's inaugural session, where he will need all his persuasive skills to forge a legislative consensus on his handling of the crisis-hit economy, reports AFP.

PV Narasimha Rao, 70, foresees no problems in winning parliamentary confidence in his minority government, which came into existence from a bitter national election capped by the assassination of his leader, Rajiv Gandhi.

Analysts, too, have no doubt he will sail through Friday's vote, with both centrist and leftist opposition parties saying they have no intention of voting against his three-week-old administration in the session which begins tomorrow.

But he is expected to face a

tougher time in carrying along MPs in his efforts to reform the crisis-ridden economy, which will dominate debate in the maiden session of India's 10th Parliament.

A steep double devaluation of the Rupee last week drew strong protests from the opposition, which saw it as a response to pressure from the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and accused the Congress (I) Party government of a sellout.

Without stopping for breath Rao's administration, negotiating with the IMF for a huge bailout loan of up to seven billion Dollars, followed the devaluation with sweeping trade reforms and indicated that more structural changes are in the offing.

USSR exercises restraint

Army has taste for politics in Y'slavia, says Moscow

MOSCOW, July 8: Moscow has good reason to be preoccupied with developments in Yugoslavia. Too many similarities crop up between the crisis in the USSR and events in the Socialist Federative republic of Yugoslavia reports IAN.

It goes without saying that the roots of the conflict which has flared up are engrained far back in history, but the specific reason behind the explosion of tension lies in the protracted central power vacuum with the constant presidential reshuffles, whereby the head of conflicting republics take it in turn to hold the reigns of

In actual fact, the army has been the sole stabilising factor over the past few years. And so one should not be surprised that the army has acquired a taste for interfering in politics and has in the end exceeded its powers.

The power crisis in the

w USSR is fraught with similar conflicts. And they are already taking place, to be true on a more limited scale, when the army and special units of the internal ministry troops conduct themselves too freely in number of republics, especially the Baltic States. The participation in the Russian Presidential elections of General Albert Makashov testifies to the fact that the generals in the USSR are in way short of having their own political ambitions.

Until now Mikhail Gorbachev has managed to keep in control of the situation. The defeat of Makashov, and an extremely humiliating one at that, and the adoption of new clauses on the military councils in the USSR's armed forces, limiting the power of the Communist Party in the army and including civilians in military councils, bears witness to the fact that there is a noted tendency to oust the

military from the upper echelons of political power. By advocating restraint in

the resolution of the conflict in Yugoslavia, the Soviet Union is displaying an accentuated level of caution in its analysis of the causes behind the crisis. Moscow has been put in a very delicate spot. On the other hand, the state sovereignty demands of the republics of Slovenia and Croatia are too similar to the analogous demands of Soviet republics. It is therefore not surprising that the USSR Foreign Ministry has refrained from any qualification of the actions of Slovenia and Croatia as unconstitutional.

The unpleasant nature of events in Yugoslavia for Moscow is emphasized by the fact that Gorbachev has brought the country onto the brink of signing the Union Treaty. The republics must enter the Union as sovereign

Six republics have, how-

ever, already announced their reluctance to sign this document, afraid that it will restrict their sovereignty and that Moscow will again be the arbitrator in relations between republics. Events in Yugoslavia and in particular the harsh reaction of Belgrade, the bloodshed and the contradictor role of the army, which does not obey the government, but virtually acts on its own initiative - all this may add to the doubts of those Soviet republics, which are thinking twice before signing a new union treaty.

The similarity does not end there - Slovenia and Croatia are the most developed republics in Yugoslavia. And they are the very republics and announced their desire to "level" similarly in the USSR it is a also the most developed Baltic republics, both politically economically, which have proclaimed their desire to secede.

Consequently Moscow is being extremely cautious in its assessments. The Soviet government realises that if it reacts too sharply to the crisis in Yugoslavia, it might arouse the suspicions of their own Union republics. The three-month moratorium of the sovereignty proclamations of Slovenia and Croatia has been acknowledged with a sigh of relief. Moscow is relying on the

There is a certain logic here.

European trouble-shooting mechanism to resolve conflicts within this time. And it has already started to function, as evidenced by the emergency meeting of of the Foreign Ministers of Italy, the Netherlands and Luxembourg. Moscow, however, is showing restraint in the face of calls for the convening of an extraordinary meeting, as part of the Conference for security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE) : While not rejecting such calls, it is in no way rushing to

support them. This is related to the fact that this idea comprises the principle of collective interference in the intermal affairs of another state. Moscow would clearly prefer the crisis in Yugoslavia to be resolved by the political forces within the country, backed up by Europe's moral support.

Europe is, incidentally, also showing considerable caution it its reaction to Yugoslav events. This is probably due in part to the fact that European politicians vividly remember that the First World War was provoked by events on the soil of Yugoslavia. Europeans are preoccupied with one thought : the creation of a Common European Home and the processes of European integration. The events in Yugoslavia may again raise the question: Is Europe ready for such a creation, for isn't the idea of European harmony merely a fantasy thought up by politi-

made it clear whether the Japanese and US mine-sweeping ships would enter Iraqi territorial waters. With or without Iraqi help, the navy officials said, they must clear even the mines Iraq planted on its own sea bed because those can float into the shipping lanes and threaten the oil pipelines stretching along the sea floor.