Senate slates Bush: The US Senate unanimously adopted a resolution on Thursday praising US troops in the Gulf and in carefully chosen language. commending President George Bush, reports Reuter.
The resolution was intended to heal earlier deep divisions

between supporters of Bush's Gulf policy and advocates of further reliance on economic sanctions and diplomacy to force Iraq to witdraw from Kuwait. Its wording occupied key senators for mucy of the day as

republicans sought language that would hall Bush's policies and democrats objected.

Americans back fighting:
Americans polled Just after the U.S-led attack on Iraq overwhelmingly supported the assault, according to an ABC news-Washington Post survey in New York, reports AFP.

The poll of 545 adults was taken shortly after President George Bush's televised address to the nation announcing the attack Wednesday night. At the time of the poll, no US casualties had been reported.

Eighty per cent of those polled said they approved of Mr Bush's handling of the Gulf crisis and 17 per cent disapproved.

Seventy-six per cent said they approved of the United States going to war, against 22 per cent who were against.

Algerian move at UN: Algeria on Thursday stepped up its diplomacy at the United Nations with a public appeal to the Secretary General to use his influence to stop the bombing of Iraq and work towards a peaceful solution, reports Reuter.

Algeria, Libya, Cuba, and Yemen have spoke out against the boming. But none of these nations made any formal request for a Security Council initiative and none planned to ask for a meeting on the subject for the time being, diplomats said. Bensid Abderahmane, Algeria's Ambassador to the United States, said he was delivering a message from Algerian President Chadli Benjedid that the United Nations should not be used to wage war but make attempts towards peace.

Israel assured of US help: The United States has assured Israel that it will retaliate for

the Iraqi surface-to-surface missile attacks today on Israel. Israeli television reported, reports AFP. US President George Bush said in a telephone call in

Jerusalem to Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir that the United States would provide an "adequate response" to the attacks. the report said.

Seven people were hospitalized after seud missiles armed with conventional warheads crashed into Israel early today.

Bomb blast in Delhi: A bomb exploded in a New Delhi business district Thursday damaging a building housing an agent of American airlines, police said reports Reuter. No one was injured in the blast, caused by a bomb placed near

a stairway of the private building. A police official said he did not rule out the involvement of

Arab militants protesting against the US led attack on Iraq.

11 killed in Punjub: Eleven persons. including three securitymen and two militants were killed, in Punjab since Wednesday night, PTI from Chandigarh says. A gang of militants attacked a police patrol near village Uksidhukar in Ludhiana district killing two securitymen and a civilian driver. The militants managed to escape.

The victims were identified as police constable Harinder Singh, special police officer, Harbans Singh and the driver Mr. Gurbachan Singh.

Human activists in Beijing: A group of human rights activists from four countries arrived in Beijing Thursday to plead for open and fair trials for

dissidents accused of masterminding the massive 1989 prodemocracy movement, reports AP. The six activists plan to seek permission to attend a

dissident's trial, to get records, of trials that already have finished and to request meetings with Chinese government and judicial officials, said Norman Quan, a member of the

"We know basically that we cannot change a lot, but we are just trying to get the message (across) that we care and we're trying to help," said Quan, an accountant from Los Angeles. The other activists represent human rights grops or overseas Chinese community groups in Canada, Britain and the Netherlands. Four. including Quan, are ethnic Chinese.

Gorbachev in crisis: Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev's problems in the rebellious Baltic Republic are persisting while the world's attention is gripped by the Gulf crisis, reports Reuter.

Leader in the three Republics have expressed fears that the Kremlin could use the Gulf war as a cover to crush their separatist movements. All three have pledged to restore their pre world war two independence.

Top leaders in Latvia demanded on Thursday that Gorbachev should disband a special police unit held responsible for shooting dead a Latvian at the wheel of a Government car.

Both sides view God as their ally

NICOSIA (Cyprus), Jan 18: There is no God but Allah, Muslims believe. In the Gulf war, both sides seem sure he is their ally, reports AP.

ragi television Thursday showed Saddam Hussein kneeling in prayer, and the President said his people had no fear of "the forces of Satan."

et in neigbouring Saudi Arabia, King Fahd said," It was God's will " that war had been launched against Saddam.

Matters had to be corrected, said the King, citing Iraq's occupation of Kuwaiti "We pray to God for victory for his soldiers."

Even in Washington, the war was given religious over-

President George Bush invited preacher Billy Graham to the White House on the eve of the U.S -led attack, then attended a church service Thursday, along with top advisers, at a military chapel.

There come times when we must fight for peace." Graham told the worshipers, "I pray we will be on God's side."

Mauritania in western Africa to Bangladesh, many Muslims reacted with fury to the attack on Iraq.

the faithful against Western infidels and their Arab, "lackeys".

To them, the coffict is a "jihad" -- a holy war pitting jihad.

Saddam,in a lengthy letter to Bush made public Thursday.

repeatedly depicted the conflict in religious terms and harked back to Muslim

heroes of past centuries. We are being faithful to the values which God Almighty has inspired in us, for we have no fears of the forces of Satan, the devil that rides your shoulder. Saddam said.

"It is you who came as ag gressors, crossing the oceans and seas to occupy the land of sanctities....."

He referred to the presence of U.S and other non-Muslim Saudi forces in Arabia, home of the holiest Islamic shrine.

Earlier this week, as war approached, Saddam's government decided to alter the Iraqi national flag to include the words, 'God is

Great.' Iraq's ruling Arab Baath Socialist Party is secular. and includes Christians among its leadership. But Saddam, throughout the five-month showdown, has sought to depict himself as warrior fighting on behalf of Islam.

Across the Islamic world, from In the Lebanese city of Sidon, Palestinian geurillas toured downtown streets and an outlying refugee camp in cars fitted with loudspeakers, exhorting Palestinians to join the

> "The Iraqi army is fighting on behalf of the whole Arab and Muslim nations" shouted one guerilla.

Saddam's palace destroyed

50 Iraqi tanks surrender

CAIRO, Jan 18: The commander of Egyptian forces in Saudi Arabia confirmed Thursday an earliar U. S. television report that about 50 Iraqi tanks had surrendered to allied forces near the Saudi-Knwait border, reports AFP.

Cited by the official Mena news agency, General Mohammad Attiya Halabi said Egy+ tian troops would take charge of the tanks which were heading towards their positions in the northeastern region of

Hafr al-Batin near the Iraqi

The agency said President Hosni Mubarak had contacted Gen. Halabi by telephone Thursday afternoon.

Earlier, the U. S. Cable

News Network, quoting a Saudi source, said the Iraqi tanks had surrendered. Egypt has deployed some

35,000 troops in northern Saudi Arabia and batallion of 600 paratroopers in the United Arab Emirates as part

of a U. S. led multinational force massed against traqt in the Gulf.

The foreign military forces launched an air and missile offensive against Iraq and occupied Kuwait early Thursday in a bid to dislodge Baghdad's troops from the Emirate.

which Iraq invaded August 2. Reuter from Moscow adds: Soviet Foreign Minister Alexander Bessmertynkh said allied air attacks on Baghdad

the Iraqi capital. Bessmertynkh told leaders had destroyed Iraqi President of the Soviet Parliament that President Mikhail Gorbachev made a last - minute appeal to Washington to postpone the attack on iraq and allow a final effort to solve the Gulf crisis peacefully But a sombre Gorbachev told the Soviet people on television that the assault on Iraq by the American-led alliance was provoked by the refusal of Baghdad to heed world demands to withdreaw its forces from Kuwait. Bessmertynkh, whose speech was shown on television, said Iraq had failed to put up any resistance to the first phase of the attacks. He said : two airports

> Damage was caused to a number of industrial enterprises. including a power station supplying electricity for Baghdad Bessmertynkh said: In all . at least 75 sites on Iraqi territory were hit. "No strikes were carried

within the city limits of Bagh-

dad were put out of action.

Saddam Hussein's palace.

pletely destroued".

Bessmertynkh told a special

The Foreign Minister, cit-

ing Soviet intelligence reports

on the effects of the first air

strikes by U. S -led mutina-

tional forces, said they had not

attacked residential areas of

session of the Supreme Sovett

Presidium on Thursday: "The

presidential palace was com-

out on residential districts, on districts of towns or population centres. Our own intelligence information confirms

Allied forces fail to smother Iraqi Scud missile attacks

WASHINGTON, Jan 18: Allted forces failed to smother Scud missile attacks on Israel and Saudi Arabia despite continuous bombardments of military targets inside Iraq and Kuwait for two consecutive

safely.

days, reports AFP. Eight missiles struck Israel. Israeli officials said, sparking fears of a chemical attack, as Iraqi military forces struck back with a retaliatory blow that threatened to widen the war in the Gulf.

The Israeli officials said that the missiles carried conven-

tional warheads. The Iragis also fired further Seud missiles into Saudi Arabia, the White House said.

King Olav

dead

King Olav, aged 87 and the

world's oldest monarch, died

Thursday after a heart attack

quietly passed away on Thurs-

day 17th January 1991," an of-

ficial statement distributed

through Norway's National

King Olav a symbol of Nor-

wegina resistance to Nazi oc-

cupation in World War Two.

will be succeeded by his 53-

year--old son, Crown Prince

"His majesty king Olav V

the palace said.

News Agency said.

Harald.

OSLO. Jan 18: Norway's

President George Bush discussed the attacks with his top advisors. "The President is outraged at and condemns this further aggression by Iraq." White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said.

SAUDI ARABIA: Two unidentified British Royal Air Force pilots talking to

reporters on their return from a sortie over Iraq Jan 17. Britain reportedly lost one

plane during the US-led attack early January 17, but the pilot and navigator ejected

A top Bush administration official said Israel had the right to defend itself: "an unprovoked attack on Israel also calls for an appropriate U.S. response", he added.

Pentagon officials had warned earlier Thursday that the missles which Iraq has modified to carry payloads of lethal chemicals, may have survived the massive attacks

by U.S. aircraft and sealaunched cruise missiles and still posed a threat. Scud missiles on mobile

launchers were passed over in the first air assaults because they were too difficult to detect and target, they said. Others might have been

hidden in hardened bunkers before the raids, the officials "It is important to remember that the operation is

by no means over", said a senior Pentagon official just hours before the missile attack. "The Iraqis still have some capability.

The missile attacks deflated

a welling Euphoria over the spectacular initial success of desert storm, code name for the massive air campaign launched against Iraq at 3 a.m. Thursday Baghdad time (2400 GMT Wednesday)

General Colin Powell, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, told reporters Thursday morning that allied aircraft had won control over Iraqi air space, losing only three planes--- a U.S. F-18, a British Tornado, and a Kuwaiti A-4 Skyhawk.

Aircraft, flying at least a total of 1,200 sorties, encountered minimal resistance from the Iraqi air force but heavy missile and anti-aircraft fire.

Iraqis in Kuwait face hammer blows

NICOSIA Jan 18 : Allied air strikes against strategic targets in Iraq were likely to continue for another day or so to knock out moble missile batterise and command centers before starting to soften up Iraqi troops in Kuwait, analysists say, reports AP.

"They'll keep the pressure on over the next 24 hours. Then, if the Iraqi ground forces have shown no sign of giving up, they 'll go after them, " said mideast military

SOMEWHERE IN SAUDI ARABIA -- A French soldier from Mourmelon is going

for rest with his coveted possession, a guitar, after a day-long drill in the desert.

The multinational troops in the Gulf region have not yet been pressed into action.

analyst Hans-Heino Kopietz. "If I was an Iraqi ground commander, I'd be throwing in the towel giving up," the

telephone interview. " The iraqis have no idea what it's like to be constantly hammered from the air". It's not something they had to contend with in the war with

London-based Kopietz said in a

The key objective on the second day of the Gulf conflict appears to be to destroy

-AFP photo

Saddam Hussein's air force before any allied ground offensive is launched to liberate the Emirates he conqured August 2. Another is to eliminate the

threat from mobile surface -to surface missile units capable of hitting, possibly with chemicals warheads, the multinational troops and armor waiting to move against the estimated 540,000 Iraqis in the Kuwait threater.

The allies particularly want to ensure that Saddam does not get the chance to fire any of his long range missiles at Israel in an effort to drag the Jewish state into the war and split off the Arab component of the coalition.

The main threat to Israel from fixed batteries of Al-Hussein missiles, developed by the Iraqis from Soviet-supplied SS -1 Scub missiles, in western Iraq was apparently disposed of in the first allied air raids before dawn Thursday. Allied officials have not yet

issued any detailed assessment of the damage done by the hundred of U.S. British, French, Saudi and Kuwaiti jets which bombed Iraq on Thursday or the cruise missiles launched from U.S battleships. Reports from Cairo quoted

unidentified Saudi sources as saving an estimated 85 percent of Iraq's surface-to surface missiles were destroyed Thursday. But Iraq has given no indi-

cation of damage.

Iraqi Ambassador to France Abdulrazzak al-Hashimi reiterated Saddam's threat of an attack against Israel.

'President Bush can start the war, but ending it, how far it will spread, is not his decision," Hashimi said in Paris, adding that an attack on Israel was only " a matter of timing."

Off the Record

UN strangely mute, no hue and cry

UNITED NATIONS: As U. S. bombs rain on Baghdad, the United Nations is strangely mute and there is no familiar hue and cry against the United States, reports AP.

The reason: For once the U.S. govenment has sought prior approval for its military action from the world body. effectively stifling protest, diplomats say.

In the view of some sympathetic diplomats here U.S. diplomacy is coming of age and moving beyond the "shoot-from-the hip" stage of unilateral action without much regard for intenational public opinion or the United Nations. The administration of U.S. President George Bush. a

former U. N. envoy, carefully has prepared to ground for U. S. and allied military action in Iraq, sheparding 12 resolutions through the council culminating on Nov. 29 in a resolution authorizing military force if Iraq did not leave Kuwait by Jan. "For once, the Americans have been quite savvy in using the United Nations organization as an umbrella and

justification for its action," said one U. N. official, speaking on condition of anonymity. 'In the past they would have been accused of aggression,

but now they are implementing the leagally binding resolutions of the Security Council," he said. The U. S. and allted attack upon Iraq has been greeted

here with sadness, but the mood is desultory and there are no moves to convene the Security Council to denounce the attack, to call for a cease-fire or to seek a pause for peace.

Not a bad shot really

LONDON: A British television reporter described from Tel Avtv Friday how he watched and tragi missile strike en area in the middle of the city and explode in a ball of flames, reports

Independent Talevision news reporter Colin Baker said he heard several explosions in the city

"I wathed coming down from the north a missile very high with a long flime coming out of its tail." he said.

"If it's from Iraq it wasn't bad shot. It hit the town, it's gone south of the Mod (Ministry of Defence) building. There was a large explosion, a ball of red flame An Israelt official in Washington said eight missiles were

fired at Israel. Two landed in or around Tel Aviv. two in or around Haifa, three in rural areas and one did not arrive.

1,000 sorties in 12 hrs

WASHINGTON, Jan 18: Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff General Colin Powell said yesterday that U. S. aircraft, during their 1,000 sorties in 12 and half hours since US-led forces attacked Iraq have damaged the Iraqi command and control system though' I don't think it has collapsed yet."

Contradicting earlier reports, he and Defence Secretary Richard Cheney reported the loss of only one US aircraft an F-18. The pilot is reported dead.

Powell also mentioned that some Iraqi aircraft were in the air during the raid on Baghdad again contradicting nonofficial reports which suggested there was no opposition in the air. Powell said there was some anti-aircraft fire too.

Notorious due on show

GRAPEVINE (Texas)-A bank that escaped the rampages of bank robbers Bonnie and Clyde is displaying and exhibit featuring the notorious due as part of this area's history, reports AP.

The display at the First National Bank in Grapevine. between Dallas and Fort Worth, includes 10 photographs and two newspaper articles. The Dallas Country Sheriff's Department gave the items to

the family of First National Bank vice president William Buckner in the 1930s. Buckner's great-uncle, Deputy Sheriff Malcolm Davis of Dallas, was killed by Bonnie Parker and Clyde Barrow in 1933.

Bank executive vice prestident.R. Bruce MacElvaine said he believes two of the photos are being seen by the public for the first time. They are from film in a camera that was found in the bandits' car after police killed them on May 23, 1934, at Gibsland, Louisiana.

One photo shows Parker and Barrow hugging. Another shows Barrow with is driver.

Fruitcake all over

ST. PAUL (Minnesota) Needy families here benefited when a mixup sent 28,000 (12,700 kilograms) of fruitcake to the offices of the Salvation Army, Ropets AP.

"We ended up with fruitcake all over the building, "said Joseph Clubb, director of social services for the charitable organization.

was supposed to go to the St. Paul Post Office for mailing to customers throughout region for the holidays. But a truck driver delivered the cakes to the Salvation Army by mistake, the same street address, 401 West 7th

The shipment---9.500 cakes packed in decorative tins--

Street, of the bakery in Texas where the fruitcakes were Nancy Philo, office manager for the Collin Street Bakery in Corsicana. Texas, said the mix-up was only discovered after customers began calling asking for their -up was only discovered after customers began calling asking for their

Christmas fruitcakes. They were too late. The Salvation Army had given them

feel badly for the bakery." the Salvation Army spokesman said. "But the needy people appreciated it." Philo said he bakery is sending replacement cakes. "We

only hope the other fruitcakes went to people who enjoyed

Today in History

Today is Saturday, January 19, the 19th day of 1991. There are 346 days left in the year, reports UNB. Highlights in history on this

it." Philo said.

1493 - France and Spain sign Treaty of Barcelona; Maximilian. King of the Romans, saves Germany from French invasion at Battle of Salinas.

1649 - Trial of England's King Charles I begins. 1795 - French forces overrun Holland.

1812 - British forces under Duke of Wellington take Ciudad Rodrigo in Spain. 1859 - France and Sardinia

sign treaty of alliance. 1918 - Bolsheviks dissolve Russian Constitutional Assembly in Petrograd.

1938 - General Francisco Franco's Nationalist air force bombs Spanish cities of Barcelona and Valencia, killing 700

1945 Soviet troops take Cracow, Poland, in World War II. 1956 - Sudan joins Arab

League as ninth member. 1960 - United States and Japan sign treaty of mutual sc curity.

1966 - India's new Prime

Minister, Indira Gandhi, pledges to follow path of nonalignment in world affairs. 4 - Five Russians, including

a senior diplomat and two other members of Soviet embassy staff, are expelled from China on charges of espionage. - Britain and Irish

Army Republican announce first direct negotiations since start of guerilla activity in Northern Ireland five years earlier.

Today's birthdays James Watt, Scottish engineer-

inventor (1736-1819); Auguste Conte, French philosopher (1798-1857); Edger Allen Poe, U.S. writer (1809-1649): Paul Cezanne, French artist (1839-1906); Robert MacNeil, Canadian -born newsman-writer (1931--), Dolly Parton, U.S. singeractress (1946--).

Thought for today

Always do right. This will gratify some people and astonish the rest -- Mark Twain, U.S. writer homorist (1835-1910).