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COMMODITIES

Use external funds effectively as debt keeps rising

Analysts say at CPD-OECD webinar

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Bangladesh must set development priorities, identify the types of external funds it needs and use them effectively amid growing per capita debt in order to take the economy on the path to recovery in the post-pandemic period, economists said yesterday.

At the same time, policymakers should be vigilant about debt making agenda in shape. You sustainability and pay higher thrust on using foreign aid already committed by multilateral lenders and donors, they said.

The view came at a virtual discussion on "The Multilateral Response to Covid-19 Perspectives from South Asia," organised jointly by the Centre for Policy Dialogue (CPD) and development finance architecture the Organisation for Economic is increasingly coming under the Co-operation and Development control of bilateral donors who (OECD).

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

the Unctad yesterday.

The value of greenfield investment

project announcements - an

indicator of future foreign direct

investment trend – fell by 78 per

cent in Bangladesh in the first

eight months of 2020 because of

the coronavirus pandemic, said

Monitor of the United Nations

Conference on Trade and

Development (Unctad) made the

disclosure. It did not provide any

refers to projects that create

new physical facilities which are

considered productive, in part

because they usually generate jobs.

billion in gross FDI in the July-

March period of the last fiscal

in the same period a year ago,

FDI in South Asia fell 31 per

Bangladesh Bank data showed.

Bangladesh received \$2.49 UN agency said.

year, down from \$3.97 billion tied to export-oriented apparel

cent to \$20 billion in the first half contracting global demand.

manufacturing,

Greenfield investment typically

The Global Investment Trends

foreign aid is available for the government, the highest on record

Bangladesh and other South Asian countries should fix their development priorities and identify the types of finance they needed from donors, CPD Chairman Prof Rehman Sobhan

"You must get your policymust be more serious about implementing policies, and you must be in a better position to dictate the external lenders what you want," he said.

"You must make better use of your major sources of external finances, including remittance." Sobhan said the global

use it at the bilateral level and Currently, \$50.39 billion in also pledge funds to multilateral

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of the year. India, the largest FDI

recipient in the region, saw FDI

contracting by 33 per cent to \$17

billion as the country struggles

with Covid-19 containment, the

where investments are largely

investments have taken a severe

hit due to activity stoppages and

Afghanistan

138

In other South Asian countries

greenfield

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ROLE OF FOREIGN AID: BANGLADESH **TRENDS**

Sectoral composition of foreign aid inflow

Almost 40% each for social and economic infrastructure

Multisector -- almost 8 % Humanitarian -- another **8** %

(for Rohingyas)

External debt stock remains comfortable at about 38% of GDP

Debt per capita -- about \$232

Debt service liability – about 6.5% of goods and services and primary income

institutions to exercise their preferences.

In the case of Bangladesh, the main problem is not debt overhang. But there is a lack of utilisation of foreign finance,

Pandemic casts gloom on

greenfield investment

Unctad says inflow to Bangladesh falls 78pc

in Bangladesh fell by 78 per cent

Global FDI flows plunged

49 per cent in the first half of

2020 compared to 2019, due to

In the wake of the pandemic,

investment

the economic fallout from the

lockdowns around the world

projects and the prospects of a

existing

Covid-19.

slowed

and in Sri Lanka by 97 per cent.

FDI FLOW TO BANGLADESH

Announced greenfield projects enterprises to reassess new projects.

2.45 2.58

In billion \$; SOURCE: BB

*From July to March

COVID-19: COMMITMENTS

CURRENCIES

At least \$4 billion worth of fresh aid commitment was made in the context of Covid-19

This amount accounts for about 1% of GDP

About **90**% of the total amount came from multilateral development banks and funds and another **2.4**% from UN system

Bilateral sources accounted for about **7.8**%

CPD Distinguished Fellow Debapriya Bhattacharya Bangladesh needs to compensatory concessional finance given its graduation from a least developed country (LDC) prioritising them and using them to a lower-middle-income nation. He said Bangladesh's external

3.88

"The FDI decline is more drastic

than we expected, particularly in

developed economies. Developing

economies weathered the storm

relatively better for the first half

of the year," said James Zhan,

Unctad's investment and enterprise

"The outlook remains highly

According to the report,

director, in a press release.

uncertain.

deep recession led multinational developed economies saw the

2.49

THREE MAJOR EXTERNAL FINANCE DEMANDS:

Financing post-pandemic rebound and recovery

Locating compensatory concessional finance in view of dual transition (LIC to LMIC and out of LDC)

Mobilising for covering shortfall of SDG financing

Three Policy Management Challenges:

Improved choices of external finance

Vigilance about debt sustainability

Access to real time data and information

debt stock remains comfortable at about 38 per cent of the gross domestic product (GDP) and debt per capita is about \$232.

Per capita debt was \$177.12 in fiscal 2016-17, according to the Economic Relations Division.

biggest fall, with FDI reaching an

estimated \$98 billion in the six-

month period - a decline of 75

The trend was exacerbated

by sharply negative inflows in

European economies, mainly in

the Netherlands and Switzerland.

FDI flows to North America

plummeted by 56 per cent to \$68

Meanwhile, the 16 per

cent decrease in FDI flows to

developing economies was less

than expected, due mainly to

resilient investment in China.

Flows decreased by just 12 per

cent in Asia but were 28 per cent

lower than in 2019 in Africa and

25 per cent lower in Latin America

developing countries in Asia

accounted for more than half of

global FDI. Flows to economies

in transition were down 81 per

cent due to a strong decline in the

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In the six months to June,

and the Caribbean.

Russian Federation.

per cent compared to 2019.

billion.

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Titas Gas faces Tk 736cr shortfall in pension fund

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The state-run Titas Gas has a provision shortfall of Tk 736 crore in its pension fund, according to the company's audit

Besides, the listed natural gas distribution company did not keep any provision against its fixed deposit receipts (FDRs) with Padma Bank and ICB Islamic Bank, it said.

In its financial statements, Titas Gas showed that it is owed about Tk 168 crore as cumulative penal interest since 2002, which was doubtful to the auditor.

The company also did not comply with an order from the Financial Reporting Council on transferring share

money deposits to share money capital. Against this backdrop, the company's auditor provided

a qualified opinion on its financial reports for the year that ended on June 30, 2020.

The company

also did not

keep any

provision

against its

fixed deposit

receipts with

Padma Bank

Islamic Bank

and ICB

information was disclosed yesterday on the Dhaka Stock Exchange website.

A qualified opinion is a statement issued in an auditor's report that suggests the financial information provided by a company was limited in scope or there was a material issue with regard to the application of generally accepted accounting principles.

financial statements of Titas Gas showed that the company required a provision for its pension fund for eligible employees.

As per the actuarial valuation, the pension fund amounted to Tk 819.74 crore as of June 30, 2018.

However, the provision for the pension fund was only Tk 30 crore, resulting in a shortfall of about Tk 789 crore, the

audit report said. And so, the actuary firm recommended making an annual provision of Tk 188.90 crore for the next five years to make up the said deficit. In addition, the required provision for the pension fund

for the years 2018-19 and 2019-20 has been increased by Tk 59.62 crore and Tk 59.55 crore respectively. The company also paid Tk 51.58 crore and Tk 49.28

crore respectively as a final settlement for the outgoing employees for the preceding two years.

As such, the required provision for the pension fund stood at Tk 838.05 crore as of June 30, 2020.

But citing an inadequacy of funding as well as insufficient yearly profits, the company had initially decided to provide Tk 188.90 crore in three years commencing from 2018-19. It would later review the provision amount for the

subsequent years, against which the company has made a provision of only Tk 124 crore as of June 30 this year.

A further provision of Tk 24.84 crore for 2018-19 and Γk 24 crore for 2019-20 have been kept in the accounts, the audit report said.

Titas gas showed in its financial report that its penal interest and other charges for delays in bill payment from bulk customers, including the Power Development Board, amounted to Tk 168.33 crore.

It showed that this amount has been generated since 2002 but there is still no realisation till date.

"We also came to know that the customers are not interested to pay such penal interests," the auditor said in its report.

And so, there is substantial doubt that the company will

be able to realise this interest, it added.

Mobile data speed: Bangladesh only ahead of Afghanistan in South Asia

MAHMUDUL HASAN

Bangladesh has fared badly in mobile data speed, ranking below all South Asian nations except for Afghanistan, at a quality listing of global mobile and broadband internet networks.

Bangladesh ranked 133rd out of 138 countries on Ookla's Speedtest Global Index for mobile internet speeds with 10.76 megabits per second (Mbps) for downloads in the month of September, considerably lower than the global average of 35.26 Mbps.

Bangladesh's average mobile upload speed stood at 6.96 Mbps and latency was 39 milliseconds (ms). The global averages are 11.22 Mbps and 42 ms. The Maldives topped the chart among South Asian nations, ranking 57th with a download speed of 35.70 Mbps, a

little over the global average. Sri Lanka came 102nd with 19.95 Mbps, Pakistan 116th with 17.13 Mbps, Nepal 117th with 17.12 Mbps, India 131st with 12.07 Mbps

<u>Mobile data speed</u> Out of 138 countries; As of September OOKLA'S SPEEDTEST GLOBAL INDEX

COUNTRY RANKING DOWNLOAD SPEED (MBPS) The Maldives 35.70 Sri Lanka 19.95 **Pakistan** 17.13 116 Nepal 117 17.12 India 12.07 131 133 10.76 Bangladesh

7.26

SOURCE: OOKLA'S SPEEDTEST GLOBAL INDEX

COUNTRY RANKING **DOWNLOAD SPEED (MBPS)** India 70 46.47 94 Sri Lanka 31.42 Bangladesh 98 29.85 113 22.36 Nepal 117 The Maldives 21.56 126 Bhutan 19.09 Afghanistan 157 10.31 Pakistan 159 10.10

and Afghanistan 138th with 7.26 Mbps. This index category did not include Bhutan.

In fixed line broadband internet speeds, Bangladesh fared better, ranking 98th out of 175 nations with a download speed of 29.85 Mbps, upload speed of 45.74 Mbps and latency of 21 ms. This is still far behind the global average download speed of 85.73 Mbps.

Among the South Asia peer nations, Bangladesh came after India (70th, 46.47 Mbps) and Sri Lanka (94th, 31.42 Mbps).

However, it was ahead of Nepal (113th, 22.36 Mbps), the Maldives (117th, 21.56 Mbps), Bhutan (126th, 19.09 Mbps), Afghanistan (157th, 10.31 Mbps) and Pakistan (159th with 10.10 Mbps)

"The mobile download speed shown in the ranking is better than the benchmark of the Bangladesh Telecommunication Regulatory Commission (BTRC)," said an official of a telecom operator.

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