Plan

FROM PAGE 12 JAKARTA-DHAKA FOR PEACEFUL **SOLUTION OF DISPUTES** Bangladesh and Indonesia today say all disputes in the subcontinent should be resolved peacefully without any outside interference and on the basis of national dignity, non-interference in internal affairs, and mutual respect for each other's sovereignty and territorial integrity.

A joint communiqué issued in Dhaka today at the end of a four-day visit to Bangladesh by Indonesian Foreign Minister Malik, agrees that a trade delegation from Bangladesh would shortly pay a visit to Indonesia to explore possibilities of expansion of trade between the two countries. RULES FOR USING NATIONAL **FLAG**

The Bangladesh government today lays down procedures for using the national flag and hopes that the public will maintain it, says a press note. It adds that the national flag could be flown on private houses on specific days. The flag should be made in the correct size and proper colour. People will have to show respect to the flag by standing quietly when the national flag is screened in cinema houses or in similar situations. SOURCES: September 9, 1972 issues of Bangladesh Observer, Dainik Bangla and Dainik Ittefaq.

China embassy

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Mujibur Rahman and most of his family members in his Dhanmondi home in 1975.

BNP chairperson Khaleda Zia celebrates the day as her birthday, but it has been a matter of political

The Awami League says it is her fake birthday but is celebrated in a sign of disrespect to the Mourning

Following media reports that Chinese embassy sent gifts to Khaleda, Foreign Minister AK Abdul Momen, in response to media query, said it was "unfortunate" and that he was sad about it.

However, the foreign ministry has not sought any explanation from the Chinese embassy in this regard.

The source said the Chinese embassy on its own wrote to the foreign ministry, saying sorry. The embassy also said that sending the gift to Khaleda was a mistake and not based on proper research, the source

2 BNP MPs

FROM PAGE 12 The BNP MP from

Chapainawabganj-3 said reports of different national and international human rights organisations said some 3,000 extrajudicial killings took place in the country in the last 10-12

"Those who lost their near and dear ones will not get the scope to take shelter under the country's existing law."

He also gave details of some trajudicial killings that took place

in his constituency. Pointing to the much-talked about killing of Major (retd) Sinha Md Rashed Khan in Cox's Bazar, Harun said an investigation is going on, trial is going on, but will not the 3,000 families of the victims who were "killed by the law enforcement agencies" get justice?

"Won't the state stand beside them?" he questioned.

He also demanded a statement from the home minister in this

Another BNP lawmaker Rumeen Farhana said recently one extrajudicial killing drew attention of all.

"More than one extrajudicial killing takes place in the country every day. It is repeatedly said that these are isolated incidents, but none of these are isolated incidents," she said.

Rumeen, who is elected from reserved seats for women in parliament, said OC [now suspended] of Teknaf Police Station Pradeep Kumar got the highest police award BPM in 2019 and "he got it for six reasons -- all for extrajudicial killings".

"If any police officer gets the highest award for extrajudicial killings, then it would naturally encourage extrajudicial killings.

The BNP MP said the minister always denies that there are any extrajudicial killings in Bangladesh.

"When the state encourages extrajudicial killing, it means that the judiciary has been destroyed, people have lost their faith in the judiciary, and the state becomes dysfunctional, she said

Jatiya Party MP Pir Fazlur Rahman from Sunamganj-4 said no one could avoid the responsibility of the extrajudicial killings.

Saudi scraps

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ruling on the killing which had sparked an international outcrv.

The verdict came after Khashoggi's sons said in May they had "pardoned" the killers, a move condemned as a "parody of justice"

by a UN expert. The family's pardon spared the lives of five unnamed people sentenced to death over the 2018 murder in a December court ruling, which was lambasted by human rights groups after two top aides to the crown prince were exonerated.



Security guards frisk commuters at a Delhi metro train station, on the first day of the restart of their operations, amidst the spread of coronavirus disease, in New Delhi, India, yesterday.

PHOTO: **REUTERS**

Essentials' prices hurting the already hurt

21.05 percent and broiler 4.35 percent in the last week compared to the previous week.

Coarse rice was sold at Tk 46 per kg, lentil Tk 90, potato Tk 36, garlic Tk 90, imported ginger Tk 200 and broiler chicken Tk 110.

Of the other vegetables, brinjal was sold at Tk 75-80 per kg, green chilli at Tk 200-250, tomato at Tk 110-120, ladies finger at Tk 55-60, pointed gourd at Tk 65 and bitter gourd at Tk

"How will we survive, if the prices keep rising?" asked Obaidul Islam,a former school teacher.

'It seems I'm trapped in a quicksand of debt. The more I'm trying to get over, the more I'm drowning," said Islam, who used to be a teacher of a kindergarten school, but is now running an online boutique shop after August 31 from Tk 20 on August 20.

losing his job due to the pandemic.

Abdul Hai, manager of a clothing store in Bongabazar, engaged in a heated argument with a vegetable trader in Karwanbazar yesterday. "We're not getting our salaries

regularly whereas they [vegetable traders] continue to increase the prices," he told this correspondent. Wahab Mia, the vegetable trader,

said he had to buy at an increased rate from the wholesale market. "I won't make a loss by selling

vegetables," he added. Production of agriculture, especially vegetables, has been hit hard due to

the prolonged flood this year. Prices of imported onion began to rise in the wholesale markets from

August 20. Data shows that the prices of per kg imported onion rose to Tk 25 on

During this period, the prices of onion in the retail market stood at Tk 40 from Tk 30.

Different varieties of local onion which remained almost stable in the first three weeks of August began to soar after the price hike of imported onion.

On Friday, prices of per kg local onion jumped to Tk 70 and imported onion to Tk 55 at retail markets in the capital. The wholesale prices of local and imported onion were Tk 64 and 44 respectively.

Narayan Saha, proprietor of Nobin Traders at Shyambazar Wholesale Market, said Indian onion meets most of the country's onion demand. "As the prices of onion shot up in India, the market has become unstable."

He, however, said that the onion prices won't be skyrocketed like the last year as "there is enough onion in

Mohammad Yousuf, director with the wholesalers.

'Due to heavy rainfall, onion prices have shot up to Rs 25 per kg in the

"After import, when it reaches the wholesale shop, the cost stands at Tk 40," Yousuf said, quoting the traders. Today local onion is being sold at

general of Department of Agriculture Marketing, said they held a meeting

Indian market.

Tk 60-65 and imported one at Tk 48-

50 at retail markets," said Yousuf. Meanwhile, the government vesterday warned of taking stern action if anyone attempts to increase individual onion prices by hoarding it illegally "as there is no logical reason of price hike and supply crunch of onion.'

The warning was issued commerce ministry yesterday.

Experts link up with UK initiative

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effective model for vaccinating a large number of people for Covid-19, the chemical engineering professor said, adding that the project started in August this year and will continue until February 2022.

manage and transport life-saving

The team will design novel methods and instruments to assess Bangladesh's current cold-chain capacity. They would also try to incorporate renewable energy and energy-efficient solutions while developing the design.

Prof Ijaz said Brac University will collect field-level data and Buet will develop a model based on that data. He said once we get the vaccines, the

main challenge would be efficiently delivering the vaccines to the health centres across the country. Around 50 million vaccines will

A cold chain is a temperature- but the present capacity of Bangladesh Covid-19 vaccination in Bangladesh. ontrolled supply chain to store, is much lower than that, the Buet — After the assessment, researchers professor said. ... If we fail to deliver the vaccines

maintaining proper temperature, then the vaccines will be rendered useless," he explained.

Ijaz also said the modelling would also help decide who would be vaccinated first, how they would get it and what would be the cost.

"This modelling will help the government to make the vaccine available in an efficient manner to people who need it the most," he added.

The University of Birmingham in a press statement on September 5 said have to be injected within six months, intervention scenarios for mass cold-chains."

would be able to provide the Bangladeshi policy-makers with critical information and proposals to shape the country's immunisation strategies and priorities, the statement said.

They will also make their findings available to other countries to help public health planners evaluate their best options for creating sustainable temperature-controlled supply-chains for health and medical supplies in

epidemics and natural disasters. When contacted, co-investigator

of the study Prof Farzana Munshi of Brac University told The Daily Star, "It is crucial to assess the capacity and researchers would assess different preparedness of Covid-19 vaccination

She also said they would assess the cold-chain capacity in Bangladesh by interviewing various stakeholders, including different ministries, GAVI, Unicef, WHO, NGOs, upazila health complexes and district hospitals.

This project will assist policymakers in designing policies on the most sustainable interventions on medical supply chain at regional, national scale for Covid-19 but also other potential future natural disasters and epidemics.

Govt moves to reduce number

Covid-19 patients now. It is a waste of resources. Besides, we have to spend a good amount of money for maintaining a Covid-19 hospital," he said.

Farid Hossain Miah, director

(hospitals and clinics) of the DGHS, said they found the number of hospital admissions of Covid-19 patients was decreasing gradually.

He also said they would also gradually close down Covid-19 units in those hospitals treating both Covid and non-Covid patients.

The DGHS also recommended suspending Covid-19 treatment at Dhaka Mahanagar Hospital, Lalkuthi MA O Shishu Kalyan Kendro,

Covid Bashundhara Bangladesh Institute of Tropical and Infectious Diseases (BITID), Chattogram, Chattogram Railway Hospital, Field Hospital, Chattogram, corona isolation centres and others, says the letter.

government introduced The dedicated Covid-19 hospitals and also instructed the authorities of public and private hospitals to open Covid-19 units in their facilities to deal with the growing number of patients in mid-March.

There was an acute shortage of hospital beds. It was also reported that patients died while they were being taken from one hospital to another

due to lack of bed.

On February 6, the government first dedicated Kuwait Maitree Hospital for treating Covid-19 patients. Initially, suspected patients were admitted there. Later, other hospitals were dedicated for Covid-19 patients.

On May 24, all the private and public hospitals were instructed to treat coronavirus patients.

The number of patients went down in hospitals in the last one month. The daily health bulletin on September 5 said around 73.4 percent general hospital beds remained vacant across the country. According to the bulletin, the

number was 74.75 percent on

September 1, 71.56 percent on August 20, 73.09 percent on August 10 and 74.67 percent on August 1.

Prof Be-Nazir Ahmed, former director (disease control) of the DGHS, however, said the number of patients in hospitals was coming down as they were unwilling to get admitted there.

"People have now overcome the fear of the disease, and patients having mild symptoms take treatment at home," he added.

"It is also true that the capacity of the hospitals has also increased with time. That's why we don't hear that people are not getting treatment," Prof Be-Nazir said.

Literacy project falls thru'

the project this time too.

Experts did not accept BNFE's claims and pointed instead to a lack of efficiency and proper planning as major reasons for missing one deadline after another.

"Blaming the Covid-19 crisis for missing the deadline yet again is a lame excuse," said Manzoor Ahmed, professor emeritus at Brac University.

Against this backdrop, the country today observes International Literacy Day with the theme "Literacy teaching and learning in the Covid-19 crisis and beyond".

Literacy is attained in two ways -formal education and adult literacy programmes -- and the country's focus has always been on formal education, with adult literacy programmes getting less priority. Moreover, the projects undertaken by successive governments on eradicating illiteracy were marred by allegations of irregularities, corruption and poor planning.

Before coming to power in 2008,

the ruling Awami League in its election manifesto pledged to achieve 100 percent literacy in the country by 2014. The literacy rate was then 48.8 percent among those aged 15 and above, according to the Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics Literacy Assessment Survey.

The National Education Policy framed by the AL-led government in 2009, also set a similar target in the same timeframe. Twelve years later, the literacy

rate for the age group stands at 74.7 percent, according to the Sample Vital Registration System 2019 launched on June 30 by BBS BASIC LITERACY PROJECT

The project's courses were supposed to be integrated with life skills that are necessary or desirable for full

participation in everyday life.

According to Unicef, life skills are the psychosocial abilities for adaptive and positive behaviour that enable individuals to deal effectively with the demands and challenges of everyday

The Tk 453-crore project suffered setbacks for fund crisis, and so deviated from the original plan and had to drop the life skills component. To provide life skills knowledge to

Tk 2,000 crore," said a BNFE official wishing not to be named. However, the government plans to

the beneficiaries, we required around

impart life skills to the beneficiaries in future, he said.

Under the project, the target was to set up 75,000 learning centres with 1,50,000 teachers and distribute over 96.36 lakh books among the 45 lakh beneficiaries in 250 upazilas. One NGO for each upazila, selected by the government, would run the learning centres.

According to officials, till 2019, they provided basic literacy to 23.6 lakh beneficiaries in 136 upazilas. They planned to make the remaining 21.4 lakh beneficiaries of 114 upazilas literate by June 2020.

The BNFE DG said they planned to hold the inauguration of the second phase on March 28 and begin the

learning at all centres from April.

He even cast a shadow on the project's completion by the extended June 2021 deadline as the Covid-19 situation still shows no sign of abating any time soon.

"A beneficiary gets six months of learning. If we cannot start classes by December this year it will be hard for us to complete the course by June next year," Tapan said.

Speaking on the design of the project, Prof Manzoor, also a former senior adviser at BRAC University's Institute of Educational Development, said six months of classes will not be enough to impart sustainable literacy.

'One size doesn't fit all. Someone will need six months and someone else 12 months to attain sustainable literacy skills. We will need experience implementing NGOs, follow-ups and strong independent evaluation to get the desired results," he said.

The BNFE DG, however, disagreed. "I don't think there is any problem with the project design," he said.

Discard

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The prime minister said this while addressing a virtual meeting from her official Gono Bhaban residence yesterday morning.

Hasina said the armed forces were mostly affected due to the coups that took place after the August 15, 1975 carnage.

She reiterated her government's goal to further modernise the armed forces and make it time-befitting.

"Our armed forces, where our family members were honourable members, are the symbol of our independence and sovereignty ... our aim is to make it more modern and time-befitting and we're working to attain this goal," she said. In this connection, the prime

her government is taking to make the armed forces better equipped to safeguard the country's hard-earned independence and sovereignty. PM's Security Adviser Major General (retd) Tarique Ahmed Siddique; Principal Secretary to PM, Dr Ahmad

minister spelled out various steps

Kaikaus; Principal Staff Officer of the Armed Forces Division, Lieutenant General Mahfuzur Rahman; and PM's Press Secretary Ihsanul Karim were present at the Gono Bhaban. Chief of Army Staff General Aziz Ahmed was connected to the function from the army headquarters, Chief

of Naval Staff Admiral Mohammad Shaheen Iqbal was connected from Navy headquarters and Chief of Air Staff Air Chief Marshal Masihuzzaman Serniabat got connected from the Air Force headquarters. Paying tribute to Father of the

Nation Bangabandhu Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the prime minister said immediately after independence Bangabandhu had taken steps to establish modern and time-befitting armed forces alongside rebuilding the war-ravaged country.

She said her government has adopted the Forces Goal-2030 on the basis of Bangabandhu's defence policy. The prime minister said her government after assuming office in 1996 established various military establishments, including NDC War College, and purchased modern arms and ammunition for the three armed forces in line with Bangabandhu's footsteps.

"After coming to power for the second time, we took steps so that the armed forces are capable on all sides. We procured army infantry gadget, including modern helicopters, to increase army's operational capacity," she said.

Hasina said her government first collected a modern frigate for the navy, as well as submarines and military helicopter. "We've turned the navy into a tri-dimensional force," she

said. Speaking on the development of the air force, Hasina said her government first brought the MiG-29 fighter planes into the air force.

The premier also pointed out that her government always attaches priority to training. On digitisation of the armed forces. Sheikh said the government set up Army IT Support Organisation and Computer War Games Centre.

While talking about the country's development, Hasina requested all concerned to suspend unnecessary and unimportant costs at this moment and keep in mind the amount of money that can be collected amid the

coronavirus pandemic. "We will only focus on the urgently needed expenditure and will suspend less important costs ...We will cover those expenses once good days return," she said.

India now second

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days to extend travel restrictions or impose new ones to try and contain fresh surges.

India, home to some of the world's

most densely populated cities, has been reporting the highest singleday rises in the world and yesterday it confirmed a new record of nearly 91,000 new cases. Infections have now risen above

4.2 million, surpassing Brazil's total

and making India's tally the second-

highest behind the United States' 6.25 million. However, with India's economy imploding following months of travel

restrictions, authorities pressed on with risky reignition plans. The metro in the capital New Delhi reopened yesterday after a five-month shutdown and 12 other cities restarted

subway services. "For our lives to move on, we have to get out of our homes... so this is a good move by the government," passenger Deepak Kumar, who took the Delhi subway to work, told AFP.

Authorities imposed strict rules on the trains, with masks, social distancing and temperature checks mandatory. During peak hour in New Delhi

yesterday morning, carriages were sparsely filled as people followed guidelines dictating that only alternate seats could be occupied. **NEW EUROPEAN SPIKES** For total deaths worldwide, the

United States has the most with more

than 188,000, followed by Brazil with

126,000. India is next with about 71,000 fatalities. Britain, one of the worst-hit countries at the start of the pandemic, is also battling another spike.