

STOCKS		COMMODITIES		ASIAN MARKETS				CURRENCIES				
DSEX	CSCX	Gold	Oil	MUMBAI	TOKYO	SINGAPORE	SHANGHAI	USD	EUR	GBP	CNY	
▲ 0.66%	▲ 0.80%	\$1,808.74	\$43.43	▲ 1.12%	▲ 0.40%	▼ 0.63%	▲ 1.39%	BUY TK	83.95	94.23	104.95	11.79
4,061.56	6,989.24	(per ounce)	(per barrel)	36,737.69	22,529.29	2,652.65	3,450.59	SELL TK	84.95	98.03	108.75	12.40

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Explore new markets, train manpower to boost remittance: experts

AKM ZAMIR UDDIN

Remittance has been on the rise in recent years riding on an annual export of more than 7 lakh economic migrants since 2016 – in a development that has helped the government manage the economy smoothly.

But the manpower export is expected to witness an alarming fall this year due to restrictions on movement across the globe since March aimed at tackling the spread of the coronavirus pandemic.

Bangladesh sent 181,218 workers in the first three months of 2020, after which manpower export came to a halt, according to data from the Bureau of Manpower, Employment and Training.

There is little scope to send manpower to the Gulf countries due to the ongoing financial meltdown where nearly 80 per cent of the 1.20 crore-odd Bangladeshi migrant workers are employed.

Remittance hit an all-time high of \$18.20 billion in the just-concluded fiscal year. But this can't be sustained and the downfall may even be prolonged given the ongoing pandemic and financial recession.

Against the backdrop, the country will have to explore new markets and undertake medium and long-term plans to export skilled people, experts said.

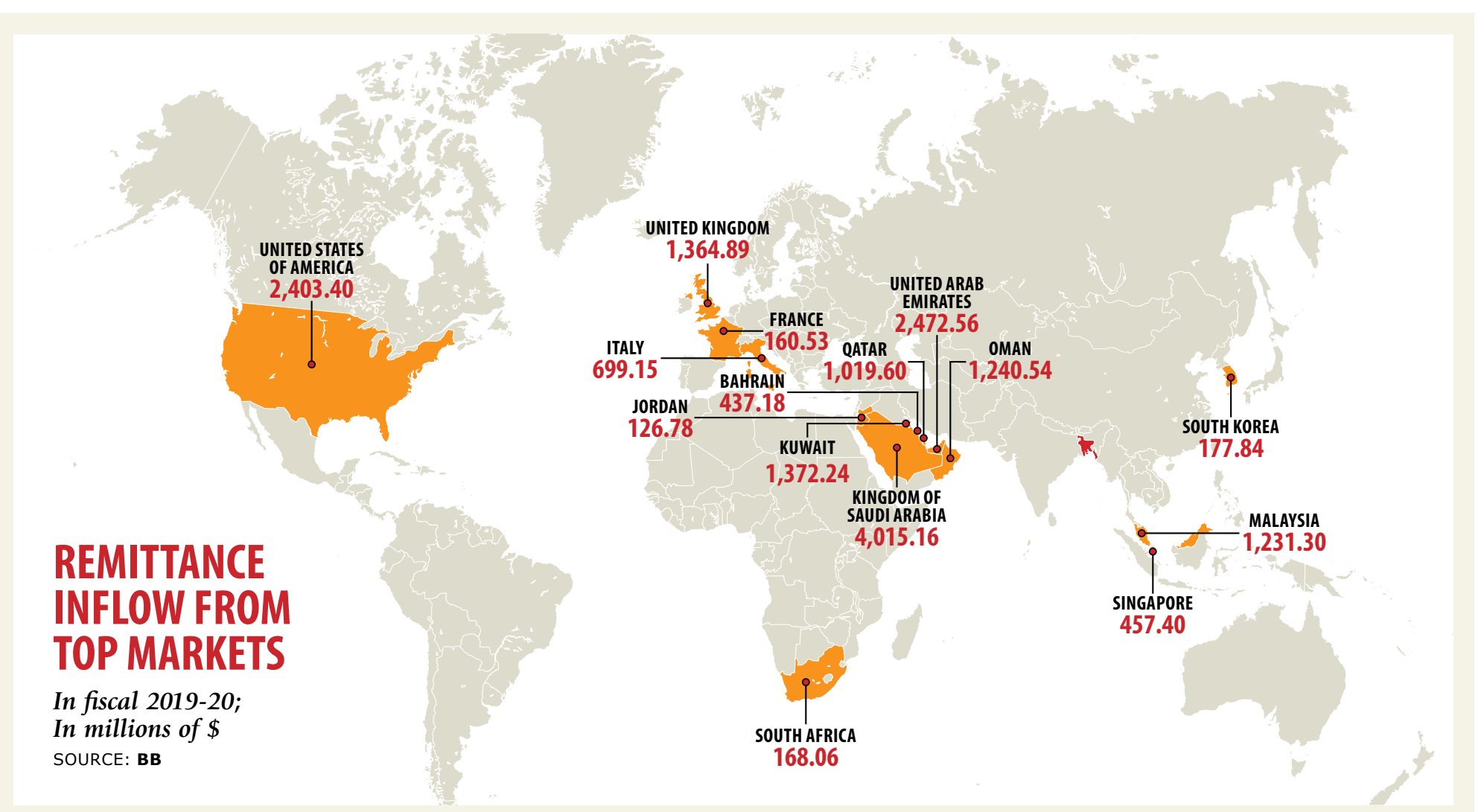
"The government should give emphasis on East Asian countries as they are less affected compared to other host nations of the Bangladeshi expats," said Mustafizur Rahman, a distinguished fellow of the Centre for Policy Dialogue.

Malaysia, Singapore, South Korea and Japan will turn their economy around in a quick manner as they have successfully controlled the pandemic, he said.

Last fiscal year, the four countries ranked 7th, 10th, 12th and 22nd positions respectively in terms of the remittance sent to Bangladesh, according to data from the central bank.

"Bangladesh will face deep trouble from the Gulf countries as they are in a stringent recession in the wake of dwindling oil prices in the global market," Rahman said.

Bangladesh received remittance worth \$4.01 billion from Saudi Arabia in fiscal 2019-20, which is 22.05 per cent of what Bangladesh got from around the globe that year.



Remittance from the United Arab Emirates and Kuwait stood at \$2.47 billion and \$1.37 billion respectively last fiscal year.

A good number of expats might be sending their deposits now as part of preparations of leaving the host country, for which the remittance has hit a record high for the time being, Rahman said.

Last fiscal year's inflows were 10.87 per cent higher compared to that in the previous year. Expatriate Bangladeshis sent home \$1.83 billion in June, also the highest for a single month, eclipsing the \$1.74 billion that flowed in May last year.

"We should strengthen our diplomatic process such that remittance does not decline alarmingly from the Middle East," Rahman said.

It is reported that seven lakh to eight lakh expats from the Gulf

nations are waiting to come back home due to the ongoing economic fallout.

Bangladesh should place the issue at the Colombo Process, popularly known as the Migrant Forum in Asia, which is working to ensure migrants' rights, Rahman said.

Bangladesh and the majority of its workers' host nations are members of the forum, which runs on the basis of the United Nations declaration on human rights and convention on the protection of rights of migrant workers. If Bangladesh can place its issues at the forum properly, the jobs of many of its expats might end up being retained.

The country could try to export manpower focusing on the healthcare sector of different nations, Rahman said.

"Demand for pathological lab technicians and nurses is on the rise due to the pandemic. So, the government could consider the issue," he said.

There is little hope to sustain the previous

trends of remittance this year, said Ahsan H Mansur, executive director of the Policy Research Institute of Bangladesh.

Saudi Arabia has adopted austerity measures to manage its budget deficit amid a heavy fall in petroleum prices, he said.

"European nations are still fighting against the deadly flu. Bangladesh's situation is getting worse day after day," he said.

Remittance inflow will decline at a time when manpower export will nosedive, said Mansur, also a former high official of the International Monetary Fund.

Bangladesh will have to control the pandemic at any cost or else it will have to bear a dreadful cost in the coming days.

Just as an infected person ends up being isolated, the whole country might face the same predicament if the rest of the world sees that Bangladesh has failed to control the pandemic.

The government should take mid and long-

term plans to keep the wheels of the remittance moving, Mansur said.

"We must increase the skill of our manpower, which will attract the developed nations," he said.

There is a huge demand for administrative assistance in the developed countries -- a sector in which the country's share is very low, he said.

If manpower can be trained properly, the country will be able to fill the gap, he said.

This was echoed by Syed Mahbubur Rahman, managing director of Mutual Trust Bank.

Bangladesh is lagging behind the Philippines, India and even Nepal in terms of exporting skilled manpower, he said.

"We will not be able to go to a great extent riding on the unskilled manpower. So, we should take initiatives to send skilled manpower," he said.

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To cut costs, govt suspends buying vehicles for 2020

REJAU KARIM BYRON

The government has decided not to purchase new vehicles under all operating and development expenses for the rest of 2020 as part of its austerity measures in face of falling revenues owing to the coronavirus pandemic.

Procurement of new or replacement vehicles under all expenditures of government, semi-government, autonomous and other agencies would be on hold until December 31, according to a finance ministry circular.

The devastating coronavirus pandemic has compelled the government to embrace austerity as the shutdown has brought the economy to a screeching halt, drying up revenues.

As the government had to allocate additional funds for certain sectors to combat the pestilence, it had suspended financing for all low priority projects in the revised annual development programme for the immediate past fiscal year.

The cost-cutting would continue in the new fiscal year as there is no sign of the contagion petering out.

The coronavirus has so far infected 175,494 in Bangladesh, killing 2,238 as of yesterday.

The government may order to give utmost importance to high and medium priority projects in FY21, while any fund allocation for the low-priority projects would be suspended until the pandemic disappears, said an official of the finance ministry.

The government had also planned to ban foreign tours of government officials as part of the austerity measures, but such

order would not necessitate because of the pandemic, the official said.

Already, the ADP for the new fiscal year saw lower-than-usual allocation growth as the government has embarked on bankrolling massive stimulus packages amounting to Tk 103,117 crore announced to jumpstart the economy.

Govt to give utmost importance to high and medium priority projects, while fund allocation for low-priority projects would be suspended

Revenue collection fell massively for the second consecutive month in May as incomes and demand for goods and services crashed because of the lengthy shutdown put in place to battle the Covid-19 pandemic.

In May, the National Board of Revenue generated Tk 13,530 crore, which was 33 per cent down from a year ago. The collection had crashed 50 per cent year-on-year to Tk 9,975 crore in April.

Economists said the government would not be able to achieve the target of revenue mobilisation for the fiscal year of 2020-21.

READ MORE ON B3

Promising Asian markets could revive export earnings, say analysts

REFAYET ULLAH MIRDHA

The promising growth in export earnings seen at three Asian markets during the previous fiscal year has come to a halt following the coronavirus outbreak.

Exports to China, India and Japan, three economic giants, were growing steadily over the last five years.

During fiscal 2019-20 as well, exports from Bangladesh were expected to increase significantly. However, the unprecedented pandemic slowed the shipments to those three destinations.

The consumer market size of the three Asian economic giants is worth trillions of dollars thanks to their strong consumer base and economic foothold.

In the immediate past fiscal year, shipments to China declined by 27.79 per cent year-on-year to \$600 million and to India by 12.09 per cent to \$1.09 billion while exports to Japan fell by 11.76 per cent to \$1.20 billion, according to data from the Export Promotion Bureau (EPB).

As a least developed country (LDC), Bangladesh enjoys duty-free benefits to all three markets.

For instance, Bangladesh enjoys zero-duty benefits to India under the SAARC Free Trade Agreement (SAFTA), zero-duty benefit to Japan under the LDC category and the same for 97 per cent of Bangladesh-origin products shipped to China under the same criteria and Asia Pacific Trade Agreement (APTA).

Exports from Bangladesh to India crossed the \$1 billion mark in fiscal to 2018-19. In the last fiscal year too, exports to India valued at more than \$1 billion.

Exports to India have increased mainly for three reasons, including duty-free market access, operations of multinational clothing companies in India and a rising number of middle-income consumers in India.

For instance, the multinational clothing



retailer H&M and Walmart have been operating retail outlets in the country.

As a result, garment exports to India have risen each year even though local exporters have to face a 12 per cent countervailing duty in Indian markets.

Japan has been turning into a major market for Bangladesh as well.

Garment exports from Bangladesh to Japan have grown at a fast pace due to the duty-free facility and for the reliance of a few Japanese brands on Bangladeshi apparel items.

"Now we are not planning about the expansion as coronavirus impacted our business. There is uncertainty for at least the next one year. So, we are just serving our existing

customers and work orders," said Anwar Ul Alam Chowdhury Parvez, former president of the Bangladesh Garment Manufacturers and Exporters Association (BGMEA).

However, he is very hopeful about the potentials of these Asian markets as exports to all three destinations have increased gradually. However, Bangladesh should not depend only on apparel shipments.

Bangladesh should shift its industrial base to the production of heavy equipment like construction and hospital equipment and light engineering to grab the opportunities at Japanese, Chinese and Indian markets, Parvez told The Daily Star over the phone.

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Prime Bank approves 13.5pc cash dividend

STAR BUSINESS DESK
Prime Bank yesterday approved 13.50 per cent cash dividend (Tk 1.35 per share) for 2019 in its annual general meeting (AGM).
The 25th AGM was held through a digital platform due to the Covid-19 pandemic and risk of the virus spreading among the participants of the meeting, the bank said in a statement.
This year listed companies are using virtual platforms to hold annual general meetings as the Bangladesh Securities and Exchange Commission

(BSEC) in March temporarily relaxed rules on holding AGMs, extraordinary general meetings and board meetings on digital platforms to contain the spread of the deadly bug.



Tanjil Chowdhury, chairman of the bank, presided over the meeting which was attended by directors, including chairmen of all assistive committees of the board, and representatives of statutory auditors.

Almost 400 shareholders also digitally connected to the AGM.
The shareholders also approved audited financial statements of the bank for 2019 and appointed statutory and compliance auditors for the year 2020.
The bank's managing director and CEO, Rahel Ahmed, and deputy managing directors Md Touhidul Alam Khan, Mohammad Habibur Rahman Chowdhury and Faisal Rahman were also present in the AGM.
As of yesterday, the stocks of Prime Bank traded at Tk 14.2.



Tanjil Chowdhury, chairman of Prime Bank, presides over the bank's 25th annual general meeting yesterday through a digital platform.

Tesla 'very close' to level 5 autonomous driving technology, Musk says

REUTERS, Shanghai/Beijing
US electric vehicle maker Tesla Inc is "very close" to achieving level 5 autonomous driving technology, Chief Executive Elon Musk said on Thursday, referring to the capability to navigate roads without any driver input.
"I'm extremely confident that level 5 or essentially complete autonomy will happen and I think will happen very quickly," Musk said in remarks made via a video message at the opening of Shanghai's annual World Artificial Intelligence Conference (WAIC).
"I remain confident that we will have the basic functionality for level 5 autonomy complete this year."

Automakers and tech companies including Alphabet Inc Waymo and Uber Technologies are investing billions in the autonomous driving industry.
However industry insiders have said it would take time for the technology to get ready and public to trust autonomous vehicles fully.
The California-based automaker currently builds cars with an Autopilot driver-assistance system.

India inflation likely slowed in June as output returns

REUTERS, Bengaluru
India's consumer price inflation likely eased in June from March, a Reuters poll predicted, as loosened coronavirus-led restrictions in most of the country drove a slight recovery in economic activity and helped reduce a supply crunch.
The July 3-8 poll median of over 35 economists showed India's retail inflation in June moderated to 5.30 per cent from March's revised 5.84 per cent, still breaching the Reserve Bank of India's medium-term target of 4.00 per cent.
Headline inflation numbers were not released in April and May due to inadequate data collection owing to lockdown restrictions.
If the consensus is realised it would be the lowest inflation rate since November last year but would still exceed the central

bank's mandate for a ninth consecutive month.
"The drop in inflation is caused by a marked increase in economic activity which ground to a halt during the lockdown phase and has only been recovering slowly as restrictions have been eased," said Hugo Erken, head of international economics at Rabobank.
A decline in price pressure might help the RBI, which has already cut its repo rate by a cumulative 115 basis points since the lockdown started on March 25, to stay on its accommodative path and ease policy further.
"The central bank's cautious assessment of growth prospects, normal monsoon and easing food pressures provide sufficient indication that inflation is likely to decelerate over the next few months," said Radhika Rao, economist at DBS Bank.



A vendor sleeps as his son waits for customers at their roadside vegetable shop in New Delhi.

Sri Lanka slashes key interest rates to aid virus-hit economy

AFP, Colombo
Sri Lanka's central bank on Thursday cut interest rates for the fifth time this year in a new bid to breathe life into the coronavirus-stricken economy.
The Central Bank of Sri Lanka monetary board reduced its lending rate by 100 basis points to 5.5 per cent.
The deposit rate was cut by the same amount to 4.5 per cent.
A bank statement said the board wanted to "aggressively enhance lending to productive sectors of the economy, which would reinforce support to COVID-19 hit businesses as well as to the broader economy".
Sri Lanka's economy has been slumbering since last year's Easter Sunday suicide bombings by militant Islamists which badly hit tourism.
The government imposed a nationwide coronavirus lockdown on March 20 which lasted until last month, adding to the economic woes.
Sri Lanka's economic growth slowed to 2.3 per cent last year compared to 3.3 per cent in 2018. The International Monetary Fund in April predicted growth of 3.5 per cent this year, but many private-sector analysts fear it will be closer to zero because tourist arrivals are at a standstill. Faced with a serious foreign exchange crisis, the country has slapped an indefinite ban on non-essential imports, including vehicles.
The bank said this had helped stabilise the local currency which hit record lows in April prompting the government to ask public employees to donate their May salary to the state.

Explore new markets, train manpower to boost remittance: experts

FROM PAGE B1
Emphasis can be laid on the four East Asian countries to export more manpower in order to make the inflow vibrant as their economies will pick up soon, said Mahbubur Rahman, also a former chairman of the Association of Banks, Bangladesh, a forum of banks' CEOs.
Among the top 10 remittance originating destinations for Bangladesh, there was a contraction of the inflow from the United Arab Emirates, Kuwait, Qatar and Singapore last fiscal year, showed the central bank data.
Remittance from Saudi Arabia, the US, the UK, Oman, Malaysia and Singapore enjoyed an increasing trend.

In recovery mode, technology will build resilient banking

FROM PAGE B4
These technologies further help bankers to make better decisions and drive innovation, enabling them to stay ahead in the new normal.
With change becoming a constant in these unpredictable times, banks need more significant changes to sustain the prevailing economic downturn.
To build resilience as the economy starts to improve, banks have to integrate digitalisation into their blueprints to mitigate the business impact.

The writer is the managing director of Oracle Bangladesh

Firms asked to remove anomalies in accounting of forfeited provident funds

FROM PAGE B4
An audited financial report on the employee provident funds must be submitted to the FRC and other regulatory bodies within 120 days after the end of an accounting year, according to the circular.
If anyone breaches the circular, they would face up to Tk 5 lakh in fines, or five years in imprisonment, or both, said the FRC.

Virus crisis sends Canada deficit soaring to all-time high

AFP, Ottawa
The coronavirus pandemic sparked an explosion in Canada's federal budget deficit to an all-time high of CAN \$343 billion for the current fiscal year, Finance Minister Bill Morneau said Wednesday.
With government spending at a level not seen since World War II, the total for the 2020-2021 fiscal year starting April 1 -- equal to US \$254 billion -- is 10 times higher than estimates the minister gave before the crisis.
It is equal to 15.9 per cent of the Group of Seven nation's gross domestic product (GDP). The health crisis forced several of Canada's main economic sectors to shut down from mid-March for more than two months, putting a significant dent in

government tax revenue.
"Faced with the most profound downturn since the Great Depression, our government acted to support the economy," Morneau said, giving an economic and fiscal snapshot to the House of Commons in Ottawa.
Given the volatility of the situation, Morneau was forced to skip his presentation of the fiscal year budget in late March.
The Liberal government of Prime Minister Justin Trudeau put in place a \$230 billion crisis recovery plan, which Morneau called the "most comprehensive and substantial peacetime investment in Canada's history."
"As a result, though, the government's debt is going to explode, from \$765 billion in March 2020 to \$1.236 trillion by March

2021. That means the federal debt-to-GDP ratio is expected to rise from 31 per cent in 2019-20 to 49 per cent in 2020-21, Morneau said.
Trudeau tried to tamp down concerns about the deficit, recalling that Canada "entered this crisis on a strong footing with a net debt-to-GDP ratio considerably lower than the rest of the G7."
"He also noted that interest rates were at historic lows, making the repayment of the debt more manageable in the coming years. "The government is well-positioned to support Canadians and the Canadian economy to meet funding challenges in response to the COVID-19 pandemic," Morneau insisted.
International ratings agency Fitch recently stripped Canada of its perfect AAA

debt rating -- a move that was not followed by the other top agencies of record. "Under Justin Trudeau's watch, Canada is falling behind," said opposition Conservative leader Andrew Scheer.
"Over the past five years, the Trudeau Liberals have completely abandoned their fiscal anchors. "Morneau's snapshot did not include budget projections for coming years, contrary to usual practice, which would offer a five-year outlook.
Private sector economists consulted by the finance ministry predicted the Canadian economy would shrink 6.8 per cent in 2020 -- its biggest drop since the Great Depression. They are, however, hoping for a 5.5 per cent rebound in 2021.



Fazlur Rahman, chairman of Jamuna Bank; Nur Mohammed, chairman of Jamuna Bank Foundation; Md Ismail Hossain Siraji, a director of the bank, and Mirza Elias Uddin Ahmed, CEO, attend an event at Jamuna Bank Tower in the capital yesterday, when the bank opened its 'Gulshan Corporate Branch'.

Promising Asian markets could export earnings, say analysts

FROM PAGE B1
Tareque Rafi Bhuiyan Jun, general secretary to the Japan-Bangladesh Chamber of Commerce and Industry, said he believes the following is required and should be considered seriously: the signing of free trade agreements (FTA) between Japan and Bangladesh.
"Signing an FTA between Bangladesh and Japan will definitely enhance exports from Bangladesh to Japan and also increase Japanese investments in Bangladesh," Jun told The Daily Star in response to a WhatsApp message yesterday.
"The Arahazar economic zone development should happen on time so that it can attract Japanese companies soon," Jun added.
The government allocated special economic zones to all three of the Asian economic tigers -- Japan, India

and China -- as investment proposals are coming from those countries.
Mustafizur Rahman, a distinguished fellow of the Centre for Policy Dialogue, in an interview with The Daily Star earlier this week, also called for seizing the opportunities the Asian giants provide amid this pandemic.
Apart from the EU and US markets, Bangladesh should focus more on the Asian markets to revive the country's earnings from export amid the Covid-19 outbreak, said Rahman.
Some 80 per cent of the country's exports are destined for European and American markets and little focus is given to the Asian markets even though those destinations have a lot of promise for Bangladesh.
Asian markets, especially the Indian and Chinese ones, are very important

for the country. For instance, China has allowed duty-free facility for 97 per cent of products.
"This is a big opportunity for our country. We need to grab this opportunity in Chinese markets," Rahman said.
Bangladeshi exports to Chinese markets are growing as the demand for Bangladeshi products, especially garment items, is growing among the middle-income people in China.
Although China has a big consumer base, not all Chinese consumers can afford the high-end garment items made in their country.
As a result, many Chinese clothing brands source garment items from Bangladesh at competitive prices for their domestic customers even though China is the world's largest apparel supplier with a 34 per cent global market share.

Gold rises towards nine-year peak as virus cases spike

REUTERS
Gold firmed above the key \$1,800 level on Thursday just shy of a near nine-year peak on growing fears that surging coronavirus cases will put the brakes on a global economic recovery, with focus shifting to US jobs data later in the day.
Spot gold was up 0.2 per cent at \$1,814.53 per ounce by 0921 GMT. It climbed to its highest since September 2011 at \$1,817.71 on Wednesday. US gold futures were 0.2 per cent higher at \$1,823.60.
"The combination of global central bank easing, geopolitical risks, the persisting pandemic impact and global recession could continue to push gold prices higher in the medium term," said Bank of China International analyst Xiao Fu.
But the analyst also said: "There's volatility ahead ... There could be some better economic data or (signs economies are) returning to normal, it could slow down the rally to certain extent."
Global coronavirus cases exceeded 12 million on Wednesday, with more than half a million dead. In the United States alone, cases have been on the rise in 42 of the 50 states over the past two weeks, according to a Reuters analysis.
Keeping alive worries over the economic fallout, U.S. Federal Reserve officials on Wednesday suggested the recovery in the world's largest economy may be stalling.

To cut costs, govt suspends buying vehicles for 2020

FROM PAGE B1
In another circular, the finance ministry said the doctors, nurses and healthcare workers who are directly treating coronavirus patients would be entitled to a special honourarium equal to the basic pay of two months.
The government has already allocated funds to the health division for the purpose. The honourarium would be in addition to other financial supports already announced, the notice said.
In April the government said it decided to compensate all government employees who would contract Covid-19 while discharging duties amid the coronavirus outbreak.
The beneficiaries would include doctors, nurses and health officials as well as officials of law enforcement agencies and armed forces.
A government employee on grade 1-9 will get Tk 10 lakh if the person contracts the disease. The amount will be Tk 50 lakh if he/she dies, according to a circular.
For grade 10-14, the amount will be Tk 7.5 lakh and Tk 37.50 lakh respectively, while for grade 15-20, it will be Tk 5 lakh and Tk 25 lakh, the circular added.

In recovery mode, technology will build resilient banking



RUBABA DOWLA

This year saw an unprecedented and drastic transition in the banking sector.

In Bangladesh too, the banking industry has been heavily disrupted by prevailing business challenges.

With such disruptions, traditional banks have been compelled to rethink their processes digitally, with strong social distancing rules forcing banks to shut down their branches and offer limited services.

In such a context, both traditional and digital banks have taken necessary steps to provide solutions for customers to address their needs from an economic perspective.

This new situation will require prudent management of resources and significant improvement of operational efficiencies.

Banking sector needs to act quickly to build on the recent experience of rapid digitisation and unprecedented momentum for change.

We anticipate a shift in the way banking and trade finance is transacted and settled, institutions will need to re-engineer business processes in the current business environment.

With the government announcing a stimulus package of Tk 20,000 crore for small and medium enterprises (SMEs), Bangladeshi banks are relying on digitalisation to ensure smooth banking operations for local citizens.

Globally, many banks have taken similar measures to ease the burden of their customers.

In Australia, banks have also announced credit-easing measures for small businesses that extend

repayments for six months, as the government there prepares to expand its stimulus package to weather the economic storm.

While there is a heavy focus on how banks are doing their part to help customers ride through this difficult time, banks themselves also require support to cushion the impact they are facing.

MOUNTING PRESSURE ON BANKS

The finance industry has its fair share of ups and downs, but it has never experienced the current level of uncertainties.

To face these challenges, banks are making deeper organisational and operational changes to help keep pace with customers' needs and stay ahead of the recovery curve.

Traditionally, banks' chief financial officers (CFOs) have relied on preliminary estimates and approximate figures when it comes to risk management.

However, this type of analysis is no longer sufficient in today's economy of uncertainties.

Moreover, CFOs who want to drive digital sophistication in the finance function are often slowed down by



"To build resilience as the economy starts to improve, banks have to integrate digitalisation into their blueprints to mitigate the business impact"

Banking Platform for its unified customer service hub to provide bankers with a single view of all customer interactions.

As an established bank with a long history, Westpac turned to the cloud to simplify its IT infrastructure and create a consistent customer-centric experience across the multiple brands they operate in Australia and New Zealand.

This gave Westpac the edge it needed to position itself better in an increasingly regulated and competitive industry.

BUILDING RESILIENCE THROUGH DIGITISATION

Presently, banks are struggling to mitigate costs, margins and perform better to exceed customer expectations.

New age technologies have been contributing a pivotal role in forecasting business risks, analysing data and taking optimum decisions.

These testing times have led businesses to predict and evaluate the future of the business and its operations.

Artificial Intelligence (AI) and Machine Learning (ML), which are embedded into the cloud, are two technologies that help banks to predict the future outcomes, profitability and trends based on past behaviour.

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their own hairball architecture and legacy processes that are costly and tough to maintain.

With the emergence of remote working, the reality for most major banking players is that they are simply unable to deploy the right remote-working architecture overnight because it is just not how their systems have been set up.

Once thought to be more secure and stable, the decentralised operating model between finance and risk functions does not offer the transparency, effectiveness and cost-efficiency needed to function.

Instead, the processes require extra costs and time, hampering banks' ability to manage operations seamlessly.

Banks now understand the urgency to digitise their finance operations as this is the only -- and fastest -- way to manage risk, improve controls and enhance insights to create more

resilient and adaptable businesses.

The use of cloud technologies is now a must-have on banks' technology roadmaps and in business continuity plans.

OPERATIONAL PROCESSES GOING DIGITAL

Moving core business systems to the cloud has proven to be even more valuable today as it enables bank employees to work remotely -- a change in operational management that was once impossible with the decentralised approaches and disconnected systems.

This represents a shift in CFOs' mindsets because banks are now starting to rearchitect their core finance processes and explore remote capabilities that benefit its business and ultimately customers.

In Bangladesh, BRAC Bank leverages Oracle Cloud Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) and Oracle

Cloud Human Capital Management to simplify, streamline and automate their business processes to get faster access to information.

Recognised as one of the youngest and fastest-growing banks in Bangladesh, BRAC Bank has digitally transformed itself to adopt the modernised business processes.

Oracle supports the bank's back office, which, eventually, helps the bank to increase the speed of their business activities and financial transactions as well as their human resource operations.

In another instance, Westpac, a financial services company, will use Oracle Cloud ERP and Oracle Cloud Enterprise Performance Management (EPM) to reduce their cost and complexity while helping to meet regulations for the New Zealand business to operate independently from their parent company in Australia.

Westpac has also leveraged Oracle

"CFOs who want to drive digital sophistication in the finance function are often slowed down by their own hairball architecture and legacy processes that are costly and tough to maintain"

Firms asked to remove anomalies in accounting of forfeited provident funds

STAR BUSINESS REPORT

The Financial Reporting Council (FRC) has unearthed gross irregularities in the accounting of the forfeited amount of provident funds of public interest entities.

An employee may leave a company before being entitled to the portion of the provident fund from the employer. But if the fund is not returned to the company after they depart, it is considered as a forfeited fund.



"This money is normally distributed among the present employees but it is not legal," the FRC said.

The situation prompted the independent government regulatory body under the finance ministry to issue a circular on Tuesday for every public interest entity.

It directed the companies either to give the money to the outgoing employees or return it to the profit and loss accounts of the firms and pay tax on it.

Any government or non-government entity is considered a public interest entity when its annual revenue crosses Tk 5 crore, assets reach Tk 3 crore, or liability goes up to Tk 1 crore.

The entities treat their contribution to

the provident funds as expenses and thus get tax benefit against the expenditure.

The forfeited amount should either be paid to the employee who left or reverted back to the accounts of the company and the company must pay tax on it, said Sayeed Ahmed, an executive director of the FRC.

"Giving one's money to others is a forgery," he said, adding that the auditors were also not addressing the issues in their reports.

If an audit firm fails to address and inform such issues, it will be accountable for allowing the irregularities to take place, he added.

Companies with forfeited fund must revert it to the employer's accounts in the same financial year, the circular said.

The organisation must recognise the fund as income from other sources and subsequently would be charged corporate tax against the amount.

Employees of public interest entities who enjoyed additional benefit because of the forfeited funds must deduct the extra sum by December 31, 2020.

Every entity must try to recover the additional benefits that have already been realised by other employees, the notice said.

If an employee receives any excess amount from a provident fund, it must be discussed in the meetings of trustee board or committee of the provident fund, in the audit and risk management committees of the organisation. The trustee board or committee must be accountable for that.

READ MORE ON B3

Hili port's revenue falls 30pc short of target

OUR CORRESPONDENT, Dinajpur

Hili land port's revenue earnings fell 30 per cent short of the target of Tk 271.61 crore in fiscal year 2019-20 due to the coronavirus outbreak.

"We earned Tk 189 crore in the last fiscal year as trade through the port remained suspended for 75 days because of the shutdown for Covid-19," said Md Mahbubur Rahman, a revenue official of the port.

Trade through the port stopped on March 26 and restarted on June 8.

Since then only 30 to 40 Indian-goods laden trucks have been entering Bangladesh daily, which was around 300 before the imposition of the shutdown, he said.

"However, we did great after the resumption of trade. The port earned Tk 35 crore in 19 working days in June, up from the target of Tk 22 crore."

However, this is not the first time for the port, established in 1982 at Hakimpur upazila in Dinajpur, that it failed to reach revenue target.

In the last five years, it reached its revenue target only once -- in fiscal year 2017-18.



LIFELINE IN A BOTTLE

Like in major cities and towns across the country, this oxygen refilling station in Narayanganj's Rupganj has been running round the clock as demand has skyrocketed following the outbreak of Covid-19. Patients with severe lung infections suffer from very low oxygen levels. A 1,360 litre cylinder can provide support for about four hours. Refilling a cylinder of this size costs around Tk 100, said officials at supplier companies Linde and Spectra. But for most patients whose condition is not severe, such cylinders can last for over 10 hours, providing 2 litres of oxygen per minute, said doctors at Dhaka Medical College Hospital. The photos were taken recently.

PALASH KHAN

