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BANGLADESH





1,26,606





51,495 Recoveries





9,478,266

COVID-19 HOSPITALS

ICU beds lie unused

Manpower crisis mainly to blame

MOUDUD AHMMED SUJAN and WASIM BIN HABIB

When Gazi Sabiha Chowdhury, a 70-year-old heart and kidney patient from Sreemangal, fell in the bathroom on May 31, her family felt something ominous was going to happen.

They rushed her to Sreemangal Upazila Health Complex. As her condition worsened, doctors at the health complex referred her to Moulvibazar 250-bed District Sadar Hospital for better treatment.

But doctors at the hospital said she was in dire need of Intensive Care Unit (ICU) support and so she must be taken to Sylhet immediately.

Worried, her family members rushed her to seven private medical college hospitals in Sylhet city, but none of them took her in. They either said their ICU beds were occupied or they needed the patient's Covid-19 test report first.

Sabiha died that day.

"We begged for an ICU bed but no one helped us. When she needed oxygen, two hospitals even refused to provide us with an oxygen cylinder," Mazharul Islam, a relative of Sabiha, told this newspaper on Tuesday.

Sabiha's case is not an isolated one as many, including critical Covid-19 patients, are suffering, while some are dying, due to the lack of ICU support, according to media

But when the situation is so dire, a government data shows that a number of ICU beds in hospitals, dedicated to treating Covid-19 patients, remain unused.

There are 106 such dedicated facilities - both government and private -- across the country which can treat 14,610 Covid-19 patients with 379 ICU beds and 106 dialysis beds, according to the Directorate General of Health Services (DGHS).

But during the last 20 days, from June 6 to Jun 25, only 78 of them were used daily on an average, data from the DGHS shows.

On June 11, the highest 99 ICUs were used while the lowest 41 ICUs were used on June 22, it said.

Another data, from the control room of DGHS, says 177 patients were in ICU beds across the country yesterday.

Currently, government hospitals across the country have a total of 749 ICU beds. Of those, 190 ICU beds have been set up at 17 government hospitals meant for coronavirus patients, according to DGHS data.



Exhausted selling flowers and chocolate on the street throughout a very hot day, two children take a break and play in the water of Crescent Lake at the capital's Chandrima Udyan. High temperature coupled with high humidity has been causing people to suffer across the country for the last few days.

PHOTO: FIROZ AHMED

BUSINESS

Is foul play the new normal?

Big brands turn Bangladesh garment sector upside down

ZYMA ISLAM and SUSHMITA S PREETHA

For four decades, global apparel brands have been reaping huge profits off the backs of Bangladeshi RMG workers. With retail stores in multiple continents, some of these brands are owned by the richest people on the planet and report annual turnovers higher than Bangladesh's annual

development budget. Yet, these brands have continued to impose a disproportionate burden on workers and suppliers in their supply chain by cancelling orders, putting them on hold, asking for discounts or delaying payments indefinitely, citing the massive drop in sales following the Covid-19 pandemic. They have also refused to share the costs of furloughing or terminating workers as a result of mass cancellations.

As many as 1,931 buyers, including 127 major brands, have cancelled goods worth 3.7 billion USD, as per data provided by Bangladesh Garment Workers and Manufacturers Association (BGMEA). SEE PAGE 2 COL 1

FULL STORY ON B1

FALLOUT FROM COVID-19

Loan sharks feast on slum dwellers

SHAHEEN MOLLAH and TUHIN SHUBHRA ADHIKARY

Three and a half years ago, life suddenly took a turn for Babu Hossain when a fire gutted his mobile phone repair shop at Bou Bazar in the capital's Karail slum.

Having lost everything he had in his Babu took out a Tk 60,000 loan from a bank and another Tk 60,000 from an NGO. The now 33-year-old turned his life

around.

From the brink of losing his income source, he started earning Tk 800 to 1,000 a day. He had 10 years of experience in mobile repairs. Babu had also repaid most of the bank loan and half of the one taken from the NGO.

When he thought he had almost all things sorted, the pandemic ruined broke out in the country.

"The shutdown in our area was enforced so strictly that I couldn't open my shop, which is attached to my house," Babu said.

Making matters worse, two of his sons got sick and the treatment cost was around Tk 20,000. Meanwhile, his wife gave birth to their fourth child.

Babu had no option but to borrow money at high interest rates from two loan sharks in the slum to pay the medical bills.

"They are very strict about repaying the loan. So, I had no option but borrow more money. I took Tk 60,000 from six people,"

The easing of the shutdown should have helped him get out of the jam but it was

He became sick and his landlord started pressuring him to pay up the pending rent for four months, while the bank and the NGO also started asking for the loan repayments.

The walls started closing in on him.

"With poor health, I still go to the shop daily but the number of customers is very low and I can earn only Tk 300 to 400 a day," said Babu, who has no property in his village home in Kishoreganj's Pakundia upazila.

"I will go mad. I can't go back to my home either as I don't have anything there. [I] Don't know what to do now," he said. SEE PAGE 2 COL 3

Call for graft-free healthcare

system, affordable treatment STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The country is failing to provide quality healthcare to all because of deep-rooted corruption and lack of needs to ramp up accountability, public health experts and political analysts said yesterday.

Make it pro-poor

thru' overhaul

They called for an overhaul of the healthcare sector. Seventy percent of the health expenditure is out-ofpocket and the extremely high expenses have been pushing people into poverty while hundreds of thousands of welloff people are travelling abroad for treatment because they don't trust the health care here.

"The shortcoming of the sector was known to all, but the pandemic has made it more visible. Patients are being denied admission or consultation at hospitals. This is unacceptable. We need a major healthcare reform," Dr Zafrullah Chowdhury told a discussion organised by Gonoshasthaya Kendra at the capital's Gonoshasthaya Nagar Hospital yesterday.

He said the coronavirus will continue to spread during the rest of this month and the outbreak might peak in the next. Other speakers said it was frustrating that repeated calls

for increasing the number of daily tests fell on deaf ears. In a recent Facebook post, Awami League MP and member of parliamentary standing committee on health

tests go up

Surge in new

cases as virus

39 deaths, 3,946 infections recorded in a day

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The health department coronavirus testing to identify the maximum number of possible cases as records show that conducting more tests results in detection of more new Covid-19 cases.

Analysing the data of the last 14 days, it has been found that more new cases are recorded only on those days when the number of tests goes up.

A total of 239,883 samples were tested for Covid-19 between June 11 and 25. Of them, 51,741

samples tested positive. On each of the days of

June 16, 17 and 25, the number of samples tested

SEE PAGE 2 COL 1

Virus claims lives of four more doctors

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

Four more doctors died from Covid-19 in Dhaka and Chattogram, taking the number of physicians dying from the infection to over 50.

The dead are Dr Saiful Islam, diabetes specialist of Al Manar Hospital in Dhaka; Dr Yunus Ali Khan, a private practitioner doctor in Sirajganj's Shahjadpur; Dr Shahidul Anwar, (retired) doctor of Chattogram Eye Infirmary hospital and Dr Firoza Begum.

Saiful passed away around 11:30pm on Wednesday while undergoing treatment at Anwar Khan Modern Hospital in the capital, Asaduzzaman, customer care executive of Al-Manar Hospital told The Daily Star.

He was admitted to the hospital after he tested positive for Covid-19 two

weeks ago, he said. Yunus Ali died while undergoing treatment at Tejgaon's Impulse Hospital SEE PAGE 2 COL 6



Bristi making garlands of flowers she collected from a nearby park in Shahbagh area of the capital. She says she earns a living by selling garlands -- each for Tk 10 to Tk 15 -- to students and visitors on the Dhaka University campus. But after the pandemic outbreak, the campus has remained deserted and she could hardly sell any flower. The photo was taken yesterday.

Swiss Banks

SEE PAGE 2 COL 3

Deposits by BD nationals drop

Analysts say it's insignificant, still a matter of concern

BANGLADESHI NATIONALS' DEPOSITS TO SWISS BANK YEAR SWISS FANCES (MILLION) TAKA (CRORE) 2019 603 5,427 2018 617 5,553 2017 418 4,329

662

551

REJAUL KARIM BYRON and TUHIN SHUBHRA ADHIKARY

2016

2015

Just one year after a rise, Bangladeshi nationals' deposits in Swiss banks dropped 2.26 percent year-on-year in 2019 to 603 million Swiss francs or Tk 5,427 crore.

The Swiss National Bank (SNB) came up with the data in its annual report titled "Banks in Switzerland 2019".

The amount was Tk 5,553 crore in 2018 and Tk 4,329 crore in 2017, according to the report. The SNB report, however, does not shed light on the alleged black money held by Bangladeshis.

Experts say tighter application of Anti-Money Laundering or Combating the Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) regulations on banking transactions worldwide and various investment incentives offered by different countries is the reason behind the fall of the deposits.

SEE PAGE 2 COL 3

5,958

4,959