

13 judges

FROM PAGE 12
 admitted to Dhaka Medical College Hospital.
 The other infected judges and staff members are receiving treatment at their residences, according to the sources.
 Chief Justice Syed Mahmud Hossain has talked to all the infected judges and asked officials concerned to take necessary actions to ensure proper treatment of the judges.
 The chief justice also asked the district judges concerned to take appropriate measures for the treatment of the infected staff.
 Two separate committees have recently been formed to ensure the treatment of the infected judges across the country.
 Earlier last month, the law ministry set up a monitoring cell to ensure treatment of the lower court judges.
 Law Minister Anisul Huq is giving necessary directives to the monitoring cell to this effect, law ministry sources said.

Bolivia

FROM PAGE 12
 "We were overwhelmed," said Villazon, likening the incident to a "terrorist attack". No serious violence was reported by police.
 The villagers had previously held protests demanding the mayor take down the masts over fears that they could spread Covid-19, according to the newspaper.
 Interior Minister Arturo Murillo said on Twitter that people loyal to former president Evo Morales were destroying masts in Yapacani as well as San Julian and Ichilo, two other eastern towns.
 Bolivia's communications ministry issued a statement reminding people that 5G technology is not available in the country and that it is not linked to the respiratory illness.

Virus clusters

FROM PAGE 12
 While these cases have caused concern about a resurgence in countries that had suppressed their outbreaks, the disease is gaining momentum in other regions with massive populations.
 Known infections in India have crossed 330,000, and already stretched authorities are bracing for the monsoon season, which causes outbreaks of illnesses such as dengue fever and malaria every year.
 Vastly experienced doctor Vidya Thakur, medical superintendent at Mumbai's Rajawadi Hospital, is used to managing "heavy burdens", she says.

People rush

FROM PAGE 12
 one of their staff members said all tickets were booked till the middle of next month. I will lose my job if I fail to fly to Italy within next two weeks," said expatriate Bangladeshi Shamim Hossain who came home in January.
 Like Shamim, some others complained that they didn't get tickets of Qatar Airways to fly to different Middle Eastern countries. They said they were also at risk of losing their jobs if they failed to reach their destinations within the next couple of weeks.
 Speaking to this correspondent, a Qatar Airways official said they were issuing ticket considering the priorities of passengers.
 "Our priority is to give tickets to passengers whose visas will expire soon and who are at risk of losing jobs," added the official.
 The CAAB yesterday resumed international flight operations on a limited scale.
 A Qatar Airways commercial flight touched down at Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport at 2:10am yesterday. It carried 33 transit passengers from Doha and flew back to Doha with 274 transit travelers, said Air Vice Marshal M Mafidur Rahman, chairman of CAAB.



Ratan, a seventh grader, carrying grass to his home on Shalukha char of Bogura's Sariakandi upazila. He helps his parents with work on the char as his school remains closed on account of the Covid-19 outbreak. While students from primary to college level have been trying to study at home or take online classes, those in areas with no electricity or limited internet access are not being able to keep up.

PHOTO: MOSTAFA SHOBUJ

Shutdown stopped their lessons

FROM PAGE 12
 Young children and teenagers, from primary to the college level, were seen whiling away the time playing with their friends. Some were working in the fields or otherwise helping their parents.
 Eighteen-year-old Md Shakil Mia, from Char Batiaya in Bogura's Sariakandi upazila, is in the first year of HSC at Sariakandi Degree College.
 For a teenager on the chars, access to the outside world is limited anyway. Shakil's family has no television at home and no one owns a smartphone -- meaning he cannot take advantage of remote learning at home as others.
 "Since the college closed, I am either sitting at home or playing cricket with others. I heard TV classes are going on, but I don't have that opportunity," said Shakil.
 Md Tarek Sarker, a fourth-grader from Char Batiaya, said, "The school is closed and I am doing nothing except playing with my friends all day long. There is no one at my home to teach me."
 On the chars, there is no alternative to school education -- digital or otherwise.
 A parent on Kuripara char, with a population of 3,000, 38-year-old Bablu Mia's two children study at the local government primary school.
 "After the school closed, they have no opportunity to learn to read and write at home as my wife and I are

both illiterate."
 Poor families on the chars have also come to depend on the stipends their children receive for attending school, under the government's Primary Education Stipend Programme.
 On Moiyurer Char, 40-year-old Kohinoor Begum has two children in the local government primary school.
 "My elder son Alam is in class five and he would get Tk 300 and my daughter in class one would get Tk 150 each month. These last two months, they are not getting this money from the school after it was closed."
 According to the Gaibandha district primary education office, there are around 100 primary schools in char areas under Gaibandha Sadar, Saghata, Fulchari, and Sundarganj upazilas. There are around 15,000 students studying in these primary schools.
 There are also over 5,000 schoolchildren from the chars who study in schools on the mainland, said Md Hosen Ali, Gaibandha district primary education officer.
 "Electricity and TVs are rare in the char areas of Gaibandha. In very few houses, you can find a TV run by solar power or charger-battery," Hosen Ali told The Daily Star.
 "It's difficult to arrange online education for char students, but the government is trying to provide online education for every student who lives on the mainland."

There are also eight high schools and three madrasas in the char areas of Gaibandha district, where the number of students is more than 5,000, said Md Enayet Hossain, district secondary education officer.
 In Sariakandi upazila of Bogura, there are 47 primary schools, six high schools and four Ebtedayee madrasas in the Jamuna chars, according to the upazila primary and secondary education office. Students number more than 10,000 in total.
 Additionally, around 2,000-3,000 students from the chars regularly attend upazila town educational institutions, said Md Shahidul Islam, secondary education officer of Sariakandi upazila.
 He, however, claimed many students on the chars have TVs and access to the internet and if interested, can access the government's online education programme.
 "Students who are living on the mainland are also showing less interest in online education," said Shahidul.
 In chars under Bogura's Sonatala upazila, there are 10 government primary schools and a Dakhil madrasa where around 1,000 children study.
 This is in addition to around 400 students who live on the chars but attend schools and college in the upazila town, said Md Azizur Rahman, secondary education officer of the upazila.

Bangladesh gets IMF

FROM PAGE 12
 Monetary Fund. Among the 119 members, 88 countries voted in favour of Bangladesh's membership. Six countries including Pakistan, Saudi Arabia and Jordan abstained from the voting process. Only Sudan voted against Bangladesh's entry into the IMF.
BANGLADESH-NEPAL JOINT COMMUNIQUE
 Bangladesh and Nepal issue a joint communique today which stipulates the signing of a trade treaty between the two neighbours soon. It further says that trade relations will get a boost following the improvement of transportation and communication facilities between the two countries.
FOOD SITUATION IMPROVES

United Nations Secretary General Kurt Waldheim today says that the food situation in Bangladesh has improved in recent times. However, he fears that early rain this year may badly affect the harvest. He identifies lack of transportation as a bigger problem than the food crisis.
SEPARATE MINISTRY FOR JUTE
 The government is actively considering the formation of a separate ministry for jute. It has long been a demand of the people of Bangladesh. Currently, jute is the main cash crop of the country. Bangladesh has exported 87,000 tonnes of raw jute in the first five months of this year and earned Tk 69 crore.
 SOURCES: June 18, 1972 issue of Purbodosh.

13 die after showing

FROM PAGE 12
 (RMO) of the hospital, adding that samples of the two were collected but the hospital authorities were yet to receive the test results.
 In Madaripur, a 55-year-old man died of Covid-19 symptoms while receiving treatment at the isolation ward of Madaripur General Hospital on Monday night. He was admitted to the hospital in the evening with fever and respiratory problems, said Akhil Sarkar, RMO of the hospital, adding that samples of the deceased were collected for Covid-19 test.
 In Chandpur, at least six people died with Covid-19 symptoms in five upazilas since Monday.
 Of them, a 55-year-old local Awami League leader died with fever and respiratory problems at his house in Haimchar upazila yesterday noon.
 Another 70-year-old man died with similar symptoms at his residence in Randhunimura area under Haziganj upazila yesterday noon, said Shoyeb Ahmed, Haziganj upazila health officer.
 In a separate incident, an 82-year-old man from Matlab Uttar upazila died at the isolation unit of Chandpur Sadar Hospital on Monday, said Sujauddowla Rubel, RMO of the hospital.
 Besides, a 50-year-old man died with coronavirus-like symptoms at Desh Khaguria area of Haziganj upazila, an employee of local union parishad land office died in Shaharasi upazila and a youth died in Faridganj upazila on Monday, said local health

officers.
 In Pirojpur, a 55-year-old high school teacher died with coronavirus-like symptoms at Bhandaria upazila early yesterday.
 The man was suffering from respiratory diseases and died while being taken to the hospital, said Najmul Alam, Bhandaria upazila nirbahi officer.
 In Moulvibazar, two people, including a child, died of Covid-19 symptoms on Monday.
 The five-year-child from Kalimabad village under Kulaura upazila had been suffering from fever, cold and breathing problems for the last one week, said Nurul Haque, Kulaura upazila health officer, adding that the child died before being taken to the hospital.
 Another 58-year-old man from Konagaon village under Juri Upazila, died at Sylhet Osmani Medical College Hospital after suffering from respiratory problems.
 In Habiganj, a 48-year-old local Juba League leader died with coronavirus symptoms in Shayestaganj upazila yesterday morning.
 The victim was suffering from fever and breathing problems for the last few days. He was admitted to Habiganj Sadar Modern Hospital on Monday evening.
 But he died yesterday morning while undergoing treatment, said Moklesur Rahman Ujjan, the district's deputy civil surgeon.
 Our correspondents from Patuakhali, Faridpur, Chandpur, Moulvibazar and Pirojpur contributed to this report.

3 Indian troops killed

FROM PAGE 12
 On Monday night, a small group of soldiers came to blows in the Galwan Valley, Indian officials said, but it was not clear what had provoked them.
 "During the de-escalation process under way in the Galwan Valley, a violent face-off took place yesterday night with casualties on both sides," the Indian army said in a statement.
 "The loss of lives on the Indian side includes an officer and two soldiers. Senior military officials of the two sides are currently meeting at the venue to defuse the situation."
 The officer who died was a colonel, a government source said. The two sides had been discussing ways to de-escalate but at some point the People's Liberation Army turned on a group of Indian soldiers, the source said.
 "They attacked with iron rods, the commanding officer was grievously injured and fell, and when that happened, more soldiers swarmed to the area and attacked with stones," said the source, who had been briefed on the matter.

said only last week that a "positive consensus" had been reached following "effective communication" through diplomatic and military channels.
 In a later statement, India's foreign ministry said the two sides would "continue the military and diplomatic engagements to resolve the situation and to ensure peace and tranquillity in the border areas."
 However, Indian sources and news reports suggested that Chinese troops remained in parts of the Galwan Valley and of the northern shore of the Pangong Tso lake that it occupied in recent weeks.
 "This is extremely, extremely serious, this is going to vitiate whatever dialogue was going on," former Indian army commander DS Hooda said.
 Military experts say that one reason for the face-off is that India has been building roads and airfields to improve connectivity and narrow the gap with China's far superior infrastructure.
 At Galwan, India completed a road leading to an airfield last October. The Chinese side have asked India to stop all construction. India says it is operating on its side of the Line of Actual Control, the de facto border.

PRICKLY RELATIONS
 India and China have never even agreed on how long their "Line of Actual Control" frontier is, and each side uses different frontier proposals made by Britain to China in the 19th century to back their claims.
 India gives a figure of 3,500 kilometres (2,175 miles). China does not give a number, but state media says the border should be just 2,000 km (1,250 miles) based on China's claims on Jammu, Kashmir, Ladakh and other regions.
 Relations between China and India have long been prickly.
 They fought a brief war in 1962 in which China took territory from India. Further deadly clashes followed in 1967, but the last shot fired was in 1975.
 In 2017 there was a 72-day showdown after Chinese forces moved into the disputed Doklam plateau on the China-India-Bhutan border.
 After that India's Prime Minister Narendra Modi and Chinese leader Xi Jinping sought to ease tensions at summits.
 Alice Wells, the top US State Department official for South Asia, said last month that China was seeking to upset the regional balance and had to be "resisted".
 US President Donald Trump also offered to mediate, but both countries sidestepped the offer.

The Chinese side brought in reinforcements and the brawl went on for a couple of hours, the source said. No shots were fired at any stage.
 Indian Defence Minister Rajnath Singh has reviewed the current operational situation in eastern Ladakh along with Chief of Defence Staff Gen Bipin Rawat and the three service chiefs. External Affairs Minister S Jaishankar was also present in the meeting, reported our New Delhi correspondent.
'ATTACKING CHINESE PERSONNEL'
 Beijing yesterday confirmed a clash took place, but made no mention of casualties. It accused Indian soldiers of crossing into Chinese territory and "attacking Chinese personnel".
 Foreign Ministry spokesman Zhao Lijian said Indian troops "crossed the border line twice... provoking and attacking Chinese personnel, resulting in serious physical confrontation between border forces on the two sides".
 "We again solemnly request that India follows the relevant attitude and restrains its frontline troops," he said.
 The editor-in-chief of China's Global Times newspaper said the Chinese military had suffered losses, though it was unclear whether those were deaths or wounded.
 On May 9, several Indian and Chinese soldiers were injured in a clash involving fists and stone-throwing at Naku La in India's Sikkim state, which borders Bhutan, Nepal and China.
 But the Chinese foreign ministry

গণপ্রজাতন্ত্রী বাংলাদেশ সরকার
 বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ
 এডিশনাল ইন্সপেক্টর জেনারেলের কার্যালয়
 সিআইডি, ঢাকা

পুলিশের বিজ্ঞপ্তি নং-১(১)/২০২০-২০২১ খ্রিঃ

সিদ্ধান্তিত শর্ত সাপেক্ষে বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, ঢাকা রেনেসে টোরে ২০২০-২০২১ অর্ধবছরের ১ম কোয়ার্টার (ফেব্রু, মার্চ, এপ্রিল/২০২০ খ্রিঃ) এর জন্য মকর ত্রয় (জিআরএম, ছোট নানা), সফটওয়্যার ও পেমেন্ট এর মাস জরি, পেমেন্ট করা, রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশন কাজ ও কুলি/সেবা নিয়োগের বিস্তৃত নীতি মোতাবেক পুরানো প্রকল্পের যোগ্যতা সম্পন্ন দরদাফতকারী নিম্নে হতে পুনঃস্বাক্ষর আহ্বান করা যাচ্ছে।

০১।	সম্পূর্ণকালীন নাম	৪। বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, ঢাকা।
০২।	অফিস ঠিকানা	৫। সিআইডি
০৩।	দরপত্র প্রাপ্যকাল নম্বর	৬। ১(১)/২০২০-২০২১ খ্রিঃ অর্ধবছর।
০৪।	দরপত্র আহ্বানের সূত্রক নম্বর ও তারিখ	৭। সূত্রক নং-১(১)/২০২০/১৫৫/৬৫৫... (২) তারিখ- ২৫/৬/২০২০ খ্রিঃ।
০৫।	দরপত্র অধিগ্রহণের নাম	৮। সফটওয়্যার (সফটওয়্যার, জিআরএম, সিআইডি-এ সফটওয়্যার) করা, পেমেন্ট করা, কুলি/সেবা নিয়োগ ও রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশন কাজ।
০৬।	সম্পূর্ণকালীন পদবী	৯। উচ্চতর দরপত্র।
০৭।	দরপত্র দাখিল যোগ্যতা	১০। নিম্নলিখিত নীতিগত দরপত্র অফিসের সাথে মিলিত করতে হবে: (১) বাংলাদেশ সরকারের ত্রি-স্তরীয় (২) বাংলাদেশ সরকার সফটওয়্যার (৩) ডাটা প্রকৌশল সফটওয়্যার (৪) নার্সিংয়ের সনদ (৫) ব্যাচ সফটওয়্যার সফটওয়্যার (শিফট-৩ মোতাবেক) (৬) আর্থিক পরিচয় পত্র (৭) সরকারি কলো ডকুমেন্ট ন্যা এই মর্মে যোগ্যতার (৮) রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশনের অভিজ্ঞতার সনদ পর (৯) পরিবেশের ডিজে মনিটরিনা সনদ/পরিবেশন সফটওয়্যার ডকুমেন্ট থাকতে হবে এবং (১০) অন্যান্য শর্তাবলী দরপত্র অফিসের সিআইডি-এতে উল্লিখিত থাকবে।
০৮।	দরপত্র অফিসাল বিক্রয়ের অফিসের নাম ও ঠিকানা	১১। বিশেষ পুলিশ সুপার (সিআইডি), বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, ঢাকা এর কার্যালয় (৩য় তলা)।
০৯।	দরপত্র অফিসাল/সিআইডি বিক্রয়ের সর্বশেষ তারিখ ও সময়	১২। ২৪/৬/২০২০ খ্রিঃ (সরকারী ছুটি ছাড়া) অফিস চালুকালীন সময় পর্যন্ত।
১০।	দরপত্র অফিসাল জমাানের অফিসের নাম ও ঠিকানা	১৩। বিশেষ পুলিশ সুপার (সিআইডি), বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, এর অফিস কক্ষের (৩য় তলা) সম্মুখে কলিকাতার রাস্তায়।
১১।	দরপত্র জমাানের সর্বশেষ তারিখ, সময় ও স্থান	১৪। ২৪/৬/২০২০ খ্রিঃ বেলা ১২.০০ ঘটিকা পর্যন্ত। বিশেষ পুলিশ সুপার (সিআইডি), বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, এর অফিস কক্ষের (৩য় তলা) সম্মুখে কলিকাতার রাস্তায়।
১২।	দরপত্র উন্মুক্তকাল অফিসের নাম ও ঠিকানা	১৫। বিশেষ পুলিশ সুপার (সিআইডি), বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, ঢাকা এর কার্যালয় (৩য় তলা)।
১৩।	দরপত্র উন্মুক্তকাল অফিসের নাম ও ঠিকানা	১৬। ২৪/৬/২০২০ খ্রিঃ বেলা ১২.০০ ঘটিকা সময় উন্মুক্ত নর দরপত্রের সম্মুখে (যদি কেউ উন্মুক্তকাল অফিসে বেলা হতে)।
১৪।	কি করা হবে এমন আইটেমের বিবরণ, অফিসাল/সিআইডি কুলি ও স্থানীয়তা	

ক্র. নং.	মানবসেবা বিবরণ	পরিমাণ ও শর্তাবলী	সিআইডি/সিআইডি (অফিস/সেবা)	জমাানের পরিমাণ (সেবার/সেবা)
১.	মকর ত্রয় (জিআরএম ছোটনানা), সিআইডি, রেনেসে টোরে সফটওয়্যার নতুন অনুসারী।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৭৫০.০০	১,৪০,০০০.০০
২.	সফটওয়্যার (সফটওয়্যার, জিআরএম, সিআইডি-এ সফটওয়্যার)।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৭৫০.০০	১,০০,০০০.০০
৩.	পেমেন্ট করা।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৪০০.০০	৪০,০০০.০০
৪.	রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশন (সেবার)।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৪০০.০০	৪০,০০০.০০
৫.	রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশন (সিআইডি)।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৪০০.০০	১০,০০০.০০
৬.	রেনেসে সার্ভিস পরিবেশন (সিআইডি)।	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৪০০.০০	১০,০০০.০০
৭.	কুলি/সেবা এর মাস	দরপত্র অফিসাল মোতাবেক	৪০০.০০	২৫,০০০.০০

১৫। কার্যক্রমের সময়

১৬। রেনেসে সার্ভিস অফিসের নির্দেশ (Specification)

১৭। দরপত্র আহ্বানের নাম ও পদবী

১৮। দরপত্র আহ্বানের ঠিকানা

১৯। দরপত্র আহ্বানের যোগ্যতা নম্বর

২০। বিশেষ নির্দেশনা

২১। মনোনয়ন সফটওয়্যার সফটওয়্যার

২২। এই সফটওয়্যার সফটওয়্যার "The Public Procurement Act, 2006" ও "The Public Procurement Rules-2008" মোতাবেক পরিচালিত হবে।

৩০/৬/২০২০
 (জেনারেল বেদাম)
 বিশেষ পুলিশ সুপার (সিআইডি)
 বাংলাদেশ পুলিশ, সিআইডি, ঢাকা
 ফোন- ৯৫৫৫৫০০

GD-1003