BANGABANDHU'S BIRTH CENTENARY

World leaders to take part in programmes

City

Modi, Mahathir, Trudeau among them

DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

World leaders and other eminent personalities will visit Bangladesh to attend various programmes to be held marking Bangabandhu's birth centenary throughout the year.

Foreign Minister AK Abdul Momen yesterday told this to reporters after a Bangabandhu Birth Centennial Celebration Sub-committee on International Affairs' meeting held at the capital's International Mother Language Institute.

The expected guests are Indian Prime Minister Narendra Modi, Malaysian Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad, Canadian Prime Minister Justin Trudeau, Bhutan King Jigme Namgyel Wangchuck, Abu Dhabi Crown Prince Sheikh Mohammed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, former Indian president Pranab Mukherjee, former UN Secretary

General Ban Ki-moon, President of Indian National Congress Sonia Gandhi, and OIC Secretary General Dr Yousef Al-Othaimeen.

"They will attend different programmes to be held through the year. The schedule is yet to be finalised," said Momen.

The countdown of Mujib Borsho, Sheikh Mujibur Rahman's birth centenary, will start on January 10. The celebration will begin on March

To celebrate the year, Bangladesh missions across the globe will also arrange seminars, art exhibitions and other programmes, said the minister.

Murals of the Father of the Nation will also be set up at some of the missions, he added.

"Bangabandhu was a friend of the deprived people of the world. By following the path shown by him,



in the river three days a week and earns about Tk 1,000 a day by selling fish. Locals said there was hardly any fish in this part of the river for about one and a half years till June last year. But things have changed for the last six months.

Bangabandhu speaks to the world

IN COLLABORATION WITH



President Yahya Khan a few days after Pakistan army's defeat in the Bangladesh Liberation War in 1971 and announced Bangabandhu's release in the face of tremendous pressure from the world

As the special aircraft carrying Bangabandhu took off in the deepening night, Bhutto said to no one in particular, "The nightingale has flown."

The plane landed in the Heathrow airport in a chilly frosty morning on January 8, 1972. Bangabandhu stepped out of the plane as a free man after having spent over nine agonising months in Pakistani jail.

Entering the VIP lounge, an announcement of a telephone call for "Sheikh Mujibur Rahman" was heard. Bangabandhu asked Dr Kamal to take

At the other end of the phone was lan Sutherland of the British Foreign Office, who told Dr Kamal that the British government had received a message regarding their arrival only an hour ago. He had, however, taken immediate steps to receive Bangabandhu.

Alerted by the British Foreign Office about the development, MM Rezaul Karim, who was then acting as head of the unofficial Bangladesh Mission in London, started driving down to Heathrow.

While waiting at the lounge, the Pakistan High Commissioner, Nasim Ahmed, a former journalist, came and told Bangabandhu, "Sir, I am here to welcome you. Please let me know what we can do for you?"

"You have done enough, thank you very much," Bangabandhu replied.

. Within a few minutes, Ian Sutherland had arrived and conveyed the British government's warm welcome to him.

He said that arrangements had been made for accommodation at Claridge's Hotel, where heads of state were normally accommodated.

Bangabandhu thanked him but asked if it would be possible to arrange his stay at a modest hotel in Russell Square, where he had stayed on earlier visits to London.

Sutherland replied, "Sir, this is the only thing I cannot arrange, because heads of state's security can only be provided at Claridge's Hotel. But we will see that any number of people who want to see you can do so, subject to security measures.

In the meantime, Rezaul Karim had

On his arrival, the Pakistani officials flying with Mujib saluted the undisputed leader of independence of Bangladesh and left the room, their job

Bangabandhu, as Rezaul Karim was to relate years later, declined to use the official limousine placed at his disposal by the British government and instead rode with Karim in his car.

Karim, who was driving through the cold winter morning, was both excited and alarmed. Excited because in an incredible way he had become the first Bangalee to have met his nation's leader for the first time since March 1971; alarmed because Bangabandhu kept asking him questions about the war and how Bangladesh had been liberated and Karim was afraid lest his car meet with

an accident and cause fresh new tragedy. On their arrival at Claridge's Hotel,

Bangabandhu spoke to his family, Syed Nazrul Islam and Tajuddin Ahmad in

Syed Nazrul and Tajuddin informed that an aircraft to fly for London from Dhaka could be arranged but it would take at least two days for it to reach

They had also been informed that the people of India were extremely keen for a short stopover in Delhi and Kolkata, on the way to Dhaka.

At the hotel, a problem arose about how to accommodate requests of thousands of people to see Bangabandhu. It was then decided that groups of five persons will be allowed to sit him at a time.

Later, Bangabandhu addressed a crowded press conference at the hotel.

"Today, I am free to share the unbounded joy of freedom with my fellow countrymen. We have won the freedom in an epic liberation struggle,"

"The ultimate achievement of this struggle is the creation of an independent, sovereign, People's Republic of Bangladesh of which my people declared me as the President while I was a prisoner in a condemned cell awaiting the execution of a sentence of hanging.

He went on: "No people has had to pay as high a price in human life and suffering for the freedom that has been exerted from the people of Bangladesh. I cannot wait a single moment to return to my people.'

His speech followed questions from journalists.

One of the journalists asked about how he felt after being held by West Pakistan and at any time were they considering executing him, Bangabandhu replied, "I was mentally

ready for that. A man who is ready to die, nobody can kill him, remember

Another newsman queried as to when he was aware that Bangladesh had been liberated, Bangabandhu said, "I am doing politics for about 35 years. The day I went to jail, I know whether I will be alive or not, my people of Bangladesh will be liberated; nobody can stop it."

In the evening, Bangabandhu met the then British Prime Minister, Edward Heath, at 10 Downing Street.

At the meeting, Bangabandhu raised the question of the British recognising Bangladesh as a sovereign country.

According to a declassified document of the US Department of State, Heath told the then US President, Richard Nixon, in a message on January 13, 1972, that "...he [Mujib] spoke with confidence and assurance. He was anxious to reach Dacca as soon as

"Mujib told me that there can now be no question of a formal link between Bangladesh and West Pakistan. He had said the same to Bhutto prior to his release. In this he has confirmed the position of the Bangladesh authorities in Dacca and our own assessment of the state of affairs in the East."

"However, although he spoke with understandable bitterness of the actions of the previous Pakistan regime, he showed no rancour towards Bhutto, and said that he wished to establish good relations with West Pakistan," reads the British Prime Minister's message for

"The new partition should be, in his words, "a parting as of brothers", but Bhutto had to acknowledge the division of Pakistan. Relations between the new Bangladesh and India would of course

TAHSEEN NOWER PRACHI

DU student and anti-rape

demonstrator

The bus route where this

incident occurred is one

that I, and other students,

regularly use. The issue is

not that this incident would

not have happened had the

be much closer," it said.

The declassified document also showed Bangabandhu spoke of his hope of Commonwealth membership and the British Premier assured him of their goodwill, but at the same time explained the reasons why they could not recognise Bangladesh at once.

"He shared our wish for harmonious relations between Britain and the three countries of the Indian sub-continent and he hoped that we would help to persuade Bhutto to accept the realities of the situation," it said.

When Heath asked Bangabandhu what else they could do for him, Bangabandhu's prompt reply was, "Yes, you can do one more favour, if you could kindly help us with a plane to take us to Bangladesh as soon as possible."

Bangabandhu returned to the hotel after the meeting. Calculations were made for the time it would take to reach Dhaka as Bangabandhu intended to reach Dhaka while there was still daylight. And it was figured out that only one

stopover was possible in India, if they were to arrive in Dhaka by 3:00pm. It was then decided that it would only be possible to stop over in Delhi. The British Royal Air Force comet

jet war ready to carry Bangabandhu home via Delhi. In the early morning of January 9, Bangabandhu was whisked away for the airport.

At about 6:00am, the British comet took off for Nicosia, for refuelling, en route to New Delhi for its final destination of Dhaka.

[The report is based on the autobiography of Dr Kamal Hossain titled "Bangladesh: Quest for Freedom and Justice"; an article of MM Rezaul Karim published in The Daily Star; and declassified documents of the US State Department]

No proof of electoral code violation

EC says after probing allegations against DNCC mayoral candidate Atiqul

STAFF CORRESPONDENT

The Election Commission did not find any proof of violation of the electoral code of conduct by Awami League's Dhaka North City Corporation

mayoral candidate Atiqul Islam.

DNCC Returning Officer Abul
Kashem told The Daily Star yesterday that their investigation team did not find any authenticity of conducting election campaigns by Atiqul.

On Saturday, BNP's mayoral candidate Tabith Awal lodged a written complaint with the returning officer against him.

Meanwhile, the EC on Monday ssued a show-cause notice to Atiqul over Tabith's allegation that the incumbent mayor opened an election camp in his electoral area.

The notice said Atiqul, along with lawmaker, inaugurated the camp at Uttara on Sunday, which is a clear violation of the Election Code of Conduct Rules-2016.

The RO also asked Atiqul to come up with a written answer within the next two working days to explain why legal action would not be taken against him for violating the electoral code.

No candidates will be able to carry out electioneering before the allocation of electoral symbols, and no lawmakers and ministers are eligible to take part in the electioneering.

The elections to Dhaka south and north city corporations will be held on January 30. The last day for

withdrawing candidacy is tomorrow.

Protests rage on

NHRC chief said the victim would be able to identify her rapist, if she saw him again. Nasima demanded the culprit's

immediate arrest and exemplary

punishment. She also praised the victim for showing intelligence by not removing any evidence and added that it should

through DNA matching. Asked about the victim, DMCH Director Brig Gen AKM Nasir Uddin said her condition improved yesterday. He also said she was being treated by a seven-member medical board.

not be difficult to identify the rapist

The rape took place while the victim was walking from Kurmitola bus stop to a friend's house in nearby Sheora area around 7:30pm on Sunday. She had just got off a

university bus. The rapist grabbed her from behind, gagged her and took her to an isolated place nearby. She was raped and tortured there, said some

of her friends, quoting her. Her friends took her to the DMCH in the early hours of Monday.

As the day progressed, the DU erupted in protest. Hundreds of students, irrespective of their political affiliations, demonstrated throughout the day, demanding justice for the

The victim's father filed a rape case with Cantonment Police Station. The case statements say the rapist also snatched the victim's cell phone and Tk 2,000. THE PROTESTS

The protests continued yesterday. Students formed human chains, held protest rallies, and paint graffiti on roads to press home their demand.

Covering faces with black cloth, around 50 DU Bangla department students formed a human chain in front of Raju Memorial Sculpture on the campus around 10:30am.

demanded capital They punishment for the rapist and urged the university administration to ensure security for all its students.

Later around noon, students of the university's political science department formed a human chain

The demonstrators also burned an effigy of the rapist. At another human chain nearby,

members of different cultural organisations demanded immediate steps to ensure women's safety in the capital and elsewhere. Fine Arts students painted graffiti

on the street from near the gate of Ruqayyah Hall to Raju Memorial Sculpture in the TSC area. During the protests, DU Chhatra League General Secretary Saddam

Hussain, also assistant general secretary of Ducsu, said they submitted a memorandum to Home Minister Asaduzzaman Khan on Monday night, demanding that the culprit be identified in 24 hours.

He warned that they would march towards the home ministry if the rapist was not arrested soon.

Yesterday, hundreds of other students gathered near the Ruqayyah Hall. Many of them held placards demanding punishment for the culprit.

Meanwhile, four DU students, who went on a hunger strike on Monday demanding the rapist's arrest, withdrew the strike last night after DU Vice Chancellor Md Akhtaruzzaman assured them of immediate steps.

"If justice is not done, I myself will start a hunger strike," he told the students near the Raju Memorial Sculpture around 10:30pm.

Jahangirnagar University, members of Chhatra League, leftleaning student organisations and quota reformists brought out separate processions on the campus, demanding justice for the DU student.

In Barishal, Samajtantrik Chhatra Front and Samajtantrik Mahila Forum formed a human chain in front of Ashwini Kumar Hall in the city.

Students in Narayanganj also formed human chain in several places of the city.

WHY DO RAPISTS GO SCOT-FREE?



SARA HOSSAIN Supreme Court Lawvei

Despite so many decades

of women's organisations pointing out that there is an impunity for rapists, there are still cover-ups not only by police but also the authorities concerned. It is very depressing to see that, yet again, people have to take to the streets just to ensure there is a response from the authorities concerned. That should be something that we can take for granted.

It's not enough to say that there are laws and there are institutions if we repeatedly see that the laws are not implemented and the institutions don't function when these incidents of extreme sexual violence occur.

I think that there is a lack of response from the authorities to exercise their responsibilities to ensure that the laws and institutions work. That's why citizens keep on taking to the streets to demand justice because without that loud voice. without the pressure for accountability, national institutions are simply not accountable to the people and as a result those who are responsible for sexual violence escape justice time and again.



SAMINA LUTHFA Associate Professor of Sociology

Law enforcement agencies must ensure the safety of the citizens so that everyone has a sense of security instead of fear while on the streets. The victim is a young

eradicate what has become

a culture of rape through

education and intensive

awareness programmes

to ensure a society that

prioritises gender equality.

As rape is about the exertion

of power, we need to abolish

the mindset of domination

and control in perpetrators

first and foremost. Perhaps

then, a sense of safety and

security will prevail.

bus stop been in a different student. However, against place. The issue is that a girl all odds, she was brave enough to file a complaint was raped. Everyone seems to be with the police, whereas involved in blaming each many a time such crimes other, getting distracted go unreported due to the from blaming the person social stigma attached to actually responsible -- the sexual violence and the rapist. What I have seen in harassment that follows the protests is that everyone it. She knew that staying is invested in ensuring the silent was not the answer. girl gets justice; however, We demand the criminal in we seem to be getting question be brought to book side-tracked. Seventy-two immediately and served an hours have passed but we exemplary punishment so as still haven't gotten the name to discourage such heinous of the rapist. acts in the future. At the We are not organising this protest because the same time, we would urge the government to help

victim was a DU student, we are doing it for all the girls out there. This is no specific institution's problem, because rape is rape, no matter where, no matter against whom The protest we are

organising consists of ordinary students. We want the students' voices to raise the question,"Whose fault is it really?

We want people to know that we want this to stop.

Chattogram

Gayle's past records in the BPL, the crowd would have hoped for a blistering innings from the West Indian, who was playing his first match of the edition for Chattogram vesterday. However, it was his fellow West Indian Simmons who hit a brilliant 43-ball 51 to help Chattogram get a flying start in chase of a challenging 166 for eight posted

Gayle did spark a few chants and cheers from the crowd as he struck three sixes and a solitary four before being dismissed for a 10-ball 23 in the fifth over. After that, it was Simmons and inform batsman Imrul who strung together a 77-run second-wicket stand to help Chattogram assert their dominance. Even though Simmons was dismissed in the 13th over, Imrul remained unbeaten for a blazing 41-ball 67 to help Chattogram coast to victory with nine balls to spare.

Earlier, Rajshahi Royals opener Liton Das, who has been in a good form, picked up his second fifty as the right-hander helped Rajshahi get off to a decent start. Liton looked exquisite for his 45-ball 56 as he strung together a crucial 41-run third-wicket stand with all-rounder Shoaib Malik after Rajshahi had lost two for 53 inside eight overs.

The 25-year-old saw his innings, which included five boundaries and two maximums, end when he miscued a Ziaur Rahman delivery and was caught by Nurul Hasan in the 13th over. However, Malik's 24-ball 28 and a quickfire eightball 21-run cameo from all-rounder Forhad Reza ensured Rajshahi finish with a challenging score on the board. For Chattogram, pacer Rubel Hossain remained the pick of their bowlers, returning impressive figures of three for 20 while Ziaur also impressed with three for 18 in three overs.

3 schoolboys held for raping

classmate STAFF CORRESPONDENT, Rajshahi

Police yesterday detained three boys including son of a municipal ward councillor for allegedly raping a girl in Rajshahi's Godagari upazila on

The accused are class-IX students of a school in the upazila, said police. Khairul Islam, officer-in-charge of Godagari Police Station, said the accused and the victim used to go to the same coaching centre.

On Monday afternoon, the councillor's son with the other two took the girl to visit his home, said the OC, adding that no one was present at the house during that time. While they were gossiping in the

room they were in, and allegedly raped the girl, said police. The other two including the councillor's son helped him with the

nouse, one of the boys locked the

crime, police added. Police detained the three after midnight following a case filed by the victim's mother in the night, said OC Khairul.

The accused will be sent to correction centre through court, he said.

US will send some Mexican asylum seekers to Guatemala

AFP, Washington

Mexicans seeking asylum in the United States could be deported to Guatemala, part of a controversial migration deal between the Central American nation and Washington, the US Department of Homeland Security told AFP Monday.

designated The agreement Guatemala a "safe third country" -allowing US authorities to deport some El Salvadoran and Honduran asylum seekers there -- and was condemned by international human rights groups.