Unauthorised buildings near ZIA pose risk to safe air traffic

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Most of the unauthorised buildings in the landing approach of the Zia International Airport (ZIA) are yet to be demolished, posing a risk to safe air traffic.

More than a year ago Rajdhani Unnayan Kartripakkha (Rajuk) and the Civil Aviation Authority of Bangladesh (CAAB) iointly identified 111 buildings, built in the approach surfaces of the ZIA and Tejgaon airport in

violation of civil aviation rules. Raiuk started a drive to demolish the unauthorised risky buildings in April 2005, but it had been able to demolish only eight buildings constructed within the zero-height area of the ZIA's

landing approach until October

"In the first phase, we wanted to remove 17 buildings but we could demolish only 8 as the owners of five buildings filed cases against the drive while two produced valid construction designs passed by Rajuk," said Shamsur Rahman, authorised officer-2 of Rajuk.

Rajuk refrained from demolishing two other buildings in the face of resistance of the locals, Rahman said adding that a good number of owners of the 111 buildings produced construction documents that have no corresponding records in the Rajuk.

The government is now making a detailed plan to deal with rest of the buildings as the demo-

5x2

Buildings of varying heights near the airport.

fund and procurement of suitable equipment.

"Pilots' repeated complaints about risky take-off and landing may prompt the ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organisation) to declare the ZIA unsafe," said a high official of Air Traffic Services and Aerodrome of the CAAB, requesting ano-

The then chairman of Rajuk Md Shahid Alam told the BBC radio in April last year that the International Civil Aviation Organisation issued a 'yellow warning' to the CAAB in the wake of the pilots' complaints about air traffic at ZIA.

When contacted, acting chairman of the CAAB Group Captain Shahe Alam declined to talk on the matter, asking this correspondent to contact the chairman who was abroad.

The 111 buildings mainly located in Nikunja, Khilkhet, Dalipara, Bailjhuri, Baunia and Madrasa Avenue were marked

lition will require compensation as hazardous for safe landing and take-off of passenger and cargo planes, according to CAAB sources

Surface area and 30,000 feet

Outer Surface area will also

depend on distance from the

According to CAAB sources, the said 111 buildings have been

constructed in the Inner Surface

and Conical Surface zones within

20,000 feet distance from the

2004 identified 34 buildings con-

structed within the landing

approach area, which is a zero-

demolition of listed buildings

remains uncertain as the owners

include influential quarters. Some

of the buildings have been built

ing owners have extended their

buildings from 40 feet to 120 feet

vertically beyond the permitted

in the restricted area of airports

with approval managed by a

section of unscrupulous Rajuk

officials, said a CAAB source.

Some buildings have been built

On the other hand, some build-

without CAAB clearance.

Rajuk and CAAB sources said

height zone.

The CAAB in a survey in June

The CAAB at a meeting with the Rajuk on January 6, 2004 requested the latter to take action against the buildings built in the adjoining areas of the ZIA and Tejgaon airport.

Asked how could Rajuk approve construction plans in the zero-height area near the ZIA, Shamsur Rahman said, "It was not a prerequisite to follow height-limit until Civil Aviation Authority wrote to us in 1999 determining height specifica-

But the official of Air Traffic Services of the CAAB said, "It does not matter whether we write it or not. It is binding upon the city developer to obtain heightclearance as per the aircraft rules of 1937 and civil aviation rules of 1984 before approving a construction plan.

According to CAAB, the 'Approach Surface' area is a passage for flight take-off and landing at an airport and is a zeroheight zone. As per the civil aviation rules, no structure is allowed in the zero-height area, both end of the runway.

The permitted height of structures increases by one foot at every 50 feet distance up to the stretch of 10,500 feet beginning from the end of zero height.

Apart from the Approach Surface, there are Inner Horizontal Surface Zone, Conical Surface Zone and Outer Surface Zone in 50,000 feet radius area for flight landing and take-off.

At the end of Inner Horizontal Surface, height of building will be maximum 150 feet. Height in the next 7, 000 feet stretch of Conical

officers that approves construction design is a depot of corruption," said a top official of Rajuk requesting anonymity. When asked about the allegation, Shamsur Rahman said: "It is not

"Wing of the Rajuk's authorised

Admitting to corrupt practice in the Rajuk and pressure of the influential people who own the listed buildings, Housing and Public Works Minister Mirza Abbas said, "I did not ask Rajuk to stop demolition drive.

4x2

6x3

9x3

6x1

9x4